**Complaints against M/s. Dikshit Gas Service, Delhi**

569. SHRI R. GANESAN elias
MISA R. GANESAN: SHRI
TINDIVANAM G. VANKATRAMAN:

Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased to state:

(a) whether complaints have been received from Members of Parliament as well as from public against M/s. Dikshit Gas Service, Delhi, if so, what was the nature of the complaints; and

(b) what action has been taken thereon?

THE MINISTER OP PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS AND PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (SHRI SATYA PRAKASH MALAVIYA): (a) and (b) The information is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the House.

**Requirement and production of Energy in the country**

570. CHOWDHRY HARI SINGH: Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state:

(a) what is the requirement of energy in the country during the current financial year;

(b) how much of it was produced and what is the shortfall; and

(c) what **are** the details of schemes under way to increase power production in the country?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF ENERGY (SHRI BABANRAO DHAKNE): (a) and (b) During the period April, 1990—January, 1991, the energy requirement in the country was 220876 million units against which the availability was 203804 million units which represents **a** shortfall of 7. 7 per cent.

(c) A capacity addition of 4371. 5 MW comprising 1022 MW Hydro, 3114. 5 MW Thermal and 235 MW Nuclear has been envisaged for commissioning during 1990-91.

Prices of drugs **and** formulations

571. SHRI G. G. SWELL:
CHOWDHRY RAM SEVAK:

Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased to state:

(a) what are the names of the bulk drugs and formulations in the whole • sale price index;

(b) what were their prices before the announcement of DPGO, 1987 and what are their prices now with percentage increase in each case;

(c) in what manner the wholesale prices are determined and adopted for the purpose of price index and what weightage is assigned to each bulk drug and formulation; and

(d) what is the present index of retail prices of these drugs and formulations as compared to the prices at the end of 1986-87?

THE MINISTER, OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS AND PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (SHRI SATYA PRAKASH MALAVIYA): (a) The requisite information is given in the annexed Statement I.

(b) The requisite information is given in the annexed Statement II.

(c) According to the Ministry o? Industry, which compiles the whole ■ sale price index, whole sale prices represent transactions at the primary stage which broadly correspond to producers price. While calculating the wholesale price index, each selected item is allotted a weight i. e. in proportion to its share in the total value of output in the economy. The necessary details with regard to weight

assigned to each bulk drug and formulation is given in the annexed Statement III.

(d) The Index of retail prices is not compiled by the Government.

Statement-I

Vitamin Tablets (A, B, C, D, & Others)

Vitamin Capsules
Vitamin Liquids
Chloramphenicol
Penicillin
Streptomycin
Tetracycline

Powder/Granules (Other than Vitamins)

Liquid Oral (Other than Vitamin)

Liquid Injectable (Other than Vitamin)

Capsules (Other than Vitamin & Antibiotics)

Tablets (Except Vitamin & Penicillin)

Ointments
Syrup

Drugs & Pharmaceuticals n. e. c.
Ayurvedic Medicines

**Statement-II**

| Sl. No. | Item | Wholesale Price Index (Base 1981-82-100) | |
|---|---|---|---|
| | | Week ending 16-2-1991 (provisional) | Week ending 22-8-1987 |
| | *Drugs and Medicines* | | |
| 1 | Vitamin Tablets (A,B,C,D & others) | 191·3 | 154·8 |
| 2 | Vitamin Capsules | 130 5 | 126·0 |
| 3 | Vitamin Liquids | 137·5 | 105·9 |
| 4 | Chloramphenicol | 162·6 | 122·0 |
| 5 | Penicillin | 192·7 | 125·1 |
| 6 | Streptomycin | 199·8 | 148·8 |
| 7 | Tetracyclin | 128·0 | 109·0 |
| 8 | Powder/Granules (Other than Vitamins) | 123·1 | 109·0 |
| 9 | Liquid Oral (Other than Vitamin) | 138·4 | 121·2 |
| 10 | Liquid Intectable (Other than Vitamin) | 121·7 | 113·4 |
| 11 | Capsules (Other than Vitamin & Antibiotics) | 143·2 | 135·1 |
| 12 | Tablets (Except Vitamin and Penicillin) | 145 9 | 130 0 |
| 13 | Ointments | 183·7 | 146 7 |
| 14 | Syrup | 130 7 | 109·1 |
| 15 | Drugs & Pharmaceuticals | 148·4 | 134·8 |
| 16 | Ayurvedtc Medicines | 194·3 | 163·8 |
| | Drugs & Medictnes | 150·8 | 128·3 |

Statement-II

| Sl.. NO. | Name of Product | Weight Assigned |
|---|---|---|
| | | 1065 |
| | | 0 061 |
| | | 0030 |
| | | .. 0 043 |
| | | 0 028 |
| | | 0 047 |
| 6 | Streptomycin. . . . . | 0 034 |
| | | 0 068 |
| | | 0 027 |
| 9 | Liquid Oral (Other than Vitamin) ..... | 0 116 |
| 10 | Liquid Inejctable (Other than Vitamin)..... | 0 084 |
| 11 | Capsules (Other than Vitamin & Antibiotics) | 0 047 |
| | | 0 300 |
| | | 0 063 |
| | | 0- 030 |
| 15 | Drugs & Pharmaceuticals n. e. c.. . . . . | 0- 054 |
| 16 | Ayurvedic Medicines ..... | 0 033 |

**Damage to Oil Fields in** Assam

572. SHRIMATI BIJOYA CHAKRAVARTY: Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that promulgation of Armed Forces (Special) Act and Disturbed Areas Act followed by Operation Bajrang in Assam has caused serious and wide-spread damage and loss to the oil fields; and

(b) if so, what is the actual dimension of los9 suffered by Oil India Limited and the ONGC as a result thereof?

THE MINISTER OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS AND PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (SHRI SATYA PRAKASH MALAVIYA): (a) No, Sir,

(b) Does not arise.

**Gastroenteritis Epidemic in Madhya Pradesh**

573. SHRI MURLIDHAR CHANDRAKANT BHANDARE:
SHRI MAHENDRA PRASAD:

Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased t° state:

(a) whether it is a fact that jaundice and gastroenteritis had taken an epidemic form and claimed a heavy toll of human life between March and Novembebr last year, in

various parts of Madhya Pradesh, especially in Rewa;

(b) if so, the number of cases *of* jaundice, gastrobis and other water borne diseases and the death toll due to each disease in Madhya Pradesh in general and Rewa in particular during that period; and

(c) what were the reasons for the out-break of these diseases?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FA MILY WELFARE AND DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (SHRI DASAI CHOW-DHARY): (a) Yes, there has been an outbreak of jaundice and gastroen-teritis last year in various parts of. Madhya Pradesh particularly in Rewa.

(b) The number of cases of Jaun dice, Gastroenteritis and other water borne diseases and the death toll due to each disease in Madhya Pradesh and Rewa in particular is given in the Statements enclosed

(c) The National Institute of Com municable Diseases had sent a team visited Rewa to investigate the Jaun dice epidemic during April, 1990. The team has reported as under: —

1. An epidemic of Viral hepatitis occurred in Rewa city of Madhya Pradesh during late November, 1989 through March. 1990. 260 cases of Jaundice with 29 deaths were re-ported from Gandhi Memorial Hospital, Rewa, during January to 22 April, 1990, against 79 cases for the same period in the year 1989.

2. The disease was more common in males then in females. 75 per cent of the cases occurred in the age-group 14 years and above.

3. Community Survey revealed that only one-third cases were reported to the Health facilities.

4. The general condition of the existing water pipeline was unsatisfactory. 13 per cent of the water provided by the Public Health Engineering Department was not chlorinated. 5 per cent of water sample collected from consumers point fested by the water-works plant of Rewa city was found un-satisfactory for drinking purposes Extensive leakage of pipeline and non-existent underground sewer system was observed.

5. Laboratary investigation Con firmed the Non-A, Non-B infection in 14 out of 16 acute cases of Jaundice.

Statement-! *Cases and Deaths due to water borne disetases reported by Madhya Pradesh during* 1989 *and* 1990

| Viral Hepatitis | | | | Actute Diarrhoeal Diseases (including Gastroenteritis & Cholera) | | | | Enteric Fever | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1989 | | 1990 | | 1989 | | 1990 | | 1989 | | 1990 | |
| C | D | C | D | C | D | C | D | C | D | C | D |
| 20469 | *61* | 19572 | 126 | 1046693 | 621 | 621478 | 513 | 90836 | 72176 | 175 | 63 |

C— Cases

D Death

**Statementll**

*Viral Hepatitis cases and Deaths in Gandhi Memorial Hospital, Rewadun ing* **1987** *to* **1990**

| | 1987 | | 1988 | | **1989** | | 1990 | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Cases | Deaths | Cases | Deaths | Cases | Deaths | Cases | Deaths |
| Below 14 years | 50 | 7 | 48 | 16 | 44 | 14 | 9 | 3 |
| Above 14 years | 132 | 20 | **194** | 29 | 293 | 48 | 251 | **2b** |

घरेलू उपभोक्ताओं और उद्योगों को पाइप लाइनों से गैस की सप्लाई

574. श्री शिव प्रसाद मिश्र :
श्री अजीत जोगी :
कुमारी चन्द्रिका प्रेमजी बैरिया :

क्या पैट्रोलियम और रसायन मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या सरकार बड़े शहरों में घरेलू उपभोक्ताओं और उद्योगों को पाइप-लाइनों से गैस की सप्लाई करने के किसी प्रस्ताव पर विचार कर रही है ;

(ख) यदि हां, तो तत्संबंधी ब्यौरा क्या है ;

(ग) क्या इस कार्य को शुरू करने हेतु कुछ भारतीय या विदेशी फर्मों के साथ संपर्क स्थापित किया गया है ; और

(घ) इस योजना से मध्य प्रदेश के कौन-कौन से स्थान लाभान्वित होंगे ?

पैट्रोलियम और रसायन तथा संसदीय कार्य मंत्री (श्री सत्य प्रकाश मालवीय) : (क) जी, हां ।

(ख) फिलहाल बड़ौदा, भरूच, अंकलेश्वर, सिबसागर, दलियाजान और मोरन में घरेलू/औद्योगिक उपभोग के लिए प्राकृतिक गैस की आपूर्ति की जा रही है । इसके अतिरिक्त सूरत, अगरतला और बम्बई में घरेलू/औद्योगिक गैस आपूर्ति के लिए वचनबद्धता की गई है । ग्रेटर बम्बई में घरेलू,वाणिज्यिक और औद्योगिक उपभोक्ताओं को पाइप लाइन द्वारा प्राकृतिक गैस की आपूर्ति के लिए परियोजना हेतु विस्तृत परियोजना रिपोर्ट तैयार करने के संबंध में गैस अथारिटी आफ इंडिया लिमिटेड के प्रस्ताव को भी सरकार ने अनुमोदित कर दिया है ।

(ग) जी, नहीं । तथापि, बम्बई शहर वितरण परियोजना में इक्वीटी की भागीदारी के लिए गेल ने अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय गैस कम्पनियों से संपर्क किया है ।

(घ) मध्य प्रदेश में ऐसी परियोजना के लिए कोई प्रस्ताव नहीं है ।

**Inquiry Committee report on Airbus A-320 accident**

575. SHRI SHIV PRATAP MISHRA: Will the Minister of CIVIL AVIATION be pleased to state:

(a) whether according to the inquiry report of Airbus A-320 accident the pilot's failure was the cause of the accident.

(b) if so, what are the details of the inquiry; and

c) what measures have been taken to provide training to pilots to handle A-320 aircraft?

THE MINISTER OP STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF CIVIL AVIATION (SHRI HARMOHAN DHAW-AN): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The report of the Court of Inquiry has been laid on the Table of the House on 10. 1. 91.

(c) Indian Airlines has taken adequate steps to implement the recommendations of the Ramdas Committee relating to the training of A-320 pilots.

**Utilisaton of flared up Gas from Oil Fields**

576. SHRI SHIV PRATAP MISH-RA: Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased to state:

(a) what is the quantity alongwith the value of gas being flared from the oilfields in the country every year;

(b) whether any steps have been taken to utilise this gas in view of the Gulf war; and

(c) if so, what are the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS AND PARLIA MENTARY AFFAIRS (SHRI SATYA PRAKASH MALAVIYA): (a) At the current prices of natural gas (Rs. 1400| 1000 M 3), the quantity and value of the gas flared annually over the last four years is approximately as follows--

| Year. | Amount of gas flared (million cu. ints. ) | Vali /cr. ) (Rs. |
|---|---|---|
| 1987-88. | 3423 | 419 |
| 1988-89. | 3874 | 542 |
| 1989-90. | 5785 | 810 |
| 1990-91 (Est. ) | 3833 | 537 |

(b) Yes, Sir.

(c) A sub-marine pipeline from Heera to Uran has already been laid and cort'missioned along with the Heera process Complex which has reduced flaring up by 1. 5 MMSCMD approximately. Additional processing, compression and transportation facilities for gas in the Bombay High field are also proposed to be set up under the projects for additional development of LII and LIII reservoirs which would lead to the stoppage of flaring of associated gas in Bombay High and bring onshore for utilisation. Additional Compression and transportation projects are also under implementation in Ahmedabad, Gandhar and Mehsana, to stop the flaring of gas in Gujarat, and in Galeki, Lakwa and Rudrasagar in order to stop the flaring of gas in Assam.

**Theft of Power in Delhi**

577. SHRI MAHENDRA PRASAD:
SHRI MURLIDHAR CHAND-RAKANT BHANDARE:

Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that power theft is rampant in and around Delhi, particularly in industrial areas, un authorised colonies and JJ colonies and clusters;

(b) if so, what is the number of such cases detected during the current year so far and the comparative figures for the last two years and the steps taken to orevent such pilferage of power; and

(c) what is the loss incurred by DESU on this account during the years 1988-89, 1989-90 and the esti mated loss for 1990-91?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF ENERGY (SHRI BABANRAO DHAKNE): (a) & (b) According to DESU, some cases of theft of electricity have been detected by them in various parts of Delhi during the raids conducted from time to time. The number of such cases

detected during the last three years are as under:

| Year | No. of cases dsetected |
|---|---|
| 1988-89 | 2103 |
| 1989-90 | 2267 |
| 1990-91 (upto January, 1991) | 882 |

| Year | No. of cases dsetected |
|---|---|
| 1988-89 | 2103 |
| 1989-90 | 2267 |
| 1990-91 (upto January, 1991) | 882 |

Periodical surprise raids are carried out by DESU to check illegal use of electricity including theft of power which has been made a cognizable offence under the Indian Electricity Act, 1910.

(c) It is not possible to segregate the losses on account of theft of electricity from the total transmission and distribution losses. However, as a result of the various measures taken by DESU, including vigorous action against theft of power and recovery of outstanding dues, the transmission and distribution losses have been brought down from 24. 6 per cent in 1988-89 to about 21. 5 per cent in 1989-90 and 19. 5 per cent in 1990-91 (upto) January, 1991. )

**विदेशी विमानों के लिए ईंधन भरने की सुविधाएं**

578. **डा० जितेन्द्र कुमार जैन :**
**श्री बलराम सिंह यादव :**

क्या पैट्रोलियम और रसायन मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या यह सच है कि देश में अनेक विमानपत्तनों पर विदेशी विमानों को ईंधन भरने की सुविधा उपलब्ध है ;

(ख) यदि हां, तो अगस्त, 1990 से दिसम्बर, 1990 की अवधि के दौरान कितने विदेशी विमानों को ईंधन उपलब्ध कराया गया तथा इन्हें कुल कितना तेल ईंधन के रूप में दिया गया और इस तेल के लिये प्रति लिटर कितना मूल्य वसूल किया गया ;

(ग) क्या सरकार देश में पेट्रोल की भारी कमी को देखते हुए भविष्य में इस नीति में कोई परिवर्तन करने का विचार रखती है ; और

(घ) यदि हां, तो इस संबंध में ब्यौरा क्या है ?

**पैट्रोलियम और रसायन मंत्री तथा संसदीय कार्य मंत्री (श्री सत्य प्रकाश मालवीय) :** (क) जी, हां ।

(ख) सूचना एकत्र की जा रही है ।

(ग) जी, नहीं ।

(घ) उपर्युक्त (ग) को देखते हुए प्रश्न नहीं उठता ।

**बिहार में "कालाजार" बुखार की रोकथाम के लिए स्वीकृत केंद्रीय अनुदानों का अन्यत्र कार्यों में खर्च किया जाना**

579. **चौधरी हरि सिंह :** क्या स्वास्थ्य और परिवार कल्याण मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या यह सच है कि वर्ष 1990 के दौरान कालाजार बुखार की रोकथाम के लिये केन्द्रीय सरकार द्वारा बिहार सरकार को स्वीकृत किये गए अनुदान की समस्त धनराशि को अन्य प्रयोजनों के लिये खर्च किया गया है ;

(ख) क्या बिहार सरकार ने इस प्रयोजनार्थ केन्द्रीय सरकार से कोई अनुमति मांगी थी ; और

(ग) क्या बिहार सरकार ने "कालाजार बुखार" की रोकथाम के लिये केन्द्रीय सरकार से हाल ही में कुछ और धनराशि प्रदान किए जाने के लिए कहा है ?

**स्वास्थ्य और परिवार कल्याण मंत्रालय में उप मंत्री और उद्योग मंत्रालय में उपमंत्री (श्री बसाई चौधरी) :** (क) वर्ष 1990-91 के दौरान कालाजार नियंत्रण के लिए बिहार

सरकार को 2.5 करोड़ रुपये मूल्य के कीटनाशकों और आयातित औषध के रूप में सामग्री सहायता प्रदान की गई ।

(ख) जी, नहीं ।

(ग) राज्य सरकार ने कालाजार नियंत्रण कार्यक्रम के अन्तर्गत कालाजार रोग की रोकथाम करने के लिये और धन देने का अनुरोध किया है ।

Royalty to States on Coal and Crude Oil

580. SHRI ATAL BEHARI VAJPAYEE: Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased state:

(a) what are the norms for fixing royalties on coal which are paid to the coal producing States;

(b) what is the proportion of thermal efficiency between coal and crude oil and how does it compare with the proportion of the royalty paid on coal and crude oil to the producing States; and

(c) whether Government propose to remove the discrimination; if so, in what manner and if not, what are the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF ENERGY (SHRI KALYAN SINGH KALVI): (a) The royalty on coal is fixed *inter-alia* taking into account the pithead value of coal, the impact of rayalty and all other levies on coal prices, the interests of coal industry and coal consumers and the revenue needs of State Governments.

(b) In terms of heat content, 1 tonne of coal is taken as equivalent to approx. 0. 44 tonnes of Crude Oil. However, in terms of efficiency of utilisation the ratio adopted in case of petroleum products e. g. kerosene and coal is approx. 1. 6, The royalty on Cr-ude Oil paid to the State on on-shore production at different stages is Rs. 314 per tonne (with effect from 1. 4. 1987).

The royalty rates. on different grades of coal as applicable with effect from 13. 2. 1981 varies from Rs. 2. 50 per tonne to Rs. 7. 00 per tonne (Average Rs. 6. 30 per tonne).

(c) The Central Government is empowered to levy royalty on coal under MMRD Act, 1957, and royalty on crude oil under Oilfields (Regulation and Development) Act, 1948 and Petroleum and Natural Gas Rules. 1959. Since rates of royolty are fixed under different statutes, oil and coal are not entirely inter-substitu-table fuels particularly in fields like transportation and civil aviation etc., and reserves of oil in the country are very much limited as compared to doposits of coal, the rates of royalty on crude oil and coal are not comparable.

Rates of **royalty** on **Coal**

581. SHRI ATAL BEHARI VAJPAYEE: Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state:

(a) what was the price of coal per tonne in the year 1971-72 (when coal mines were nationalised) and what is the present price;

(b) what was the rate of royalty per tonne, paid to the coal producing States in the year 1971-72 and what is the rate now;

(c) how the ratio between price of coal and rate of royalty prevailing 'in the year 1971-72 compare with the ratio at present; and

(d) if the two ratios are dissimilar, what is Government's thinking in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF ENERGY (SHRI KALYAN SINGH KALVI): (a) The average pit-head price of coal at the time of nationalisation of coal mines (1983) was Rs. 37. 50 per

tonne. At present the average pithead prices of coal produced by Coal India Ltd. and Singaren the Collieries Company Ltd. are Rs. 249. 00 per tonne and Rs. 297. 00 per tonne respectively.

(b) The royalty payable on different grades of coal in 1973 varied from Rs. 0. 40 per tonne to Rs. 3. 00 per tonn$_e$ (average Rs. 1. 61). The present rates of royalty on different grades of coal applicable w. e. f. 13-2-1981 vary from Rs. 2. 50 per tonne to Rs. 7. 00 per tonne (average Rs. 5. 30).

(c) Rat'o between price of coal and th$_e$ royalty prevailing in 1973 works out to about 23: 1. At present the ratio is about 47: 1 (in respect of Coal India Ltd. coal).

(d) Royalty on coal lost much of its significance because most of the coal producing States started charg ing cesses on coal at very high rates. However, the Supreme Court has now ruled that State Governments do not have the authority to levy such cesses. A proposal to enhance the rates of royalty on coal is under examination of th$_e$ Government.

**Change in the name** of **Union Carbide** Corporation

582, SHRI PRAMOD MAHAJAN: Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased to state;

(a) whether the Union Carbide Corporation has changed its name to the Union Carbide Chemicals and Plastics Company; and

(b) the manner in which Government propose to recover the compensation amount from the company for payment to the Bhopal gas victims in view of the above developments?

THE MINISTER OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS AND PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (SHRI SATYA PRAKASH MALAVIYA): (a) The Union Carbide Chemicals and Plastics Company Inc. (UCC&P) in its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1989 filed before the Securities and Exchange Commission, Washington, has mentioned that effective. July 1, 1989 Union Carbide Corporation (UCC) became a wholly owned subsidiary of a new holding company. The new holding company took the name Union Carbide Corporation and the former UCC company took the name of Union Carbide Chemicals and Plastics Company Inc. (UCC&P). It further states that all of Union Carbide's businesses are conducted by UCC&P and there are no material differences between the consolidated operations of UCC&P and those of Union Carbide. UCC&P ha$_s$ three business segments Chemicals and Plastics, Industrial Gases and Carbon products.

(b) The matter is under adjudication of the Supreme Court.

**Project reports submitted by Coal India Ltd. to Panning Commission**

583. SHRI SURESH PACHOURI: Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state;

(a) whether Coal India Ltd. has submitted to the Planning Commission two sets of investment and production projections for the Eighth Plan period;

(b) if so, what are the details of the alternative projections;

(c) what i$_s$ the total investment proposed *to* be made; and

(d) to what extent coal production is likely to increase as a result thereof?

THE MINISTER OF ENERGY (SHRI KALYAN SINGH KALVI): (a) to ($_c$) The Working Group on Coal & Lignite for the Eighth Five Year Plan (1990—95) set up by the Planning Commission had in its fe-port submitted to the Planning Commission proposed two alternative scenarios of investment and produc-

tion for Coal India Ltd. (CIL) for two different levels of production in 1980-95, the terminal year of the Eighth plan. Subsequently in September, 1990 CIL had submitted a revised proposal for the Eighth Plan.

Preliminary discussions have been held with the Plannig Commission but the Eighth Plan has not yet been finalised. Te details of different proposals for Coal India Ltd. are given below:

| Working Group | | Proposal | | Revised Proposal of CIL. (Sept. 90) | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Scenario I | | Scenario II | | | |
| Investment-(1990-95) (Rs. crs. )- | Production (1994-95) | Investment (1990-95) *{Rs.* crs. )- | Production-in 1994-95-(mt) | Investment-1990-95 (Rs crs. ) | Production in 1994-95 *(mt)* |
| 13946. 31 | 270. 86 | 11966. 44 | 261. 87 | 10499. 07 | 247. 00 |

(d) As a result **of** the revised proposal, ClL's coal production in likely to increase from 178. 62 million tqpnt-ncs in 1989-90 to 247. 00 million tonus, s in 1994-9-5.

**Legislation to prevent smoking**

584. SHRI B. K. HARIPRASAD: SHRI SHAMIM HASHMI:

Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it $i_s$ a fact that tobacco would eventually kill about half a billion of the world population today if current world wide smking patterns persist;

(b) whether Government are taking any serious measures to stop this trend in India as it is already killing eight to ten lakh of Indians annaual-lv;

(c) why the State Governments barring a few are not taking serious legislative measures to control the use of tobacco;

(d) by when the Central Govern ment propose to introduce a Bill con taining comprehensive anti-smoking measures $a_s$ stated by the Union Health Secretary at the Valedictory address during the International Symposium on 'Preventive cardiolo gy and Cardiovascular Epidemiology at AIIMS on the 14th January, 1991; and

(e) what are the salient features of the proposed Bill?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE AND DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (SHRI DASAI CHOW-DHARY): (a) Tobacco would eventually kill about half a billion of the world population, if the current world-wide smoking pattern persist, are the findings of a WHO Consultative Group or Statistical aspects of tobacco related martality held at Perth, Australia in April, 1990.

(b) and (c) In order to protect the non-smoking public, from the hazards of passive smoking, instructions have been issued to prombit tobacco to start with, in a few selected places,

namely hospitals, dispensaries and other health care establishments, educational institutions, conference rooms, domestic airflights, aircondi-tioned chaircars and airconditioned sleeper coaches in trains, sub-urban trains and air-conditioned buses. Be-sides, extensive health education measures through school health programmes, adult education programme a"d mass media are being undertaken to educate masses about harmful effect of smoking.

(d) and (e) The proposed legislation seek amendments to the existing legislation-on cigarette, namely, The Cigarette (Regulation of Production, Supply and Distribution) Act, 1975 is under examination in consultation with Ministry of Law and other conceited authorities. The main features of the proposed legislation are as follows: —

—The existing statutory warning on cigarette packets/advertisements/hoarding that 'Cigarette smoking is injurious to health' will be expanded to induce one or the other telling slogans mentioned below:

'Smoking can lead to Oral Cancer'

'Smoking can cause heart problems'

'Smoking may reduce your life span'

'Smoking can aggravate respiratory problems'

—Statutory warning will be pro-mintly displayed on the cigarette packets.

—Phohibition of advertisements of cigarettes.

Hazardous Chemicals

585. SHRI B. K. HARIPRASAD: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that as per ILO information (Vol. 25, No. 2 May, 1989) some 3500—8000 chemicals in the market are habardous in nature out of which some 150—200 can cause cancer;

(b) whether a list of such chemicals has been compiled and is available in the Indian market and if so, the details thereof and the source of supply; and

(c) if such a list has not yet been compiled whether this will be done at the eailiest and made available to the public on no loss no profit basis?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE AND DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (SHRI DASAl CHOW-DHARY): (a) to (c) The information is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the Sabha.

**Deteriorating condition of Primary Health Centres in the Country**

586. SHRI B. K. HARIPRASAD: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE" be pleased to state;

(a) whether Government are aware of the depressing scenerio and poor state of affairs of the country's Primary Health Centres which are expected to have changed the rural health scene in the country; and

(b) whether an independent monitoring and evaluation is proposed for revitalising these centres?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE AND DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (SHRI DASAl CHOW-DHARY): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) Primary Health Centres all over the country are established under State Sector, Minimum Needs Programme and Staffing of Primary Health Centres and provision of me-dicines, equipment etc. for effective

delivery of Health Care services in these centres is the sole responsibility of State/U. T. Governments.

There is no proposal for indepii-dent monitoring, or evaluation of P. H. Cs. for the time being. However, during the Eighth Five Year Plan the main thrust would be to consolidate the health centres already established in the States/U. Ts., so that effective services are provided to the rural population.

**Marketing of 'SELECT Capsules**

587. SHRI B. K. HARIPRASAD: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state;

■ (a) whether Government are aware that M/s. Vasu Pharmaceuticals Pvt. Ltd., Vadodara are advertisting and marketing a capsule calles "SELECT" claiming that only male children are borne by taking this capsule;

(b) whether Government have pe"r-mitted the manufacture and advertisement of this product after due testing and if so, the details of trials conduced; and

(c) if not, whether Government propose to take suitable corrective steps in the matter?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE AND DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (SHRI DASAI CHOW-DHARY): (a) to (c) Food and Drugs administration, Gujarat States Government had earlier permitted M/s. Vasu Pharmaceuticals Pvt. Ltd* Baroda to manufacture 'Select' A & B Capsules as Ayurvedic medicines. -

Food and Drugs Administration Gujarat has since withdrawn the Permission. The manufacturer has stopped the production.

केंद्रीय संस्कृत मंडल की बैठकें

588. श्री कृष्ण लाल शर्मा : क्या मानव संसाधन विकास मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) केन्द्रीय संस्कृत मंडल की बैठकें कब-कब हुई हैं इसकी अगली बैठक कब होने वाली है ; और

(ख) इन बैठकों में केन्द्रीय संस्कृत मंडल ने अपने अध्यक्ष के निर्देशन में क्या-क्या सुझाव दिये थे और उन पर क्या कार्यवाही की गई है ?

मानव संसाधन विकास मंत्री (श्री राजमंगल पाण्डेय) : (क) केन्द्रीय संस्कृत मंडल (सेंट्रल संस्कृत बोर्ड) की गत बैठकें 17 जुलाई, 1984, 17 जनवरी, 1986, 4 जुलाई, 1989, 15 सितम्बर 1989 व पहली सितम्बर, 1990 को आयोजित की गयी थीं। अगली बैठक की तिथि अभी तक निर्धारित नहीं की गयी है।

(ख) इन बैठकों में केन्द्रीय संस्कृत मंडल द्वारा दिये गये सुझावों व उन पर की गयी कार्रवाई से संबंधित विवरण साथ में संलग्न है।

**विवरण**

केन्द्रीय संस्कृत मंडल द्वारा दिए गए सुझाव तथा उन पर की गई कार्यवाही

| सुझाव | की गई कार्यवाही |
|---|---|
| 1. श्रीलाल बहादुर शास्त्री केंद्रीय संस्कृत विद्यापीठ नई दिल्ली व केंद्रीय संस्कृत विद्यापीठ तिरुपति को विश्व-विद्यालयवत के रूप में घोषित करना। | 1. दोनो केंद्रीय संस्कृत विद्यापीठों को पहले ही 1987 में विश्वविद्यालय समझे जाने वाला संस्थान घोषित कर दिया गया है। |

| सुझाव | की गई कार्यवाही |
|---|---|
| 2. वैदिक प्रतिष्ठान की स्थापना । | 2. राष्ट्रीय वेद विद्या प्रतिष्ठान की स्थापना सन 1987 में नई दिल्ली में की गयी है । |
| 3. भारत के संस्कृत संस्थानों की निदेशिका प्रकाशित करना । | 3. राष्ट्रीय संस्कृत संस्थान को भारत में संस्कृत" नामक निदेशिका तैयार करने का कार्य सौंपा गया है और इस कार्य का अधिकांश महत्वपूर्ण हिस्सा पूरा कर लिया गया है । |
| 4. केंद्रीय संस्कृत विश्वविद्यालय की स्थापना | 4 श्रंगेरी (कर्नाटक) में केंद्रीय संस्कृत विश्वविद्यालय की स्थापना का प्रस्ताव सरकार के पास विचराधीन है । |
| 5. राष्ट्रीय संस्कृत संस्थान को "राष्ट्रीय महत्व के संस्थान" के रूप में घोषित करना । | 5. सरकार ने श्री लाल बहादुर शास्त्री राष्ट्रीय संस्कृत विद्यापीठ, नई दिल्ली के कुलाधिपति श्री टी० एन० चतुर्वेदी की अध्यक्षता में प्रख्यात संस्कृत विद्वानों प्रशासकों की एक समिति गठित की है । यह समिति, राष्ट्रीय संस्कृत संस्थान को सांविधिक आयोग का स्तर प्रदत्त करने के प्रश्न सहित प्रस्ताव के सभी पहलुओं की जांच करेगी । |
| 6. पारंपरिक संस्कृत पाठशालाओं में पढ रहे संस्कृत छात्रों की छात्रवृत्ति की राशि बढाना । | 9. केंद्रीय संस्कृत मंडल की सिफ़ारिशें, सरकार के पास विचराधीन हैं । |
| 7. चरित्रा तेलुगु वर्णित साहित्य का संस्कृत में अनुवाद । | 7. राष्ट्रीय संस्कृत विद्यापीठ, तिरुपति को यह कार्य सौंपा गया है । |
| 8. केंद्रीय संस्कृत पुस्तकालय की स्थापना । | 8. श्री लाल बहादुर शास्त्री, राष्ट्रीय संस्कृत विद्यापीठ, नई दिल्ली (अब विश्व विद्यालयवत) से पूछा गया है कि क्या प्रस्तावित केंद्रीय संस्कृत पुस्तकालय को उसके परिसर में स्थापित किया जा सकता है । |
| 9. स्कूली शिक्षा में त्रिभाषा सूत्र में संस्कृत के शिक्षण को उचित स्तर प्रदान करना | 9. मामला न्यायाधीन है और स्कूली शिक्षा में संस्कृत के शिक्षण के संबंध में, भारत के सर्वोच्च न्यायालय के आदेशों के अनुसार यथापूर्व स्थिति रखी जा रही है । |
| 10. संस्कृत शिक्षा में लगे व्यक्तियों के लिए उपलब्ध रोजगार अवसरों का सर्वेक्षण । | 10. राष्ट्रीय संस्कृत संस्थान, नई दिल्ली से अध्ययन कार्य को पूर्ण करने में तेजी लाने को कहा गय है लेकिन कार्य कठिन है क्योंकि अधिकांश संस्कृत संस्थानों के पास अपने भूतपूर्व विद्यार्थियों का न तो वर्तमान पता है और न ही उनके रोजगार स्तर की जानकारी है । |

1988 में गुवाहाटी में हुई विमान दुर्घटना के संबंध में जांच प्रतिवेदन

589. श्री अजीत जोगी :
कुमारी चंद्रिका प्रेमजी केनिया :

क्या नागर विमानन मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) वर्ष 1988 में गुवाहाटी में हुई विमान दुर्घटना की जांच करने के लिये एक जांच आयोग गठित किया गया था ।

(ख) यदि हां, तो क्या जांच प्रतिवेदन प्राप्त हो गया है ; और

(ग) यदि हां, तो इस विमान दुर्घटना के क्या कारण थे और इस प्रतिवेदन के आधार पर इस संबंध में आगे क्या कार्यवाही की गई है ?

नागर विमानन मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री हर मोहन धवन) :(क) से (ग) जी, हां । 19-10-1988 को गुवाहाटी में वायुदूत एफ 27 विमान की दुर्घटना गुवाहाटी में उपस्कर अवतरण प्रणाली की "लेट-डाउन" प्रक्रिया का पूर्ण रूप से पालन नहीं किये जाने के कारण हुई थी । कैप्टन-इन कमांड द्वारा ग्लाइड स्लोप के उपलब्ध न होने की सूचना दिये जाने पर हवाई यातायात नियंत्रक ने विमान को आउटर मार्कर इन बाउंड पर रिपोर्ट करने के लिये गलत क्लीयरेंस दी जिसका भी इस दुर्घटना में हाथ रहा ।

सरकार ने विमान परिचालनों की सुरक्षा बढ़ाने के लिये सुझाई गई सिफारिशों को स्वीकार कर लिया है । सरकार के निर्णयों सहित रिपोर्ट की प्रतियां संसद पुस्तकालय में रख दी गई हैं ।

औषध कंपनियों की और औषध मूल्य समानीकरण खाते की बकाया धनराशि

590. श्री अजीत जोगी :
कुमारी चंद्रिका प्रेमजी केनिया :

क्या पैट्रोलियम और रसायन मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) 31 जनवरी, 1991 की स्थिति के अनुसार औषध मूल्य समानीकरण खाते में अन्तर्गत विभिन्न औषध कम्पनियों की और कुल कितनी धनराशि बकाया थी ;

(ख) उन कम्पनियों के नाम क्या हैं जिनकी ओर 31 जनवरी, 1991 को 5 करोड़ रुपये से अधिक की धनराशि बकाया थी ; और

(ग) इस धनराशि की वसूली के लिये क्या उपाय किये जा रहे हैं और सरकार कब तक पूरी राशि वसूल कर पायेगी ?

पैट्रोलियम और रसायन मंत्री तथा संसदीय मंत्री (श्री सत्यप्रकाश मालवीय) : (क) चूंकि इस संबंध में जांच प्रक्रिया अभी पूरी नहीं हुई है अत: अपेक्षित जानकारी यथाशीघ्र सदन के पटल पर रख दी जायेगी ।

(ख) और (ग) अब तक की गई अस्थायी गणना के अनुसार कम्पनियों के नाम हैं:-मैसर्स ग्लैक्सो इंडिया लि०, मैसर्स हेक्स्ट इंडिया लि., मैसर्स मेरिन्ड लि., मैसर्स साइनामाइड इंडिया लि० और मैसर्स लायका लैब्स । उचित विधिक प्रक्रिया के अनुसार वसूली की जायेगी।

**Dangers** in **the use** of pesticides

591. SHRI SHAMIM HASHMI: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are aware of the dangers to human health caused by the use of pesticides such as

Pentechlorophenol (PCP) and Lin- | dance for wood preservation; .

(b) if so, what are the details 1 thereof; and '

(c) what steps are contemplated by Government in this direction?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE AND DEPUTY MINISTER. IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (SHRI DASAI CHOW-DHARY): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) and (c) The available details are given in the statement enclosed.

**Statement**

*Redistribution of pesticides:*

The Ministry of Agriculture (Deptt. of Agri. Coop. ) has reported that the import, manufacture and use of pesti cides are regulated under the Insecti cides Act, 1968. $Th_e$ Committee called Registration Committee has been con stituted under the said Act which re- gisters pesticides only after satisfying itself regarding the efficacy and its safety to human beings and animals. Pent-achlorophenol **(PCP)** and Lindane have. been registered by this Committee for agricultural purposes and not for wood preservation.

PentacMorophenol *(PCP):*

Though PCp has the property for use in wood preservation protecting from fungus decay and termite or beatle attack, its technical and 12. 5 per cent formulation are registered under the Insecticides Act, 1963 in India as a herbicide for the control of ditol and monoeot weeds in non-cropped areas. Being a contact nonselective herbicide, its use in cropped area is not approved.

PCP is a highly toxic regardless of the route, length and frequency of exposure. Acute oral 1950 for a vrie-y of species range between **27-205** mk)kg. according to the different solvent, vehicles and grades of **FCP.** Limited avidence shows most dangerous route of exposure of PCP is through air. It is irritent to skin and mucous membrane. In rats lethal doses is induce increase respiratory rate, rise in temperature, tremors, loss of righting reflex, asphyxial spasm and cardiac arrest.

$Exposur_e$ to fairly high concentration of PCP is feto toxic, it has been proved to be immunctoxic to mico-rats chickens and cattle. It is not considered carcinogenic to rats and not highly mutagenic but because of the presence of atleast one carcinogenic contaminent.

It is suggestive of potential for technical PCp to cause cancer in laboratory animals. The effect of PCP in man is very similar to those reported in experimental animals. Hazards like $ski_n$ reshee, respiratory diseases, neurological changes, headaches, nausea, etc have been documented, from occupational and accidental exposures.

As per the United Nations Organisation's publication of 1990, this cchemi-cai is banned|restricted in 15 countries including China, Swedan, New-zeland, etc. In view of the above reasons, the use of this chemical has been reviewed by a high level Committee set up by the Ministry of Agriculture and being finalised for submission to the Govt.

*Lindane:*

Under the Insecticides Act, 1968, $th_e$ use of Lindane has been approved for sugarcane and rice. Its use in vaternity field and forestry is limited.

Lindane is considered as moderately hazardous with oral LD 50 of **82-225** mg|kg and acute dermal LD 50 between 900-1000 mg/kg.. Long term dietery studies in rats showed a ar-effect level at 50 ppm (2. 5mg|kg|day). Tb. e no-effect level is higher with Lindane when compared with ether 1 chlorinated hydrocarbon insecticides, part from safety, teratogenicity **ana**

mutagenicity in case of Lindane, IA-RC on behalf of WHO examined in 1971 all the data and arrived at the conclusion that there was no evidence that Lindane was carcinogenic in mice. In fact, no increase in tumors was seen in rats fed a maximum of lOOppm of Lindane throughout their life span. The formation of liver tumors, with high dosage of Lindane in mice has been observed. But studies with Lindane conclusively prove that it is not genooxic and thus it cannot be- concluded that Lindane is carcinogenic. However, Lindane has been classified as possible oncogenic pending further review by US EPA. IARC has not classified Lindane as carcinogen in human while US EPA rating accepts only limited evidence from animal studies (mice) and no human date as evidence of carcinogenicity.

The United Nations publication has revealed that this chemical has been banned | restricted in many countries including Canada, Maxico, Kenya, Argentina, Siwitzerland, Thiland and USA. However, Lindane has been under special review by US Environmental Protection Agency.

In view of the above, the use of this chemical has been reviewed by a high level Committee set up under the Chairmanship of Dr. S. N. Banner-jee and is being finalised for submission to the Government.

Non-furnishing of environmental data by Nylon 66 producing company

592. SHRI B. K. HARIPRASAD: Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased to state;

(a) whether Government's attention has been drawn to the news item which appeared in the Economic Times of 29th November, 1990 regarding non-furnishing the vital environmental data by Thapar Du Pont Limited on its Nylon 66 project proposed to be set up in Goa; and

(b) if so, what steps are being taken in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS AND PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (SHRI STAYA PRAKASH MALAVIYA); (a) Government have seen the news item in question.

(b) As the matter concerns a private limited company and a voluntary environmental organisations, the matter is essentially for the parses concerned to resolve among themselves.

Representation against Discontinuance of Air Service on Madras-Australia route

593. SHRI S. MADHAVAN: Will the Minister of CIVIL AVIATION be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have received representations regarding hardships caused to the exporters due to the discontinuance of the air service between Madras and Australia; and

(b) if so, what action has been taken to facilitate cargo traffic on this route?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF CIVIL AVIATION (SHRI HARMOHAN DHA-WAN): (a) and (b) Air India was operating till 31 January 91 between Bombay /Delhi and Sydney via Singapore. These services have been discontinued. Cargo traffic from Madras can be routed on Air India's Singapore terminators and interlined to points in Australia.

Withdrawal of Air India from Australian Air "Market

594* SHRI S. MADHAVAN; Will the Minister of CIVIL AVIATION be pleased to state;

(a) whether it is a fact that Air India has decided to pull out from the Australian air market and if so, what are the reasons therefor;

(b) whether the Australian Government has de-regulated Australian air market allowing foreign carriers greater commercial freedom to introduce new eeviees; and

(c) whether it is also a fact that air traffic to Australia has been growing at the rate of over 25 per cent per annum over the last couple of years?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF CIVIL AVIATION (SHRI HARMOHAN DHA-WAN); (a) Yes, Sir. This decision has been taken on account of inadequate traffic potential between India and Australia.

(b) No, Sir. The Air Services between Austrlia and India continue to be governed by the bilateral air Services Agreement enterd into between India and Australia on 11-7-49.

(c) No, Sir. Sir far as the traffic between India and Australia is concerned, it showed a decline of 7. 7 per cent in 1989-90 as compared with 1988-89.

**Rise** in wage bills of **colliMes**

595. DR. YELAMANCHILI SIVAJI: Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state the percentage rise in the wage bills of the colleries and the percentage rise in the price of coal for each year from 1980-81 to 1989-90, year-wise?

THE MINISTER OF ENERGY (SHRI KALYAN SINGH KALVI): Earning per manshift representing wage bill per man per day and average sale value per tonne as per cost report alongwith their percentage increase over last year from the year 1980-81 to 1989-90 is given below;

| Year | Earning per manshift | | Averrge sali *2* value per tonne as per cast - report | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Rs. | %age increase over last year | Rs. | %age increase over last year |
| 80-81: | 50. 32 | | 120. 69 | |
| 81-82: | 54. 96 | 9. 22 | 138. 09 | 14. 42 |
| 82-83: | 58. 82 | 7. 02 | 155. 77 | 12. 80 |
| 83-84: | 79. 17 | 34. 60 | 159. 98 | 2. 70 |
| 84-85: | 85. 20 | 7. 62 | 188. 18 | 17. 63 |
| | | 7. 22 | 190. 87 | 61. 43 |
| | | 16. 80 | 202. 80 | 6. 25 |
| | | 1. 37 | 215. 41 | 6. 22 |
| 88-89: | 140. 47 | 29. 87 | 252. 29 | 17. 12 |
| 89-9) | 146. 24 | 4. 11 | 273. 60 | 8. 45 |

**Medical Practitioners registered with the Indian Medical Council**

596. DR. YELAMANCHILI SIVAJI: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state the State-wise number of medical practitioners registered with the Indian Medical Council so far alongwith their qualifications?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE AND DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (SHRI DASAI CHOWD-HARY); As per information available with the Medical Council of India **a** *statement* showing the number of medical practitioners registered with the Indian Medical Council upto 1989 is enclosed. The medical practitioners are registered with the Medical Council of India/State Medical Councils as per qualifications included in the Schedule to the IMC Act, **1956.**

**Statement**

*Midicalpracltfoners registered with the Indian Medical Cornell* ***upto December, 1969-Statewtse***

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1. | | | |
| 2. | | | |
| 3. | | | |
| 4. | | | |
| 5. | | | |
| *6.* | | | |
| **7.** | | | |
| **8.** | | | |
| **9.** | | | **1988)** |
| **10.** | | | |
| **11.** | Oriwa.... | .. | 10, 616 |
| **12.** | | | |
| **13.** | | | |
| **14.** | | | |
| **15.** | | | |
| **16.** | | | |
| **17.** | **Medioal Council of India** | | |

**Foreign investment for Madras Petro-chemical Complex**

597. SHRI S. MADHAVAN;
SHRI S. K. T. RAMACHAN-DRAN;

Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased to state;

(a) whether it is a fact that Government have permitted Linde of West Germany to invest in a gaint petrochemical complex at Madras in collaboration with the R. P. Goenka group as a 100 per cent export oriented project;

(b) if so, what are the details thereof; and

(c) what are the reasons for the delay in the implementation of the project?

THE MINISTER OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS AND PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (SHRI SATYA PRAKASH MALAVIYA); (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) At present the share holding of M/s Linde AG, West Germany is envisaged as 15 per cent of the equity of the project routed through M/s. LINMAD Holdings SA.

(c) The letter of intent for the project has been issued on 6th November, 1990 only.

**Damage to Air India Boeing 747 air-crafts**

598. SHRI HARVENDRA SINGH HANSPAL
SHRI, SHAMIM HASHMI.

Will the Minister of CIVIL AVIATION be pleased to state-.

(a) whether it is a fact that two Air India Boeing 747s were severely damaged while in the hangers, causing a loss of—several lakhs-of rupees- —

(b) if. so, what are the details in this regard and the extent of loss caused;

(c) whether any responsibility has been fixed in this case; and

(d) if so, what are the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF CIVIL AVIATION (SHRI HARMOHAN **DHA-**WAN); (a) and (h) Air-India **B-747** aircraft VT-EPW and VT-EPE were damaged, the former in 2 separate incidents on 2. 2. 91 and 5. 2. 91 and the latter in another incident on 5. 2. 91 at the hanger. The total loss due to three incidents comes to Rs. 97, 706/-excluding labour which is in house.

(c) and (d) The incidents occurred due to inadvertent error. Steps have been taken to avoid recurrence of similar Incidents by Air-India.

**पंजाब में रणजीत सागर बांध**

@599. श्री राम जेठमलानी :
सरदार जगजीतसिंह अरोडा :

क्या ऊर्जा मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या यह सच है कि पंजाब में रणजीत सागर बांध पर हो रहे निर्माण कार्य में पिछले कुछ महीनों से बाधा उत्पन्न हो गई थी ।

(ख) यदि हां, तो उसके क्या कारण थे और क्या बाधाओं को दूर कर लिया गया है; और

(ग) इस कार्य के पूरा होने की नई समय-सीमा क्या है और क्या उसके इस समय-सीमा के भीतर पूरा हो जाने की संभावना है, यदि नहीं, तो इस संबंध में ब्यौरा क्या है ?

©Previously Unstarred Question 389; transferred from 27th February, 1991

ऊर्जा मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री बलराम झाकड़) : (क) जी, हां।

(ख) पंजाब में राज्य सरकार के अन्तर्गत कार्यरत जूनियर इंजीनियर 10 नवम्बर, 1990 से हड़ताल पर हैं। इस स्थिति से निपटने के लिये पंजाब सरकार ने परियोजना प्राधिकारियों को तदर्थ आधार पर 100 जूनियर इंजीनियर नियुक्त करने की अनुमति दे दी है। इन नियुक्तियों के बाद से निर्माण कार्य में कुछ प्रगति हुई है।

(ग) सभी उत्पादन यूनिटों के मार्च, 1996 तक चालू हो जाने की प्रत्याशा है।

**Discovery of Temples** of **Lord Shiva in Madras by Archaeological Survey of India**

600. SHRI SYED SIBTEY RAZI: Will the Minister of HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that some temples with a miniature shrine dedicated to Lord Shiva have been discovered by the Archaeological Sur vey of India near Madras;

(b) if so, what are the details thereof;

(c) whether any researches on this discovery have since been made so far;

(d) if so, what are the circumstances which led to this discovery;

(e) whether this discovery will benefit our ancient history; and

(f) if so, what are the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT (SHRI RAJMANGAL PANDE): (a) and (b) Yes, Sir. The Archaeological Survey of India, Madras Circle, during the clearance operations around the Shore Temple complex, Mahabalipu-ram brought to light a semi-eliptical structure of cut-stones with a small monolithic shrine and Bhuvaraha sculpture in its front abutting the northern prakara wall. A small well constructed with dressed granite stone blocks also formed part of this elliptical shrine. The short inscriptions on the basement mouldings reveal the royal titles of Rajasimha, the great Pallava rule (690-763 A.D.), who caused the construction of the Shore Temple Complex.

(c) A preliminary study was made on the finds and the inscriptions have been deciphered.

(d) to (f) The work was taken up as part of conservation and protective measures to the Shore Temple Complex. The above fresh evidences have added a new dimension to the studies on the early Pallava religious architecture and history of the place,

राष्ट्रीय पुस्तक न्यास द्वारा प्रकाशित पुस्तकें

601. श्री रजनी रंजन साहू : क्या मानव संसाधन विकास मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) राष्ट्रीय पुस्तक न्यास ने पिछले पांच वर्षों के दौरान अंग्रेजी और हिन्दी में कितनी-कितनी मौलिक पुस्तकें प्रकाशित की हैं ;

(ख) उक्त अवधि के दौरान अंग्रेजी और हिन्दी में अनुदित कितनी-कितनी पुस्तकें प्रकाशित हुई हैं ;

(ग) प्रकाशनों में अंग्रेजी को प्राथमिकता देने तथा हिन्दी और अन्य भारतीय भाषाओं की उपेक्षा करने के क्या कारण हैं ; और

(घ) इस संबंध में सुधार लाने के लिये क्या कदम उठाये जाने का विचार है ?

मानव संसाधन विकास मंत्री (श्री राजमंगल पाण्डेय) : (क) वर्ष 1985–86 और 1989–90 के बीच अंग्रेजी में प्रकाशित 244 पुस्तकों में से 64 मौलिक पुस्तकें थीं । हिन्दी के तुलनात्मक आंकड़े क्रमश: 458 और 35 थे ।

(ख) उपरोल्लिखित अवधि के दौरान अंग्रेजी और हिन्दी में प्रकाशित अनुवादों की संख्या क्रमश: 3 और 43 थी ।

(ग) न्यास अंग्रेजी को वरीयता नहीं दे रहा है और हिन्दी तथा अन्य भारतीय भाषाओं की उपेक्षा नहीं कर रहा है । अंग्रेजी में प्रकाशित होने वाली पुस्तकों की संख्या अन्य भाषाओं में प्रकाशित होने वाली पुस्तकों की संख्या से बहुत कम है । तथापि, अंग्रेजी में और अधिक मौलिक पुस्तकें प्रकाशित की जाती हैं क्योंकि न्यास की कुछ प्रकाशन श्रृंखलाओं जैसे पापुलर साइंस और इंडिया दि लैंड एंड दि पीपुल के लिये उपयुक्त लेखक उपलब्ध होते हैं ।

(घ) न्यास कार्यशालाओं, सेमिनारों इत्यादि के आयोजन के माध्यम से भारतीय भाषाओं के लेखकों को प्रोत्साहित करके विभिन्न भारतीय भाषाओं में मूल पुस्तकें तैयार करने का प्रयास कर रहा है ।

**Meeting of National Youth Couneil**

602. SHRI N. E. BALARAM: SHRI GURUDAS DAS GUPTA:

Will the Minister of HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the first meeting of National Youth Council was held in Delhi on the 11th and 12th February, 1991;

(b) if so, what are the names of the organisations which participated at the meeting along with the names of their representatives, who were included in the Youth council;

(c) whether those All India Youth organisations which were not represented, will be asked to send their names for nominations on the Youth Council; and

(d) If so, what are the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT (SHRI RAJ MANGAL PANDE): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) Apart from representatives of Organisations like University Students' Unions, College Students' Unions. NCC, NSS, Scouts and Guides, the following Organisations participated in the meeting (along with names of the representatives — some of whom are on the Council in their individual capacity):—

Shanti Ashram, Tamilnadu, (Dr. M. Aram).

Centres for Study of Developing Societies, Delhi, (Shri Shiv Viswanathan).

Sanjivini, Delhi, (Ms. Vatsala Sivasubramaniam).

National Institute of Behavioural Sciences Calcutta, West Bengal (Dr Kedar Ranjan Banerji).

Deptt of Social Work, Bangalore (Prof H. M. Marulasiddiah).

Youth Centre, Ludhiana (Prof. I S. Saluja).

Antar Bharati, Maharashtra (Ms Julie Naklooda.)

Ramakrishna Mission Ashram, West Bengal (Shri S. S. Chakraborty).

National Centre for Human Settlement and Environment Madhya Pradesh, (Shri M. N. Buch).

Kerala Iykya Mahila Samajam (Ms. Gomati Nair).

Centra Social Anjo Custodies Churchorem, Goa, (Shri William Fernandes).

(c) and (d) All the seats allocated to Voluntary Youth Organisations -2 from each of the five Regions of the country - have been filled for the present 2 years term of the Council. As the nominations ara made Region-wise, other Organisations could be considered only when the Council is reconstituted after the expiry of its present term.

**Retrenchment of employees in coal industry**

603. SHRI CHATURANAN MIS-H-RA: Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state:

(a) whether the World Bank has expressed its desire for the retrenchment of about 50, 000 employees in public sector coal industry

(b) if so, whether this demand is related to any loan to be taken from the World Bank; and

(c) i( so, what are the details in this regard and what is Government reaction thereto?

THE MINISTER OF ENERGY (SHRI KALYAN SINGH KALVI):

(a) to (c) Following major coal projects are under implementation with World Bank assistance: —

| | Capacity (m. t. p. a. ) | Loan amount (US£ million) |
|---|---|---|
| (i) Bfock-II. (ii) | 2-5 | 57-7 |
| Dudhichua (ii) Gevra | 50 | 109 00 |
| (iv) Sonepur Bazart | 10 0 | 65-2 |
| | 3 0 | 114 8 |

A three member World Bank team was in India during January-Febia-ary. 1991 for review of the progress of on-going projects. This team during their meetings (in Coal India Ltd. and Department of **Coal)** had discussed various issues related to coal projects. One of the points discussed was the ways and means to improve financial performance of Coal. Sector. During discussions the modalities of redeployment of surplus workers from mines that are closed down due to exhaustion of reserves and reduction in unproductive man-power with a view to improving output per manshift were also discussed.

These points were discussed generally and neither any figure about excess number of workers was mentioned nor this was posed as conditionally to any loan sought from the World Bank.

Reaction **of Pilots Association to inquiry reporton A-320 aircrash**

604. SHRI CHIMANBHAI MEHTA:
SHRI SOM PAL:
MAULANA OBAIDULLAH KHAN AZMI:

Will the Minister of CIVIL AVIATION be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the President of the Indian Commercial Pilot's Association has rejected the major findings of the Court of In quiry which inquired into the Indian Airlines A-320 aircrash at Bangalore if so, what are the points of rejec tions;

(b) whether it is also **a** fact that according to Pilot's Association ignoring of the speed is not **a** cause of the plane crash;

(c) whether the French Pilots had also found technical faults in operations of A-320 Airbus;

(d) what are the findings of the Court of Inquiry that have not been accepted by Government; and

(e) what was the basis on which the Prime Minister adjudged A-320 plane as the best operating aircraft?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF CIVIL AVIATION (SHRI HARMOHAN DHA-WAN): (a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

(c) No such communication has been received by Government.

(d) The report of the Court of Inquiry, along with Government's decisions thereon, has been laid on the table of the House on 10-1-91.

(e) A-320 is the most fuel efficient and technologically advanced aircraft in Indian Airlines fleet.

Opening of a coal depot at Jodhpur

605. SHRI B. L. PANWAR: Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any propsal to open a Coal Depot at Jodhpur; and

(b) if so, what are the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF ENERGY (SHRI KALYAN SINGH KALVI):

(a)' and (b) Yes Sir. the Government of Rajasthan has proposed jodhpur as one of the Centres for opening a coal stockyards. It is proposed to be operated under the aegis of the State Government.

International Conference on Orgasm

606. SHRI HARVENDRA SINGH
HANSPAL: SHRI
GHUFRAN AZAM:

Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether a three-day internation al conference on orgasm was held in New Delhi during the 1st week of February, 1991;

(b) if so, what are the details of the discussions held;

(c) whether the subject of imparting sex education on proper and scientific lines was also discussed at the conference; and

(d) if so, whether the details of the main points on which Government propose to take further action?

THE DEPUTY MINSTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE AND DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (SHRI DASAN CHOWDHARY): I (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) It was recommended in the conference that sex education should be imparted at the school level which would encourage more and more peo ple to willingly adopt family planning measures.

(c) Yes, Sir.

(d) Some components of sex education such as human reproduction are already being taought to life science students at the secondary and senior secondary level.

Non-observance of rules of reserva tion relating to appointments of SCsi STs in Indian Airlines and Air India

607. SHRI TALARI MANOHAR: Will the Mnister of CIVIL AVIATIONS $b_e$ pleased to state.

(a) whether it is a fact that the rules of reservation relating to ap pointments of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes $ar_e$ not being properly implemented in the Indian Airlines and Air India; and

(b) if so, what action Government propose $t_0$ take in the matter?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF CIVIL AVIATION (SHRI HARMOHAN DHA-WAN): (a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

Raising of Financial Power of ONGC

608. SHRI TALARI MANOHAR:
SHRI SURBSH PACHOURI:

Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased to state:

(a) whether the ONGC has urged Government to raise its financial power from the present 50 crore limit $t_0$ Rs. 150 crore so as to enable it to take immediate advantage of small discoveries of oil in the offshore; and

(b) if so, what are the details there of and what is Government's reaction thereto?

THE MINISTER OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS AND PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (SHRI SATYA PRAKASH MALAVIYA): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The proposal is under consideration of the Government.

D' PEA dues against **HAL** and **IDPL**

609. SHRI RAJNI RAN JAN SAHU:
DR. RATNAKAR PANDEY:

Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased to refer to the answer to Starred Question 153 given in th$_e$ Rajya Sabha on the 7th January, 1991 and state:

(a) what are the details of receipts and payments towards Drug Prices Equalisation Account in favour of HAL and IDPL from 1979-80 onwards;

(b) whether it is a fact that over payments have been made in favour of both these companies;

(c) if so, what are the details thereof; and

(d) what are the reasons for mak ing overpayments and with whose ap provals?

THE MINISTER OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS AND PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (SHRI SATYA PRAKASH MALAVIYA): (a) The details of payments made to IDPL and HAL from the Drug Prices Equalisation Account from 1979-80 onwards are given in the attached *statement.* Both the companies have not made any payments into the Drug Prices Equalisation Account.

(b) to (d) The amounts recoverable from these companies are yet to be finally assessed. However a claim of Rs. 3. 73 crores has been tentatively raised against IDPL. Details of over payment, if any, would only be know after the liablity of both these companies is finally assessed.

Statement

*'.. Position In Respect of I. D. P. L.* (Rs. in lakhs)

| Sl. No | Year | * | Amount of subsidy to be paid to the Co. during | Liability to pay in- rable | Companys -paid to the com- pany. recove- | Amount payable/ recove- rable the year | Balance of amount due to the DPEA |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | | 6 |
| I | 1979-80 | | 157. 89 | 90. 73 | ' 80. 45 | | —13. 29 |
| 2 | 1980-81 | | 90. 17 | 50. 95 | 63. 12 | | —23. 90 |
| 3 | 1981-82 | | 59. 00 | 103. 08 | 41. 30 | | —85. 38 |
| 4 | 1982-83 | | 65. 43 | 52. 77 | 42. 00 | | —29. 34 |
| 5 | 1983 84 | | 159. 53 | 53. 67. | NIL | | —105. 86 |
| | | | 532. 02 | 351. 20 | 226. 87 | | —46. 05 |

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | II. *Position In Respect of H. A. L.* | | | | |
| 1 | 1979. 80 . | 0. 50 | 2. 67 | 0. 50 | -2. 67 |
| 2 | 1980-81 | 16. 83 | 42. 88 | 9. 96 | —36. 01 |
| 3 | 1981-82 . | 45. 13 | 4. 98 | 32. 96 | —7. 25 |
| 4 | 1982-83 . | 7. 71 | 88. 45 | Nil | -80. 73 |
| 5 | 1983-84 . | 21. 96 | 67. 56 | 15. 69 | -61-30 |
| 6 | 1984-85 | | | | |
| | | 135. 57 | 26. 77 | 60. 00 | -48. 81 - |

**Uniformity in Prices of Petrol and LPG Cylinder in the Country**

810. SHRI VITHALBHAI M. PATEL:

SHRI BHADRESWAR BURAGOHAIN:

Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased **to** state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the prices of petrol per litre and of a LPG cylinder are lower in Delhi as compared to Ahmedabad;

(b) if so, what are the reasons for charging higher prices for these commodities from Ahmedabad consumers;

(c) whether it is also a fact that the price of petrol in Assam is Rs. 13. 00 per litre, in Meghaya Rs. 11. 12 paise per litre and in Delhi Rs. 12. 30 paise per litre; and

(d) whether there is any proposal under Government's consideration for maintaining uniformity in prices of petrol and LPG cylinder throughout the country?

THE MINISTER OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS AND PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (SHRI SATYA PRAKASH MALAVIYA): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) While the ex-storage point prices are uniform at the Refinery locations, the selling prices include other elements like freight, sales tax, local levies etc. which vary from place to place.

(c) The price of Petrol in Assam, Meghalaya and Delhi are as follows:

| | MS-87 (Rs. /per litre) |
|---|---|
| Assam (Guwahati) | 12' 69 |
| Meghalaya (Shillong) | 12 12 |
| Delhi. | 12- 23 |

**(d)** No, **Sir.**

**Availability of Raw Materials for the Small Plastic Processing** Units

611. SHRI GHUFRAN AZAM: Will, the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are aware that thousands of small plastic processing units in the country are on the verge of closure due to non-availability of raw materials;

(b) whether Government propose to take steps to provide raw materials $t_0$ the small plastic processing units in the country; and

(c) if so, what are the details there-
*> of?

THE MINISTER OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS AND PARLIA-♦ MENTAF. Y AFFAIRS (SHRI SATYA PRAKASH MALAVIYA): (a) to (c) Availability and prices of plastic products have been adversely affected by the Gulf Crisis as about 50 per cent of plastics raw material requirements are based on imports. High international prices and limited offerings have affected supplies in the domestic market.

A continuous dialogue is being held with the major user associations and domestic producers of plastic products; in order to resolve, to the extent pos-'j sible, the difficulties arising out of the above situation. The situation is expected to improve once the Gulf Crsis eases, and in the long run, When additional volumes of petro-chemicals becomes available with the commissioning of some of the new[1] complexes that have been licenced.

**Construction** of New **Terminal Building** at **Bhuj-Kutch**

612. SHRI ANANTRAY DEVSHAN-KER DAVE: Will the Minister of CIVIL AVIATION be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that pro-posl for the construction of new terminal building at Bhuj-kutch has ,t been cleared by Government;

(b) if so, what steps have been taken for its early construction; and

(c) how much amount has been sanctioned for the purpose?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF CIVIL AVIATION (SHRI HARMOHAN DHA-WAN): (a) Construction of a new terminal complex at Bhujj is held up due to non-release of adequate suitable land for this purpose by the Indian Air Force.

(b) Conceptual drawings for the construction of terminal building and car park area have been finalised pending release of land by the Indian Air Force.

(c) A provision of Rs. 45. 00 lakhs is included in the Eighth Plan outlay of the National Airports Authority.

Air Service **between Ambedabad and Bhuj-Kutch**

613. SHRI ANANTRAY DEV-SHANKER DAVE: Will the Minister of CIVIL AVIATION be pleased to state:

(a) whether any proposal is pending with Government to start air services between Ahmedabad and Bhuj-Kutch; and

(b) if so, at what stage the proposal stands at present?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF CIVIL AVIA TION (SHRI HARMOHAN DHAW-WAN (a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

**Pricing of Lignite by NLC**

614. SHRI S. MADHAVAN: Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are aware of the recent audit report alleging that the Neyveli Lignite Corporation is pricing lignite much higher than its than its actual price; and

(b) if so, what are the details in this regard and the action taken on the audit report?

THE MINISTER OF ENERGY (SHRI KALYAN SINGH KALVI): (a) and (b) The Comptroller and Au-

ditor General of India have *inter alia,* observed that the supply of Lignite to Thermal Power Station-I during the period 1981-83 to 1987-88 had been at the transfer price which was higher than the cost of production.

The pricing of Lignite as district from the actual cost of production is based on various parameters which *inter alia* take into account the equity investment. The transfer or sale price of lignite is therefore different from the actual cost of production of lignite per tonne.

Clearance of projects of CIL

. 615. SHRI SURESH PACHOURI: Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have cleared the projects of Coal India Limited;

(b) if so, what is the total amount required for these projects;

(c) by when these projects are likely to be completed; and

(d) to whot extent it will help in meeting the shortage of power and coal?

THE MINISTER OF ENERGY (SHRI KALYAN SINGH KALVI): (a) to (d) During the period 1. 4. 90 till date the following projects and Revised Cost Estimates (RCE) of Coal India Ltd. have been sanctioned by the Government: —

| S. No. | Name of Project and Company | Target Capacity (mty) | Capital cost Rs. crores | Likely ] date of comple-tion |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| i | : RCE for C Mitral Workshop, Singrauli, NCL. | . Non-mining; proj-ect | 68. 72 | 1991-9a |
| 2. | RCE for AmlohriOCP, NCL. . . . | 4. 1 | 527. 11 | 1992-93 |
| 3. | RCEforKatrasUG, BCCL •... | 0. 9 | 91. 81 | 1991-92 |
| 4- | RCE for North Anlabai UG, BCCL | 0. 57 | 69. 48 | 1993-94 |
| 5. | RCE for Satgram UG, ECL. . . . | 1. 2 | 148. 26 | 1994-95 |
| '-6 | RCE for BharatpurOC, SECL... | 3. 5 | 158. 97 | 1991-92 |
| -7. ' | RCE for Diianpuri OC, SECL. | 1. 25 | 54. 69 | 1991-92 |
| 8. | RCE for Ghugus OCP, OCLP.... | 1. 50 | 98. 07 | 1991-92 |
| 9. | RPR for J. K. Nagar UG, ECL | 0. 87 | 95. 28 | 1992-93 |
| 10. | Lingaraj OCP, SECL •.. - '. | 5. 0 | 229. 84 | 1996-97 |
| | | 18. 79 | 1542. 23 | |

Out of these the following projects are linked to Thermal Power Projects] Captive Power Plants:

(i) Dhanpuri OC—Amarkantak TPS of MPEB

(ii) Lingaraj—Halcher STPS of NTPC

(iii) Amlohri OCP—Rihand STPS of NTPC

(iv) Bharatpur—Captive Power Plant of NALCO

(v) Ghugus OC—Chandrapur TPS of MPEB.

These projects when completed would contribute more than 18 m. t. of coal meant for generation of power and other consumers. Besides, tho above, the Government has also sanctioned 8 Advance Action plants of CIL during the current year in order to enable coal companies to undertake initial activities for development of new projects.

**Combating Malaria**

616. SHRI SURESH PACHOURI: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state;

(a) whether it is a fact that Government are considering to prepare a comprehensive plan to check malaria in the country;

(b) if so, what are the States where malaria has been spreading since last one year; and

(c) what steps are being taken by the Central Government to help the State Governments in checking malaria?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE AND DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (SHRI DASAI CHOW-DHARY): (a) Yes.

(b) As per the reports received from the State Governments, th$_e$ States of Haryana, Jammu & Kashmir, Hima-chal Pradesh, - Ahdhra' Pradesh, Tamil Nadu, Goa and Orissa and the Union Territories of Chandigarh and Delhi have registered increase in malaria incidence in 1990 compared to-1989.

(c) The following specific steps are being continued to check spread of.. malaria: —

— Selective judicious residual in-secticidal spray with appropriate insecticide.

— Fortnightly surveillance for detection and treatment of cases.

— Bio-environmental control methods through minor engineering modification in rural areas and antilarval measures through chemicals and use of lar-vivorous fish and environmental management in Urban areas.

— Intensification of special inputs in highly malarious areas with emphasis on personal protection measures, community involvement through health education etc.

**Compulsory primary education for the children between** the age **group of 6 to 14**

617. SHRI PRAMOD MAHAJAN: Will the Minister of HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state;

(a), whether Government propose to make primary education compulsory for the children of ag$_e$ group between 6 to 14;

(b) if so, what are the details thereof; and

(c) if not, what are the reasons thereof-?

THE MINISTER OF HUMAN RE-SOURCE DEVELOPMENT (SHRI RAJMANGAL PANDE); (a) and (b) In pursuance of the Constitutional directive to provide free and compulsory education t$_0$ all children up to the age group of 14 years, 14 states and 4 UT$_S$ hav$_e$ enacted legislations

for compulsory education. 11 States and UTs have not done so.

The State Governments are taking steps to make universal provision of schooling facilities and provide programmes that will enable children to come to school. The main among these are: —

(i) the provision of primary schools within 1 Km. walking distance from all habitations;

(ii) The provision of part-time non-formal education programmes for school drop-outs, girls who cannot attend whole day school, working children and children from habitations without schools.

(iii) Provision of incentives to socio-economically backward children free uniforms, free text-books, attendance scholarship for girls and mid-day meals are some of the incentive schemes provided by the State Governments.

(iv) Involvement of the local community and decentralisation of education.

(v) Improvement of facilities in schools and through programmes such as Operation Blackboard and setting up of District Institute of education and Training.

(c) The constraint that make en forcement of legislation impractical and also stand in the way of universalisation include: ____

(i) Socio-economic factors, including incidence of work among children-

(ii) inadequately provided schools;

(iii) perception of the curriculum not being relevant;

(iv) lack of motivation among the parents towards education of children, particularly girls;

(v) Unsuitability of school calendar and timings from children's point of view.

Check Pilots to undertake tests of other pilots in Indian Airlines

618 SHRI DHULESHWAR MEENA: Will the Minister of CIVIL AVIATION be pleased to state;

(a) whether the Indian Commercial Pilots' Association has threatened to grind to halt the Indian Airlines services if its members were asked to act as check pilots;

(b) whether it is mandatory for the check pilots to undertake tests of other pilots; and

(c) if 60, how government propose to resolve this dispute?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF CIVIL AVIATION (SHRI HARMOHAN DHA-WAN). (a) While no such threat has been received by Indian Airlines, Indian Commercial Pilots' Association have directed all current Check Pilots' Instructors|Examiners not to exercise their privileges as such and not to undertake any assessment testjtrain-ing for the year 1990-91.

(b) Yes, Sir.

(c) Indian Airlines is negotiaeting the matter with the ICPA.

Setting up of National Thermal Power Project in Chandrapur in Maharashtra

619. SHRI NAEESH C. PUGLIA: Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state;

(a) when sanction was granted for the setting up of National Thermal Power Project in the Chandrapur District of Maharashtra;

(b) what progress has been made in terms of coal linkage for the project;

(c) whether it is a fact that several representations have been sent to his Ministry for an early action in the matter;

(d) if so, what are the details in this regard;

(e) whether it is also a fact that the project is held up only on account of non-availability of coal linkage;

(f) whether Government are also aware that there are huge coal mines around this project;

(g) if so, what are the reasons for not sanctioning the coal linkage; and

(h) by when the linkage is likely to be made available to start construction of project work by the N. T. P. C with details of expenditure involved?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF ENERGY (SHRI BABANRAO DHAKNE): (a) to (h) Till date, no sanction has been issued for the setting up of NTPC's Thermal Power Project (2x500 MW) in Chand-rapur District of Maharashtra due to non-availability of coal from the nearby Wardha coal field. Several representations Were received for an early sanction of the project and in view of these representations, the overall demand and availability position of coal from the Wardha coalfield has been examined by the Department of Coal who concluded that the coal requirement **of** the proposed project cannot be met from the Wardha Valley Coalfield. The Eighth plan is yet to be finalised. If a decision is taken by the Planning Commission to establish this plant, coal will have to come from distant sources which can be examined after the Planning Commission has finalised the list of 9th Plan schemes.

**Petrochemical Complex on East Coast**

620. SHRI TALARI MANOHAR: Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is **a** fact that at pre sent there is no major petrochemical complex on the East Coast; and

(b) if so, what are the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS AND PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (SHRI S. P. MALAVIYA); (a) and (b) At present there is no major petrochemical complex on the East Coast. However, following letters of intent have been issued for setting up such petrochemical complexes;

(i) To UB Petrochemicals Ltd. for setting up a 300, 000 tpa ethylene capacity naphtha cracker at Visakhapatnam in the State of Andhra Pradesh.

(ii) To RPG Petrochem Ltd. forsetting up a 4, 25, 000 tpe ethylene capacity, 100 per cent export oriented naphtha cacker complex in Teh-sil Saidapet, Distt. Chingleputtee in the State of Tamilnadu.

(iii) To West Bengal Industrial Development Corporation Ltd. **for** setting up 300, 000 tpa ethylene capacity naphtha cracker complex at Haldia, District Midnapur in the State of West Bengal.

**Waiting List for LPG Connections in the Country**

621. SHRI SYED SIBTEY RAZI: Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased to state;

(a) whether there are a large number of people on the waiting list for LPG connections in the country;

(b) if so, what are the details thereof, Statewise and Union Territory wise!

(c) whether Government propose to take some concrete steps to reduce this long waiting list; and

(d) if so, what are the details thereof and if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS AND PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (SHRI SATYA PRAKASH MALAVIYA); (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The information is given in the attached statement.

(c) and (d) LPG being **a** deficit product, new enrolment of customers is limited. However, the LPG availability is proposed to be augumented through enhanced indigenous production and imports.

**Statement**

*waiting list for LPG connections in the country*

| S.No. | State/Union Territories | Approximate no. of persons on the waiting list (as on 1-4-1990) |
|---|---|---|
| | **States** | |
| 1 | Andhra Pradesh | 231757 |
| 2 | Arunachal Pradesh | 3489 |
| 3 | Assam | 65239 |
| 4 | Bihar | 109357 |
| 5 | Goa | 40012 |
| 6 | Gujarat | 515332 |
| 7 | Haryana | 248713 |
| 8 | Himachal Pradesh | 23900 |
| 9 | Jammu & Kashmir | 30730 |
| 10 | Karnataka | 146752 |
| 11 | Kerala | 154732 |
| 12 | Madhya Pradesh | 282744 |
| 13 | Maharashtra | 979387 |
| 14 | Manipur | 7582 |
| 15 | Meghalaya | 7823 |
| 16 | Mizoram | 6451 |
| 17 | Nagaland | 7696 |
| 18 | Mizoram | 26681 |
| 19 | Punjab | 309056 |
| 20 | Rajasthan | 376288 |
| 21 | Sikkim | 2000 |
| 22 | Tamil Nadu | 405006 |
| 23 | Tripura | 13625 |
| 24 | Uttar Pradesh | 871809 |
| 25 | West Bangal | 390940 |
| | **Union Territories** | |
| 26 | Andaman & Nicobar | 300 |
| 27 | Chandigarh | 45008 |
| 28 | Dadra & Nagar Haveli | 1200 |
| 29 | Delhi | 498977 |
| 30 | Daman & Diu | 4800 |
| 31 | Lakshadweep | .. |
| 32 | Pondicherry | 11851 |
| | TOTAL: | 5819238 |

C. G. H. S. Dispensary at Paharganj

622. SHRI SYED SIRTEY RAZI: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether C. G. H. S, dispesary at Paharganj has a strength of one C M0. and 5 S. M. Os.;

(b) if so, what are the details thereof;

(e) whether no C. M. O. has been posted in the dispensary for the last 9 months;

(d) whether all the doctors and members of. staff of the dispensary are available during the working hours of the dispensary;

(e) whether it is -a fact that there are only two pharmacist counters in . the dispensary and only two doctors are available in the dispensary. for examination and treatment of patients for the last six months; and

(f) if. so, what steps are being taken , to improve the functioning of the dis pensary?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE AND DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (SHRI DASAI CHOWDHARY): (a) and (b) The staff ' strength of doctors in CGHS dispensary Paharganj is as under: —

1 C. M. O. — 1 • (One)
2. M. O, — 4 (Four).

(c> No Sir, However, from 17|10|9O to 06. 02. 91 the dispensary was without a C. M. O, due to administrative reasons: A. C. M. O. has since been posted in the dispensary from, 7th February, 1991.

(d) Yes, Sir..

(e) and (f) Two pharmacists counters are functioning 3 to 4 Medical Officers including' Chief Medical Officers are on duty during working hours. The dispensary is functioning normally.

O. P. D. Timings in Dr. Ram Manohar Lohia Hospital, New Delhi

623. SHRI SYED SIBTEY RAZI: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether OPD timings in Dr. Ram Manohar Lohia Hospital, New Delhi is from 8. 30 A. M. to 1. 00 P. M.

(b) whether the doctors in OPD are in fact available after 9. 30 A. M.;

(c) whether the patients are issued waiting numbers in each Department of OPD;

(d) whether during OPD timings the doctors spend half an hour for taking tea during which time no patients are examined-

(e) whether Government propose to fix some days with timings for examination of relatives of staff of Hospital; and'

(f) whether Government propose to introduce digital waiting number ca'ling system to improve the func-tion'ng in OP J; if so; the details thereof?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE AN ) DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY *OP* INDUSTRY (SHRI DASAI CHOWDHARY): (a) OPD time is from 9. 00 A. M. to 1. 00 P. M. However, office registration starts at 8. 30 A. M.

(b) The doctors are available from 9. 00 A. M.

(c) Yes, Sir.

(d) No, Sir.

(e) and (f) No, Sir.

Post of Evaluators and Education Officers in Central Hindi Directorate

624, SHRI M. VINCENT; Will the Minister of HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that there are about 4, 000 students studying Hindi through Tamil medium and the number of students studying Hindi through English medium is less in the Department of Correspondence Courses of Central Hindi Directorate;

(b) whether it is also a fact that there are 3 posts of Tamil medium Evaluators and one Assistant Educa tion Officers; for Regional Language while there are 27 posts of English medium Evaluator$_s$ and 10 posts of Assistant Education Officers; and

(c) if so, what are the reasons that the number of Tamil medium Evalua tors and Assistant Education Officers are not being increased in proportion to the number of Tamil medium students?

THE MINISTER OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT **(SHRI** RAJMANGAL PANDE): (a) During the academic year 1990-91, the number of students studying Hindi through Tamil medium from Central Hindi Directorate is 3839, while in English medium it is 8347.

(b) Yes, Sir.

(e) Because of resource constraint, more posts could not be got sanctioned for Tamil medium courses, which were started subsequent to English medium courses. However, assistance of outside experts is also being taken for Tamil evaluation work.

Setting up of Regional Office of University Grants Commission at Hyderabad

«25. DR. NARREDDY THULASI REDDY: Will the Minister of HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any proposal to set up a regional office of Universi ty Grants Commission at Hyderabad;

(b) if so, what are the details there of; and

(e) if not, what are the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT (SHRI RAJMANGAL PANDE); (a) to (c) According to information furnished by the UGC, the Commission has examined the proposal to set up regional offices but has not taken a decision in this regard.

**पाइपलाइनों से कच्चे तेल की चोरी**

**626. श्री विश्वास राव राम राव पाटिल :**

क्या **पैट्रोलियम और रसायन** मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या सरकार ने प्रतिवर्ष पाइप-लाइनों से चोरी किये जाने वाले कच्चे तेल की मात्रा के संबंध में कोई अनुमान लगाया है;

(ख) यदि हां, तो उसकी अनुमानित मात्रा तथा कीमत क्या है; और

(ग) इस चोरी को रोकने के लिए क्या कदम उठाये गये हैं ?

**पैट्रोलियम और रसायन मंत्री तथा संसदीय कार्य मंत्री (श्री सत्य प्रकाश मालवीय)** : (क) और (ख) कच्चे तेल की पाइपलाइनों से कच्चे तेल के छोटी-मोटी और छिटपुट क्षति/चोरी होने तक का मूल्यांकन नहीं किया जा सकता है।

(ग) पाइपलाइनों के रिसाव को रोकने के लिए निम्नलिखित नियामक उपाय किए गए हैं:-

(1) होम गार्ड ग्राम रक्षा दल और सरपंचों की सेवाओं का उपयोग।

(2) तेल कम्पनी के सुरक्षा कर्मियों द्वारा पैदल गश्त लगाना।

(3) स्थानीय पुलिस के साथ चल गश्त लगाना।

(4) चुने हुए आपराधिक क्षेत्रों में बुड़सवार पुलिस नियुक्त किया जाना।

(5) पाइप लाइनों की निगरानी हेतु हेलिकाप्टरों का उपयोग करना।

(6) सड़क क्रासिंग, रेल क्रासिंग आदि पर पाइपलाइनों की विशेष जांच करना।

**महाराष्ट्र में एल. पी. जी. एजेंसियां**

627. **श्री विश्वासराव रामराव पाटिल :** क्या पैट्रोलियम और रसायन मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) महाराष्ट्र में वर्तमान में एल. पी. जी. के उपभोक्ताओं तथा एल. पी. जी. की एजेन्सियों की शहरवार तथा कस्बे-वार संख्या कितनी है;

(ख) महाराष्ट्र के प्रत्येक महानगर, नगर तथा कस्बे में प्रतीक्षा सूची में पंजीकृत लोगों की संख्या कितनी है;

(ग) महाराष्ट्र में पिछले एक वर्ष के दौरान एल.पी.जी. की स्वीकृत एजेन्सियों की संख्या कितनी है तथा उन स्थानों का ब्यौरा क्या है जहां इन एजेन्सियों को स्वीकृति दी गई है तथा इन एजेंसियों के खोले जाने की प्रक्रिया के कब तक पूरा हो जाने की सम्भावना है; और

(घ) महाराष्ट्र में जिन-जिन स्थानों से नई गैस एजेन्सियों के खोले जाने की मांग की गई है उनके नाम क्या क्या हैं तथा क्या सरकार ने वहां उनको स्वीकृति देने के लिए कोई समयबद्ध कार्यक्रम तैयार किया है, और यदि हां, तो तत्संबंधी ब्यौरा क्या है?

**पैट्रोलियम और रसायन मंत्री तथा संसदीय कार्य मंत्री (श्री सत्य प्रकाश मालवीय) :** (क) से (ग) सूचना एकत्र की जा रही है और सभा पटल पर रख दी जाएगी।

(घ) उत्पाद की कमी, व्यवहार्य स्तर से नीचे कार्य कर रहे वर्तमान वितरकों की बड़ी संख्या और नई एल.पी.जी. डिस्ट्रीब्यूटरशिप की स्वीकृति से पूर्व उठाये जाने वाले विभिन्न कदमों को देखते हुए स्वीकृति के लिए प्रस्तावित किये जाने वाले स्थानों और संख्या के बारे में बताना संभव नहीं है।

**Second Gas Terminal at Uran Maharashtra**

628. SHRI PRAMOD MAHAJAN: Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased to state;

(a) whether it is a fact that the Maharashtra Government has asked the Central Government for a second Gas Terminal at Uran; and

(b) if so, what are the details thereof and what is Central Government's reaction thereto?

THE MINISTER OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS AND PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (SHRI SATYA PRAKASH MALAVIYA); (a) No such formal proposal appears to have been received.

(b) Does not arise.

**Criteria for the distribution of High Speed Diesel**

629. SHRI PRAMOD MAHAJAN: Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased to State:

(a) what is the criteria for distribution of High Speed Diesel;

(b) whether the normal increase in demand due to increase in number of vehicles and growth of economy is taken care of under this criteria; and

(c) what are the additional demands of Maharashtra about High Speed Diesel and the Central Governments reaction thereto?

THE MINISTER OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS AND PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (SHRI SATYA PRAKASH MALAVIYA): (a) Criteria for' distribution of HSD is as as follows: —

. (i) HSD is presently being supplied to retail outlets throughout the country at the same level as in the corresponding period of the previous year. '

(ii) In respect of bulk consumers who receive supplies directly from oil companies, a 10 per cent cut is applicable on average offtakes in in the last 3 years, except for exempted categories like continuous process industries, export units, agro-based industry, sick industrial units for whom rehabilitation packages have been finalised by State|Central Financial Institutions, projects in coal and power sector, oil exploration and drilling projects, externally funded projects, Essential services etc.

(iii) There is ban on supply of HSD for new captive DG sets effective 8th October, 1990 except for the exempted categories.

(iv) There is a 10 per cent cut on . supplies of HSD to State Road Transport Undertakings over consumption in the previous year effective November 1, 1990. However, requirements of STU on account of net addition to fleet are being met in full.

(b) No, Sir.

(c) Additional demands for HSD has been received from Maharashtra
. from time to time, 3200 M. T. HSD has been released from Maharashtra in February, 1991 to meet the demand of the ■ agriculture sector, over and above the normal entitlement.

Action on the "request transfers of Physical Education Teachers and Yoga Teachers of Central Schools

630.. SHRIMATI BIJOYA CHAK--RAVARTY:. Will the Minister of HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) . whether it is a fact that the Physical Education Teachers and Yoga Teachers of the Central Schools have not been given 'request transf ers' since last academic session;

(b) if so, what-are the reasons and justification. thereof; and

(c) whether their requests will be acceded to before the end of the current academic session?

THE MINISTER OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT (SHRI RAJMANGAL PANDE): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) and (c) The Yoga Teachers were initially appointed. on *ad hoc* basis when yoga teaching was started experimentally. It was subsequently decided to integrate Physical Education and Yoga in Kendriya Vidyalayas and. to regularise Yoga Teachers after they acquire' the qualifications of Physical Education Teachers. In the meantime, request transfers are not being permitted.

DGCA guidelines on refuelling of International Aircrafts

631. SHRI HARVENDRA SINGH • HANSPAL: ■ SHRI GURDAS DAS GUPTA:

Will. the. Minister of CIVIL AVIATION be pleased to state:

(a) whether the DGCA has recently issued fresh guidelines for refuelling of unscheduled international flights; and

(b) if so, what are the details "thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF CIVIL AVIATION (SHRI HARMOHAN DHAW-AN): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) A copy of the new guidelines issued-by the Director General of

Civil Aviation under AIC No. 03/1991 dated 28-1-91 is attached.

*Guidelines*

In orders to tackle the difficult fuel situation caused by the Gulf war, the following guidelines shall be followed for supply of aviation fuel at Indian airports.

*Section A—Flights of foreign aircrafts*

1. *Scheduled Services*

1.1. Fuel will be made available to the Scheduled flights of foreign carriers cleared by DGCA in the Winter Schedule 1990-91.

1.2. Changes in existing schedule and additional scheduled flights will not be permitted by DGCA even within the bilateral entitlements, if extra fuel uplift is involved.

1.3. Emergency landings of over flying services and diversions will be considered for refuelling only if DGCA is satisfied about the genuine ness of the circumstances. Instructions in each such case will be issued by DGCA to the concerned ATC unit.

2. *Non Schedule Flights*

2.1. Non-schedule| Charter| extra-section flights _ already permitted by DGCA shall be allowed refuelling.

2.2. New cargo charter flights will be allowed refuelling provided they are terminating in India..

2.3. New tourists charters cleared by DGCA will be allowed to uplift fuel.

2.4. Refuelling will be allowed to the aircraft operating flights for foreign Missions in India.

*Section B-Domestic operations*

1.. Scheduled Services

Air Indiajlndian Airlines Yayudoot will follow the Government directive regarding fuel-cut.

2. *Air Taxi Operations*

Air Taxi permit holders will be allowed fuel uplift. Existing permit holders should not increase the number of their aircraft.

3. *Private\non-Scheduled operations and State Government operations*

Aircraft of non-scheduled operators, private operators and State Governments and aircraft engaged in tourist-sports activities shall be allowed fuel uplift to the extent of 75 per cent of the previous quarter September-December 1990.

4. *Flying Clubs\Institutes\Schools*

Aircraft belonging to Flying Clubs | Institutes [Schools will be allowed fuel uplift to meet their requirement for training purposes.

5. *Pawan Hans*

Pawan Hans will be permitted fuel uplift to meet their operational re-quirements.

*Section C—General*

1. Flights not covered in the above paragraphs will not be allowed refuelling at Indian airports except with a special authorisation from DGCA.

2. While clearing flights DGCA will make a specific mention as to whether refuelling is permitted or not,

3. In case of international flights fuel uplift will be limited to the minimum fuel required for operation of the next sector.

Unfilled vacancies of Teachers In the Kendriya Vidyalayas

632. SHRI ASHOK NATH VERMA: ' Will the Minister of HUMAN RES-OURCE DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a)" whether it is a fact that vacancies' of certain categories of teachers have not been advertised by Kendriya Vidyalaya Sangathan ■ during the current and preceding academic sessions;

(b) whether it is also a fact that hundreds of such vacancies remained unfilled during these sessions;

(c) if so, what are the reasons therefor; and

(d) whether these vacancies are proposed to be filled up in the near future?

THE MINISTER OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT (SHRI RAJMANGAL PANDE): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) Yes, Sir.

(c) and (d) As sufficient number of empanelled candidates are available for the posts of Post Graduate Teachers, no advertisement was necessary in respect of General category for the preceding and current academic sessions. However, there are vacancies of Post Graduate Teachers in the reserved categories for which an advertisement has been issued. For the posts of PRTs, Trained Graduate Teachers and miscellaneous categories of teachers, advertisement could not be issued depending review of Recruitment Rules.

The vacancies of teachers continue to arise from time to time due to creation of posts, promotions, retirement and resignation, etc. and continuous efforts are always on to fill them up.

**Transfer of Teachers by the Principals of Kendriya Vidyalayas**

633. SHRI ASHOK NATH VERMA: Will the Minister of HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that some teachers were rendered surplus in different Kendriya Vidyalayas at the beginning of the current academic session following revised staff-strength sanctions;

(b) whether it is also a fact that Principals of such Vidyalayas have since been authorised to transfer them;

(c) if so, what are the details of such authorisation and if no such power has been given how the Principal of Kendriya Vidyalaya No. 3, Amritsar transferred some such teachers; and

(d) what are the details of action taken/proposed to be taken against the erring Principal?

THE MINISTER OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT (SHRI RAJMANGAL PANDE): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) and (c) Principals are not authorised to transfer any teacher, even when rendered surplus. However, the Principal Kendriya Vidyalaya No. 3 Amritsar had relieved some such surplus teachers. Orders to restore the status-quo *ante*. have since been issued.

(d) Explanation of the Principal has since been called for.

**संघ राज्य क्षेत्र, दिल्ली में एल.पी.जी. के उपभोक्ता**

634. **श्री राम जेठमलानी :**
**सरदार जगजीत सिंह अरोड़ा :**

क्या पैट्रोलियम और रसायन मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) दिसम्बर, 1990 तक संघ राज्य क्षेत्र, दिल्ली में एल.पी.जी. के उपभोक्ताओं की कुल संख्या कितनी थी;

(ख) दिल्ली में एल. पी. जी. सिलेण्डरों की माहवार मांग कितनी है;

(ग) विभिन्न तेल कम्पनियों द्वारा वितरकों को माहवार सप्लाई किए जाने वाले सिलेण्डरों की कुल संख्या कितनी है;

(घ) क्या सरकार दिल्ली में एल. पी. जी. सिलेण्डरों की मांग और पूर्ति को ध्यान में रखते हुए एल.पी.जी. सिलेण्डरों की वर्तमान वितरण प्रणाली और सुधार करने का विचार कर रही है;

(ङ) यदि नहीं, तो उसके क्या कारण हैं ?

**पैट्रोलियम और रसायन मंत्री तथा संसदीय कार्य मंत्री (श्री सत्य प्रकाश मालवीय)** : (क) से (ग) सूचना एकत्र की जा रही है और सभा पटल पर रख दी जाएगी।

(घ) जी, हां।

(ङ) प्रश्न नहीं उठता।

**कोयला धुलाई कारखानों में विद्युत का अभाव**

635. **श्री रणजीत सिंह** : क्या ऊर्जा मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या यह सच है कि कोयला धुलाई कारखानों में विद्युत के अभाव के कारण उनके उत्पादन पर विपरीत प्रभाव पड़ा है ;

(ख) यदि हां, तो 1990-91 के वित्तीय वर्ष में जनवरी, 1991 के अंत तक इन धुलाई कारखानों के उत्पादन आंकड़े क्या थे ;

(ग) क्या पिछले वर्ष की उसी अवधि की तुलना में उत्पादन कम हुआ है ; और

(घ) इन धुलाई कारखानों की मासिक विद्युत जरूरत कितनी है तथा चालू वित्तीय वर्ष के दौरान जनवरी, 1991 के अंत तक मासिक विद्युत उपलब्धता का ब्यौरा क्या है ?

**ऊर्जा मंत्री (श्री कल्याण सिंह कालवी)** : (क) जी, हां । विद्युत की कमी का वाशरियों के कार्य निष्पादन पर, विशेषकर भारत कोकिंग कोल लि० की वाशरियों पर, प्रतिकूल प्रभाव पड़ा है ।

(ख) और (ग) वाशरियों द्वारा अप्रैल-जनवरी, 1990-91 तथा अप्रैल-जनवरी, 1989-90 की अवधि में हुआ उत्पादन और इस संबंध में उत्पादन में आए अन्तराल को विवरण के रूप में नीचे दिया गया है :—

**विवरण**

(आंकड़े हजार टन में)

| नाम | अप्रैल-जनवरी | | अन्तराल |
|---|---|---|---|
| | 1990-91 (अनंतिम) | 1989-90 | |
| दुग्दा-I | 459 | 443 | (+) 16 |
| दुग्दा-II | 473 | 459 | (+) 14 |
| भौजूडीह | 844 | 832 | (+) 12 |
| पाथरडीह | 336 | 434 | (-) 98 |
| लोडना | 136 | 138 | (-) 2 |
| सुदामडीह | 351 | 431 | (-) 80 |
| बरोरा | 36 | 63 | (-) 27 |
| मुनीडीह | 288 | 367 | (-) 79 |
| मजूदा | 38 | 44 | (-) 6 |
| जोड़ भा०को०को०लि० | 2961 | 3211 | (-) 250 |

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
|---|---|---|---|
| कारगली . . . . | 971 | 901 | (+) 70 |
| कथारा . . . . . | 494 | 593 | (-) 99 |
| सवांग . . . . . | 515 | 572 | (-) 57 |
| बिडी . . . . . | 616 | 577 | (+) 39 |
| *राजरप्पा . . . . | 191 | 538 | (+) 253 |
| कुल से०को०लि० . . . . | 3387 | 3181 | (+) 206 |
| नंदन (के०को०लि०) . . . | 300 | 255 | (+) 45 |
| कुल को०इं०लि० . . . . | 6648 | 6647 | (+) 1 |

*वर्ष 1989-90 के दौरान निरीक्षणाधीन के अंतर्गत चालू किया गया ।

(घ) इस संबंध में यथा संभव सूचना एकत्रित की जा रही है और सभा पटल पर रख दी जाएगी ।

**तकनीकी शिक्षा का विकास और विस्तार**

636. **श्री राम जेठमलानी :**
**सरदार जगजीत सिंह अरोड़ा :**

क्या **मानव संसाधन विकास** मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या देश में तकनीकी शिक्षा के विकास तथा विस्तार के लिए अखिल भारतीय तकनीकी शिक्षा परिषद् द्वारा विश्व बैंक की सहायता से कोई परियोजना तैयार की गई है;

(ख) यदि हां, तो 1990-91 के दौरान इस परियोजना के प्रथम चरण में कुल कितने नये तकनीकी शिक्षा संस्थान स्थापित किये जाने का विचार है;

(ग) क्या ऐसे संस्थानों की स्थापना के लिए स्थानों की पहचान कर ली गई है;

(घ) यदि हां, तो तत्संबंधी ब्यौरा क्या है; तथा क्या उनके खोले जाने के लिए शैक्षिक दृष्टि से पिछड़े क्षेत्रों को प्राथमिकता दी जाएगी; और

(ङ) यदि हां, तो ऐसे पिछड़े क्षेत्रों की संख्या कितनी है जहां 1990-91 के दौरान ये संस्थान खोले जायेंगे ?

**मानव संसाधन विकास मंत्री (श्री राजमंगल पाण्डेय)** : (क) से (ङ) देश में तकनीशियन (पालिटेक्निक) शिक्षा का स्तरोन्नयन करने के लिए विश्व बैंक की सहायता से सरकार द्वारा एक परियोजना आरम्भ की गई है। मुख्य रूप से यह राज्य क्षेत्र की एक ऐसी परियोजना है जिसमें अखिल भारतीय तकनीकी शिक्षा परिषद् द्वारा अनुमोदित/मान्यता प्राप्त पालिटेक्निकों को शामिल किया गया है। इस परियोजना के प्रथम (1990--1997) चरण में, अन्य बातों के साथ-साथ, सम्बन्धित राज्य सरकारों द्वारा विकास की उनकी प्राथमिकताओं, स्थानीय आवश्यकताओं, विद्यमान सुविधाओं, जनशक्ति, अपेक्षाओं आदि को ध्यान में रखते हुए उन्हीं के द्वारा अनेक नए पालिटेक्निकों की स्थापना की परिकल्पना की गई है। तथापि, वर्ष 1990-91 के दौरान

किसी नए पालिटेक्निक की स्थापना का कोई प्रस्ताव नहीं है।

**विभिन्न हवाई अड्डों पर विमान द्वारा भेजे जाने के लिए पड़ा माल**

637. **श्री राम जेठ मलानी :**
**श्री रणजीत सिंह :**
**डा० जिनेन्द्र कुमार जैन :**
**श्री बलराम सिंह यादव :**

क्या **नागर विमानन** मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या यह सच है कि जनवरी, 1991 के अंत तक देश के विभिन्न हवाई अड्डों पर विदेशों को भेजा जाने वाला बकाया माल भारी मात्रा में पड़ा था;

(ख) यदि हां, तो जनवरी, 1991 में हवाई अड्डा वार पड़े हुए ऐसे माल का ब्यौरा क्या है;

(ग) क्या सरकार ने इस बकाया माल को यथाशीघ्र विदेशों को भेजने को सुनिश्चित करने के लिए एयर इंडिया को आर्थिक सहायता दिये जाने का कोई प्रस्ताव किया है; और

(घ) यदि हां, तो दी जाने वाली इस आर्थिक सहायता की धनराशि कितनी है तथा बकाया माल के कब तक विदेशों को भेज दिए जाने की संभावना है?

**नागर विमानन मंत्रालय के राज्य मंत्री (श्री हरमोहन धवन)** : (क) और (ख) जी, नहीं। 31.1.91 को स्टाक निम्नानुसार था :

| | |
|---|---|
| दिल्ली | 1760 मिट्रिक टन |
| बम्बई | 226 मिट्रिक टन |
| मद्रास | 254 मिट्रिक टन |
| कलकत्ता | 80 मिट्रिक टन |

(ग) और (घ) एयर इंडिया को फरवरी से मई, 1991 की अवधि में प्रति सप्ताह 100 टन की अतिरिक्त क्षमता जुटाने के लिए कहा गया है। सरकार एअर इंडिया को संभावित हानि के लिए अधिकतम सीमा तक 12 करोड़ रुपए तक की क्षतिपूर्ति करेगी।

**देश में इंजीनयरी तथा पालिटेकनिक कालेजों में प्रवेश हेतु मार्ग-निर्देशन**

638. **डा० जिनेन्द्र कुमार जैन :**
**श्री बलराम सिंह यादव :**

क्या **मानव संसाधन विकास** मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या अखिल भारतीय तकनीकी शिक्षा परिषद् ने समूचे भारत में इंजीनियरी और पालिटेकनिक कालेजों में दाखिलों में एकरूपता लाने के लिए योग्यता के आधार पर कुछ मार्गनिर्देश विनिर्दिष्ट किए हैं;

(ख) यदि हां, तो उनका ब्यौरा क्या है;

(ग) क्या आगामी वर्ष में उपरोक्त संस्थानों में दाखिले इन मार्गनिर्देशों के आधार पर किए जायेंगे; और

(घ) यदि नहीं, तो उसके क्या कारण हैं?

**मानव संसाधन विकास मंत्री (श्री राजमंगल पाण्डेय)** : (क) से (घ) अखिल भारतीय तकनीकी शिक्षा परिषद ने तकनीकी संस्थाओं में दाखिलों के लिए मार्गदर्शी रूपरेखाएं निर्धारित की हैं। निर्धारित की गई मार्गदर्शी रूपरेखाएं निम्नलिखित हैं :-

**1. इंजीनियरी कालेजों में डिग्री पाठ्यक्रमों के लिए**

इन्जीनियरी में डिग्री कार्यक्रमों में दाखिले के लिए न्यूनतम अर्हता, परीक्षा में एक ही बार बैठने से भौतिकी, रसायन शास्त्र और गणित में न्यूनतम कुल अंकों के 60 प्रतिशत अंकों सहित 10+2 विज्ञान शिक्षा की परीक्षा में उत्तीर्ण होगी। यह मानदंड उन दाखिलों के लिए लागू होगा जहां 10+2 विज्ञान शिक्षा की परीक्षा में उपलब्ध अंकों के आधार पर दाखिले किये जाते हैं और प्रवेश परीक्षा के आधार पर नहीं।

इसके अलावा यह भी सुझाव दिया गया है कि सभी राज्यों को 12+स्तर पर भौतिकी, रसायनशास्त्र और गणित विषयों में प्रवेश परीक्षाएं आयोजित करनी चाहिये। प्रवेश परीक्षा की पात्रता के लिए न्यूनतम अंक निर्धारित करने की आवश्यकता नहीं है और उन सभी छात्रों को, जिन्होंने अर्हक परीक्षा उत्तीर्ण कर ली है, प्रवेश परीक्षा में बैठने की अनुमति की जानी चाहिये। प्रवेश परीक्षा में योग्यता का रैंक ही दाखिले का आधार होना चाहिये।

**2. पालीटेकनिकों में दाखिल के लिए डिप्लोमा पाठ्यक्रम**

इंजीनियरी में डिप्लोमा कार्यक्रमों में दाखिले के लिए न्यूनतम अर्हता परीक्षा में एक ही बार में बैठने से विज्ञान तथा गणित में न्यूनतम कुल अंकों के 60 प्रतिशत अंकों सहित 10+परीक्षा में उत्तीर्ण होनी चाहिये। यह मानदंड वहां भी लागू होगा, जहां दाखिले 10+परीक्षा में प्राप्त अंकों के आधार पर किये जाते हैं।

इसके अतिरिक्त यह भी सुझाया गया है कि दाखिले सम्बंधित राज्य सरकारों द्वारा केन्द्रीय रूप से अभिशासित होने चाहिये। दाखिले के लिए उम्मीदवारों के चयन करने का मानदंड 10+स्तर की माध्यमिक स्कूल छोड़ने की प्रमाण पत्र परीक्षा उत्तीर्ण करने पर सभी विषयों में अंकों की कुल प्रतिशतता पर आधारित योग्यता का रैंक होना चाहिये अथवा यह प्रवेश परीक्षा के आधार पर होने चाहिये यदि यह परीक्षा राज्य सरकार द्वारा आयोजित की जाती है।

3. आरक्षित वर्गों के लिए दाखिले सम्बंधित राज्य सरकारों/संघ शासित क्षेत्र के प्रशासनों द्वारा यथा निर्धारित सम्बंधित वर्गों की योग्यता के आधार पर किये जायेंगे।

4. तकनीकी संस्थाओं में दाखिले के लिए इन मार्गदर्शी रूप रेखाओं की शैक्षिक वर्ष 1991-92 से कार्यान्वयन हेतु उपाय आरम्भ करने के लिए इन्हें सभी राज्य सरकारों/संघ शासित प्रदेशों को जारी कर दिया गया है। सम्बंधित राज्य सरकारें सम्बद्ध विश्वविद्यालयों/राज्य तकनीकी शिक्षा बोर्डों के परामर्श से इस ओर अपेक्षित कार्रवाई कर रही हैं।

**उपभोक्ताओं द्वारा एल०पी०जी० सिलेंडरों की बुकिंग कराने के लिए समय सीमा**

639. **श्री रणजीत सिंह :**
**डा० जितेन्द्र कुमार जैन :**

क्या **पैट्रोलियम और रसायन** मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:

(क) क्या यह सच है कि खाड़ी युद्ध के कारण पैट्रोलियम पदार्थों के समुचित प्रयोग को बढ़ावा देने के लिए सरकार ने उपभोक्ताओं द्वारा एल०पी०जी० सिलेण्डरों के बुक कराने के लिए कम से कम 21 दिन की समय सीमा निर्धारित की है;

(ख) यदि हां, तो क्या उपभोक्ताओ के हितों को ध्यान में रखते हुए सरकार ने एल.पी.जी. के वितरकों को एक निर्धारित अवधि के भीतर एल०पी०जी० सिलेण्डरों की सप्लाई करने के निर्देश दिये हैं;

(ग) यदि हां, तो वितरकों द्वारा उपभोक्ताओं को सिलेण्डर सप्लाई करने की न्यूनतम अवधि क्या है; और

(घ) क्या सिलेण्डरों की विलम्ब से सप्लाई करने के संबंध में वितरकों के विरुद्ध प्राप्त शिकायतों के आधार पर सरकार द्वारा कोई कार्यवाई की गई है?

**पैट्रोलियम और रसायन मंत्री तथा संसदीय कार्य मंत्री (श्री सत्य प्रकाश मालवीय)** :(क) से (ग) रिफिल की बुकिंग और उसकी अंतिम आपूर्ति की अवधि 21 दिन से कम करके 10 दिन की कर दी गई है। एल.पी.जी. विपणन तेल कम्पनियों से एल.पी.जी. वितरकों को रिफिलों की आपूर्ति "प्रथम आओ, प्रथम पाओ" आधार पर तत्परता से

करने के अनुदेश हैं। हालांकि मार्किट में यदि बैकलॉग रहता है तो थोड़ा विलम्ब होने से इंकार नहीं किया जा सकता।

(घ) एल.पी.जी. वितरकों के विरुद्ध सभी शिकायतों की जांच की जाती है और जहां ये सिद्ध होती हैं, वहां विपणन अनुशासन मार्ग-निर्देशों एवं डीलरशिप करारों के अंतर्गत कार्रवाई की जाती है।

Expansion of Vijayawada **and Tiru-pati Airports**

640. DR. YELAMANCHILI SIVA-JI: Will the Minister of CIVIL AVIATION be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the work of expansion of airports at Vijayawada and Tirupati in Andhra Pradesh is in progress;

(b) if so, what are the details thereof; and

(e) by when the work is likely to be completed at these airports?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF CIVIL AVIATION (SHRI HARMOHAN DHA-WAN): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The details of work to be executed are as fellows: —

(1) Expansion and strengthen ing of Runway to 7500 feet.

(2) Widening and Strengthening of taxi-track;

(3) Widening and strengthening of apron;

(4) Construction of new terminal building at Vijayawada and new terminal building and control tower at Tirupati.

■ *(c)* The duration for completion of work is 30 months from the date of award of contract.

**Power supplied by N. T. P. C.**

641. DR. YELAMANCHILI SIVA-JI: Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state the details of power supplied by the National Thermal Power Corporation to various States, State-wise and year-wise, during the last five years?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF ENERGY (SHRI BABANRAO DHAKNE): The information regarding energy sent out to the various States from the National Thermal Power Corporation (NTPC)' power projects during the last 5 years is given below: —

| | 1986-87 (MUs) | 1987-88 (MUs) | 1988-89 (MUs) | 1989-90 (MUs) | 1990-91 (Upto Dec., 90)(MUs |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| *NORTHERN REGION* | | | | | |
| Uttar Pradesh. | 3490 | 4545 | 5059 | 7110 | 6015 |
| Rajasthan | 901 | 1675 | 2195 | 2898 | 2252 |
| Delhi.... | 1114 | 1514 | 1538 | 2242 | 1728 |
| Punjab.... | 202 | 940 | 1192 | 1146 | 1049 |
| Haryana.... | 446 | 939. | 1203 | 1590 | 1226 |
| Himachal Pradesh | 44 | 134 | 93 | 119 | 93 |
| Chandigarh (UT) | 7 | 11 | 111 | 169 | 100 |
| Jammu & Kashmir | 4 | 3 | 38 | 171 | 259 |

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| *WESTERN REGION* | | | | | / |
| Madhya Pradesh ■ | 2055 | 2430 | 3774 | 5134 | 4546 |
| Maharashtra.... | 1207 | 475 | '. 2255 | 3750 | 3312 |
| | 6I5 | 1066 | 1794 | 2356 | 2551 |
| Goa.. | 207 | 350 | 409 | 400 | 307 |
| Dadra & Nagar Haveli. | | | | 87 | 95 |
| Daman & Diu. . . . | •• | .. | | 37 | 39 |
| *SOUTHERN REGION* | | | | | |
| Andhra Pradesh-. . . . | 2009 | 1630 | 1561 | 2278 | 1093 |
| Karnataka..... | 1165 | 1410 | 1238 | 1628 | 1159 |
| Tamil Nadu..... | 396 | | 1293 | 2447 | 2148 |
| | 229 | 424 | 485 | 729 | 508 |
| *EASTERN REGION* | | | | | |
| West Bengal | 110 | *62* | 428 | 557 | 444 |
| Bihar..... | 89 | 199 | 686 | 1251 | 116 |
| | 64 | 260 | 227 | 188 | 70 |
| Sikkim... | | 2 | 5 | 26 | 3 |
| *DVC (SYSTEM)-. '. ". | 209 | 509 | 314 | 543 | 590 |

*DVC-has-been established by DVC Act 1948 for the development of the Damodar Villey in-Bihar and West Bengal. - - - -

**Pending Complaints against LPG dealers in the Country**

642. DR. YELAMANCHILI SIVAJI: Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased to state:

(a) how many complaints are pending against LPG dealers in the country, State-wise; and

(b) what is the nature of these complaints?

THE MINISTER OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS AND PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (SHRI SATYA PRAKASH MALAVIYA): (a) and (b) The effort involved in collecting the information regarding the complaints pending against each of the 3738 LPG distributors operating as on 1-4-1990 all over the country. Statewise and the nature of these complaints, is not commensurate with the objective sought to be achieved.

Private Sector's share in Power Generation

643. SHRI CHIMANBHAI MEHTA: SHRI SOM PAL: SHRIMATI MIRA DAS:

Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to refer to the answer to Starred Question 159 given in the Rajya Sabha on the 7th January. 1991 and state:

(a) what is the average plant load factor in India, State-wise, including the Central Sector and what is the plant load factor in major private sector power houses; and

(b) what are the reasons for losses of power in transmission and whether any device has been worked out to control, detect or prevent such losses?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF ENERGY (SHRI BABANRAO DHAKNE): (a) A Statement indicating plant load factor in respect of thermal power stations of State Electricity Boards, Central thermal power stations and private sector during January, 1991 is enclosed.

(b) The high transmission and distribution losses in the country are primarily due to the following factors: —

(i) Weak and inadequate sub-transmission and distribution sys tems.

(ii) Low power factor operera-tion due to inadequate reactive compensation in the system.

(iii) Long low voltage distribution lines.

(iv) Large scale rural electrifica tion programme undertaken in the country resulting in long rural lines and low power factor in many areas.

(v) Too many transformation stages, resulting in higher component of transformer losses.

(vi) Pilferage and theft of energy.

(vii) Improper load management, resulting in over-loading of systems;

(viii) Unmetered supply.

(ix) Financial constraints to un-dertake system improvement schemes and to provide the required adfinistrative machinery to check theft and pilferage of energy.

Comprehensive guidelines have been issued to the power Utilities for reducing the losses. These include, *inter-alia* conducting of the energy audit for identifying the system elements responsible for excessive losses, installing capacitors to improve the voltage profile, preparation of system improvement schemes for strengthening and improvement of their transmission and distribution systems, installing temper proof meter boxes to check theft of energy and setting up vigilance squads to detect cases of theft of energy. The theft of energy has been made a cognizable offence under the provisions of Section 39 of Indian Electricity Act, 1910. An Incentive Scheme was introduced by the Government of India witJi effect from the year 1987 for bringing about reduction in the Transmission and Distribution losses.

**Statement**

***Plant load factor of various State Electricity Boards Central Sector and Private Sector generating stations during January, 1991***

| Name of the Utility/Station | Plant Load Factor during January, 1991 (%)* |
|---|---|
| 1 | 2 |
| *THERMAL* | |
| 1. *S.E.B.S.* | |
| D.E.S.U. | 53·8 |
| J. & K. | — |
| H.S.E.B. | 44·4 |
| R.S.E.B. | 56·3 |
| P.S.E.B. | 63·8 |
| U.P.S.E.B. | 57·9 |
| U.P. VID. UT. | — |
| G.E.B. | 58·3 |
| M.S.E.B. | 69·5 |
| M.P.E.B. | 59·7 |
| A.P.S.E.B. | 76·2 |
| T.N.E.B. | 63·6 |
| K.S.E.B. | 89·9 |
| B.S.E.B. | 21·0 |
| O.S.E.B. | 33·3 |
| W.B.S.E.B. | 29·1 |
| W.B.P.DEV. C. | 39·4 |
| D.P.L. | 25·2 |
| A.S.E.B. | 33·5 |
| TRIPURA | — |
| TOTAL S.E.B. | 57·1 |
| 2. *CENTRAL SECTOR* | |
| N.T.P.C. | |
| Balarpur | 67·7 |
| *S.T.P.S.* | |
| Singrauli | 66·8 |

| | |
|---|---|
| 1 | 66-0 |
| | 59-7 |
| Korba STPS. | 814 |
| | 76 4 |
| | 55 9 |
| | 67 4 |
| TOTAL STPS. * | |
| Anta (GT) | 67-4 |
| | 73-4 |
| | 33 9 |
| | 63-7 |
| *3... PRIVATE SECTOR.* ■. | 60- 4 |
| | 38-7 |
| Trombay. | 61-4 |
| | 47. 8 |
| TOTAL PVT. SECTOR. 4. | 58-5 |
| TOTAL ALL INDIA | |

* Based on Actual -Cum- Assessment

Expansion of Dabolin Airport in Goa

644. SHRI JOHN F. FERNANDES: Will the Minister of CIVIL AVIATION be pleased to state:

(a), whether Government, are aware of hardships being faced by travelling public as Dabolin airport at Goa can accommodate only one Boing and one Airbus at a time;

(b) whether there was any plan to expand the airport; and

(c) if so, what are the. details thereof and by when the work for expansion is likely to start?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF CIVIL AVIATION (SHRI HARMOHAN DBAWAN): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) Yes, Sir.

(c) There is a proposal to extend and modify the existing terminal building and construct a new international block for limited international operations. The work is planned to be taken up during 1991-92,

Expansion of Civil Terminal of Dabolin Airport, Goa

645. SHRI JOHN F. FERNANDES: Will the Minister of CIVIL AVIATION be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are aware of the need for expansion of Civil Terminal at Dabolin airport, Goa as a part of it has not been released by the Indian Navy;

(b) whether Government would consider for providing an open space on the first floor of the terminal building of departure lounge which

will improve sound accousticity and airconditioning; and

(c) whether his Ministry has approached the Indian Navy to shift their gate so that some space may be available for parking purpose?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF CIVIL AVIATION (SHRI HARMOHAN DHAWAN): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) Yes, Sir.

(c) No, Sir. ....

**Review of Assessed amounts under DPEA**

646. SHRI K. G. " MAHESWARAPPA: SHRIMATI SATYA BAHIN:

Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMCALS be pleased to state:

(a) on what basis his Ministry ordered review of amounts assessed under DPEA;

(b) what are the names of the companies which have gone to courts against the amounts assessed after review; and

(c) what is the decision of the courts in each case?

THE MINISTER OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS AND PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (SHRI SATYA **PRAKASH MTALAVIYA):** (a) In view of receipt of various complaints against the findings of the Special Team and the amounts assessed against some companies it was decided to review the amounts assessed against various companies.

(b) Ms Hoechst India Ltd., and M/s Glaxo Labs., India Ltd. are the only companies who have gone to the Court after the liabilities assessed or the basis of review were communicated to them.

(c) The Courts have granted interim stays against recoveries to both the parties and the Writs ar$_e$ yet to be admitted. The matters are, therefore, sub-judice.

**इलैक्ट्रो-होम्योपैथी चिकित्सा प्रणाली के डाक्टरों को मान्यता प्रदान करना**

647. **श्री विश्वासराव रामराव पाटिल :** क्या **स्वास्थ्य और परिवार कल्याण** मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या यह सच है कि आल इन्डिया इलेक्ट्रो-होम्योपैथी स्टूडेन्टस एण्ड डॉक्टर्स फ़ेडरेशन, पुणे तथा इलेक्ट्रोपैथी मेडिकोस ऑफ़ इंडिया, जलगांव (महाराष्ट्र) ने केन्द्र सरकार को इलेक्ट्रो-होम्योपैथी चिकित्सा प्रणाली के डाक्टरों को प्रेक्टिस करने की अनुमति दिये जाने तथा उन्हें मान्यता प्रदान करने के लिये कोई अभ्यावदन दिया है; और

(ख) यदि हां, तो तत्संबंधी ब्यौरा क्या है और उस पर सरकार ने क्या कार्यवाई की है?

**स्वास्थ्य और परिवार कल्याण मंत्रालय में उपमंत्री और उद्योग मंत्रालय में उप मंत्री (श्री दलई चौधरी)** (क) जी हां।

(ख) अभ्यावेदकों ने इलेक्ट्रोहोम्योपैथी चिकित्सा पद्धति की प्रैक्टिस करने के लिए अनुमति मांगी है। इस पद्धति को मान्यता देने या न देने के प्रश्न पर विचार करने के लिए इलेक्ट्रोपैथी/इलेक्ट्रो-होम्योपैथी पर सितम्बर, 1988 में स्थापित जांच समिति ने अपनी रिपोर्ट में, जो दिसम्बर 1990 में प्रस्तुत की गई थी, इलेक्ट्रो-होम्योपैथी को चिकित्सा पद्धति के रूप में मान्यता देने की सिफ़ारिश नहीं की है, किन्तु यह सुझाव दिया कि :

(i) केन्द्रीय होम्योपैथी परिषद इस बात पर विचार करे कि क्या होम्योपैथी के समान होने के कारण इलेक्ट्रोहोम्योपैथी को होम्योपैथी के अंतगत एक विषय के रूप में पढ़ाया जा सकता है, (ii) परिषद इलेक्ट्रो-होम्योपैथी की मौजूदा

संस्थाओं में होम्योपैथी को एक विषय के रूप में पढ़ाए जाने के लिए उनकी उपयुक्तता के बारे में भी विचार कर सकती है, और (iii) परिषद को बुनियादी ढांचे, पाठ्यचर्या और विभिन्न संस्थाओं में शिक्षण के मानकों की जांच करनी चाहिए तथा ऐसी संस्थाओं को मान्यता प्रदान करने की संभावना पर विचार करना चाहिए जो होम्योपैथी परिषद द्वारा शिक्षण संस्थाओं में लागू मौजूदा मानकों को पूरा करती हों। जांच-समिति की रिपोर्ट की जांच की जा रही है लेकिन इसकी सिफ़ारिशों पर अभी कोई निर्णय नहीं लिया गया है।

Protest by specialist doctors against the findings of High Powered Committee

648. SHRI HARVENDRA SINGH HANSPAL: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

fa) whether the specialist doctors in the Central Government hospitals and institutions have threatened to resort to mass resignation to protest against the findings of the High Powered Committee which reviewed the career prospects of service doctors;

(b) if so, what is Government's reaction thereto; and

(c) whether Government propose to further review the career prospects of service doctors; if so, what are the details thereof?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE AND DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (SHRI DASAI CHOWDHARY): (a) The Specialist Officers Association of Central Health Service in their letters dated 31-1-91, 1-2-91 and 8—2—91 and the Association of Public Health Specialists of CHS in their etter dated 11-2-91 sent to the Ministry of Health and Family Welfare have not threatened to resort to mas resignation, to protest against the findings of the High Power Com-mittee.

(b) Does not arise.

(c) Government are considering the recommendations of the High Power Committee.

Report of the Enquiry Committee on the blast in IPCL's Nagothane Plant

649. SHRI CHIMANBHAI MEHTA: SHRI SOM PAX,: SHRIMATI MIRA DAS:

Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased to refer to the answer to Unstarred Ques-ion No. 433 given in the Rajya Sa-bha on the 22nd January, 1991 and state:

(a) whether the high powered en quiry committee set up to look into the cause of blast that occurred in the Indian Petro-chemicals Corpora tion's Nagothane Plant in November, 1990 has since submitted its report; and

(b) if so, what are the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS AND PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (SHRI SATYA PRAKASH MALAVIYA): (a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

Assessment of liabilities against IDPD AND HAL

650. DR. RATNAKAR PANDEY: Will the Minster of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be peased to refer $t_0$ the answer to Starred Question 153 given in the Rajya Sabha on 7th January, 1991 and state:

(a) what is the progress in finalisation of liabilities in the case of IDPL I and HAL; and

(b) what are the names of drugs and formulations involved of each company and by when the final liability in each case would be assesed?

THE MINISTER OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS AND PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (SHRI SATYA PRAKASH MALAVIYA): (a) and (b) To the extent information is available a statement giving the details is attached. Final liabilities against both these companies are in the process of being assessed.

Statement

| SI. No. | Name of the Company | Name of the drug/formulation involved |
|---|---|---|
| 1 | I. D. P. L. | 1. Refampicin<br>2. Metronidazole<br>3. Vit. B2<br>4. Hydroxy Lamine Sulphate<br>5. Vitl. Bl HCL<br>V. Bl Mono<br>6. Tetracycline<br>7. Sulphadimiaine |
| 2 | H. A. L | 1. Refampicin |

**Fixation of prices and finished medicines**

651. SHRI H. HANUMAN-THAPPA:

CHOWDHARY RAM SEWAK:

Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased tostate:

(a) whether it is a fact that notified prices are being used for fixation of prices of finished medicines without verifying and seeing the actual cost of bulk drugs and excipients;

(b) whether it is a fact that such a practice has given rise to disproportionate increase in the prices of finished medicines;

(c) if so, what is the justification for such a practice;

(d) whether it is a fact thai formu-latprp Of Metra nldazole, Sulphame-thaxazole, Ampicillin and certain other drugs gained crores of rupees on this account; and

(e) what steps have been taken to put a stop to this practice and to fix responsibility for the past action?

THE MINISTER OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS AND PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (SHRI SATYA PRAKASH MALAVIYA): (a) to (e) Earlier the prices of formuations were fixed on the basis of notified price of the bulk drug in accordance with the policy followed them. However, it has now been deided to fix the prices of formulations on the basis of the purchase price or the notified price, whichever is lower. The prices of excipients are regulated as per fixed norms.

Availability of Chloramphenicol and Paracetamol at fair prices

652. SHRI H HANUMAN-THAPPA:
CHOWDHARY RAM SEWAK:

Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that besides scarcity Chloramphenicol and

Paracetamol are being sold at prices higher than the notified prices;

(b) what is the notified price fixed for each of these drugs and what is the price at which these drugs are being sold in the market; and

(c) what steps have been taken to fix a fair price so that there is adequate availability of these drugs?

THE MINISTER OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS AND PARLIA-MENTARY AFFAIRS (SHRI SATYA PRAKASH MALAVTYA): (a) Reports of Chloramphenicol and Paracetamol being sold at a price higher than the notified price have been received.

(b) The notified price of Chloram phenicol Powder is Rs. 1300)- per Kg. and that of Paracetamol is Rs. 1371 - per Kg. Market prices for the drugs are not monitored by my Ministry.

(c) There is no shortage of formu lations and the bulk drugs in the market.

**Prices of Decadren and Dexona formulations**

653. SHRI H. HANUMAN-THAPPA:
CHOWDHARY RAM SEWAK:

Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased to state:

(a) what were the prices or Deca-dron and Dexona brand formulations fixed under DPCO, 1979;

(b) whether it is a fact that these prices have not been implemented so far and the public continues to be overcharged;

(c) what are the names of companies which are marketing these products;

(d) what is the amount overcharged and what steps have been taken to recover the same; and

(e) what is the name of the drug on which these medicines are based and what was the price of bulk drug taken for fixation of prices of finished medicines?

THE MINISTER OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS AND PARLIA, MENTARY AFFAIRS (SHRI SATYA PRAKASH MALAVIYA): (a) to (e) Decadron and Dexona range of formulations belong to M/s. Merind and M/s. Cadila respectively. These formulations are based on buls drug De-xamethasone pure/Dexamethasone 21-Phosphate. The prices of Decadron range of formulations could not be fixed under DPCO, 1979 due to stay of the Delhi High Court obtained by M/s. Merind. As regard Desma range of formulations, as per available information, a price of Rs. 2. 83 **was** fix-eel for Dexona Eye/Ear drops, 2. 5 ml bottle under DPCO, 1979. Against M/s. Merind, a tentative liability of Rs. 781. 58 lakhs upto 31-12-1983 has been assessed and they have already been asked to deposit the amount due from them with the Government. As regards Cadila, the position is being ascertained.

**Fixation of formulation Prices**

654. SHRI K. G. MAHES-
WARAPPA:
SHRIMATI SATYA BAHIN:

Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased to refer to the answer to Starred Question 150 given in the Rajya Sabha on the 7th January, 1991 and state:

(a) on what basis the prices of for-mulations based on Ampicillin Trihy-drate, Metrinadazole, Cophalaxin, Ibuprofen and Analgin were fixed at notified prices when the bulk drug purchase prices were cheaper than the notified prices;

(b) whether it is a fact that such an action has resulted in undue benefits to the producers by way of overcharging; and

(c) what steps have been taken to rectify the situation and fix responsibility?

THE MINISTER OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS AND PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (SHRI SATYA PRAKASH MALAVIYA): (a) to (c) Earlier the policy was to fix the price of formulations on the basis of the notified price of the bulk drug involved. However, it has now been decided to fix the prices of formulations on the basis of the purchased price or the notified price, whichever is lower.

Drug Unite in the Small Scale Sector

655. SHRI K. G. MAHESWARAPPA: SHRIMATI SATYA BAHIN:

Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased to state:

(a) what are the names of Hoechst, Fair Deal Corporation, German Remedies and Cadila groups of companies which are operating as Small Scale Sector units and getting exemption from price control;

(b) what are the names of products which are being sold under exempted category and who owned the brand names earlier; and

(c) how far the price exemption notification is applicable to these units?

THE MINISTER OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS AND PARLLV MENTARY AFFAIRS (SHRI SATYA PRAKASH MALAVIYA): (a) to (c) The position is being ascertained and will be laid on the Table of the House.

Reassessment of Liabilities against Drug Companies

656. SHRI G. G. SWELL: CHOWDHARY RAM SEWAK-

Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased to refer to the answer to Unrtarred Question 1316 given in the Rajya Sabha on the 7th January, 1991 and state:

(a) whether it is a fact that after review, the amount due against 11 companies have gone up from Rs. 5!) crores to Rs. 115 crores upto 1983; and

(b) what is the tentative amount due from each company as worked out after review and what is the: total amount still to be recovered?

THE MINISTER OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS AND PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (SHRI SATYA PRAKASH MALAVIYA): (a) and (b) Yes, Sir. The revised amounts upto 1983 in respect of companies involved in the Supreme Court case and Glaxo Labs, tentatively stand at around Rs. 115 crores after review. A statement giving the details is enclosed.

**Statement**

(In lakhs)

| **SI. No.** | Name of the Company | Amount due paid | **Amount** already | **Balance amount recoverable** |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **1** | 2 | 3 | 4 | **5** |
| **1** | | 536- 91 | 100-00 | **436- 91** |
| **2** | | 249105 | 312-10 | **2178-95** |
| **3** | M/s. John Wyeth India t M/s. Geoffrey Manners | 206-04 | 45- 00 | **161. 04** |
| **4** | | 1019 | **1019** | **Nil** |

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 5 | M/s. Franco Indian Pharmaceuticals. | 14- 02 | 0-43 | 13-59 |
| *6* | M/s. Pfizer Ltd. | | 19-90 | 67-71 |
| 7 | M/s. Anil Starch Products | 11-61 | Nil | *11. 61* |
| 8 | | | Nil | 205-36 |
| 9 | M/s. Tamilnadu Dadha Pharmaceuticals. | 37- 97 | Nil | 37-97 |
| 10 | M/s. Merind Ltd.. . . | | Nil | 781-58 |
| 11 | M/s. Glaxo Labs ..... | . 7178-18 | 819-00 | 6359-13 |
| | | 11560-52 | 1306- 62 | 10253-90 |

**Fixation of Prices of Bulk Drugs and their Formulation**

657. SHRI MOHD. KHALEELUR RAHAMAN: Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased to refer to the answer to Unstarred Question 402 given in the Rajya Sabha on the 31st December, 1990 and state:

(a) whether it is a fact that there are certain drugs which are imported as well as indigenously produced;

(b) what are he names of these drugs and on what basis their formulation are fixed;

(c) what is the indigenous price and landed cost of import of each;

(d) whether it is a fact that for mulations based on Sulphamoxole, Zinc Bacitiracin Ethisterone Novgestrol, Polymixio 'B' Sulphate and Thioridazine are being sold at very-high prices;

(e) what is the bulk drug price taken for fixation of the formulation prices; and

(f) by when the prices of bulk drugs would be fixed?

THE MINISTER OF PETROLEUM. AND CHEMICALS AND PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (SHRI SATYA PRAKASH MALAVIYA): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b> and (c) The requisite information to the extent available would be collected and will be laid on the Table of the House.

(d) All these bulk drugs have been brought under price control under Category II of DPCO, 1987. The prices of 'formulations based on Sulphamaxolle, Zinc Bactitracin, Polymixin 'B' Sulphate and Thioridazine have already been fixed in accordance with the provisions contained in the DPCO, 1987. BICP has been requested to workout the prices of formulations based on Ethisterone and Novgestrol on *suo moto* basis.

(e) The requisite information is as under: —

| S. No. | Name of the Product | | Price taken |
|---|---|---|---|
| | | | 430- 00 per kg. |
| 2 | Zinc Bacitractin... . . | . Rs. | 203- 10 per MU |
| 3 | Polymixin 'B' Sulphate ■..... | . Rs. | 13-72 per MU |
| | | | 6922-08 per kg. |

(f) BICP is already on the job.

Justification for Allowing Incidentals to Fixation of Formulation Prices

658. SHRI MOHD. KHALEELUR RAHMAN: Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased to refer to the answer to Unstarred Question 1168 given in Rajya Sabha on 7th January, 1991 and state:

(a) what are the names of two or three formulators for whom ceiling prices were announced in respect of Pilocarpine, Prednisolone and Trimethoprim plus Sulphadizine;

(b) whether it is a fast that drug industry is siphoning off its profits by giving discounts, incentives and distribution of gifts;

(c) what *were.* the expenses *on* this *account* of five major companies during the last one year; and

(d) what is the justification for allowing 20 per cent discounts over and above the trade commission and also allowing 8 per cent incidentals?

THE MINISTER OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS AND PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (SHRI SATYA PRAKASH MALAVIYA): (a) The requisite information to the extent available is given in the annexed statement.

(b) to (d) While fixing the prices of controlled formulations, a fixed Maximum Allowable Post-Manufacturing Expenses (MAP£'., which is 75 per cent and 100 per cent in the case of Category I and Category II formulations respectively, is allowed. The manufacturers are required to meet their expenses including giving discounts, incentive, etc within the given MAPE. Incil plats within a limit of 8 per cent are allowed to cover Sales Tax, Octroi, Insurance, Freight etc

Statement

| Sl. No. | Name of the bulk drug | Name of the formulator |
|---|---|---|
| | | (1) Fair-deal Corporation<br>(2) Bell Labs. |
| 2 | Prednisolone.... | . (1) Wyeth Labs.<br>(2) Hoechst |
| 3 | Trimethoprim + Sulphadizaine • | (3) Pifzer . (1) Hindustan Ciba Geigy<br>(2) Astra IDL<br>(3) Etinor |

Assessment for Liabilities against M/s. Hoechst

659. SHRI BEKAL UTSAHI: Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased to refer to the answers to Unstarred Questions 3316 given in the Rajya Sabha on the 7th January, 1991 and state:

(a) whether the liability of Rs. 458. 10 lakhs assessed against M/s. Hoechst upto Decmeber, 1983 by the special Team was in respect of bulk drugs or 'formulations or both;

(b) what are the amounts recoverable from this company as of now and whether the judgement of the Supreme Court has been kept in view in the latest assessment; and

(c) what are the names of the companies who have provided full data for assessing final liability and what is the final assessment in each of those cases?

THE MINISTER OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS AND PARLIA-MENTARY AFFAIR. S (SHRI SATVA PRAKASH MALAVIYA): (a) It was in respect of Bulk Drugs only.

(b) In the background of the Supreme Court's judgement, a tentative recoverable amount of Rs. 78 crores ha?' been assessed against M/s. Hoechst so far and it includes Rs. 24. 91 crores tentatively assessed for the period unto December, 1983.

(c) None of the companies involved in the Supreme Court case have provided full details for assessment of their final liability.

Production and Import of Ampicillin Sodium Sterile

660. SHRI BEKAL UTSAHI Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased to state;

(a) what are the names of the producers of Ampicillin Sodium Sterile;

(b) what is the stage from which each is producing and what was the production of each during the last two years, year-wise;

(c) whether it is a fact that price of this drug has been fixed under DPCO 1987;

(d) if so, when was the price tied and what is the price fixed and on what basis the price was fixed;

(e) whether it is a fact that the price of the drug is being overcharged through credit notes or otherwise;

(f) whether it is also a fact that im port of drug has been restricted on the recommendation of his Ministry; and

(g) if so, what is the justification for such a restriction?

THE MINISTER OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS AND PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (SHRI SATYA PRAKASH MALAVIYA); (a) and (b) Production of Ampicillin Sodium Sterile is not monitored. However, the names of companies given industrial approvals alongwith capacities are given in the Statement. All approvals are from indigenous 6 APA/ Ampicillin Trihydrate.

(c) to (e) Yes Sir. $Th_e$ price fixed on 13. 9. 90 at Rs. 2941/Kg. based on the recommendation of BICP, keeping in view the purchase price of ampicillin trihydrate.

(f) Yes Sir, in consultation with D. G. T. D.

(g) Imports of Ampicillin Sodium have been restricted to encourage indigenous production, which is one of the basic objectives of drug policy and to check the outflow of foreign exchange.

**Statement**

| Name of company | Capacity (MT) |
|---|---|
| | 12 |
| | 20 |
| 3. M/s. Rajasthan Antibiotics | 15 |
| 4. M/s. Cadila Labs.. . . - . - . | 75 |
| 5. M/s. Lyka Labs. | 13 |
| *6.* M/s. Armour Chemicals | 30 |
| 7. M/s. IPICOL... | 24 |
| 8, M/s. Standared Organics. ..... | 25 |
| 9. ' M/s. Cepham Organics | 50 |

**Monitoring Prices of Non-Scheduled Bulk Drugs**

651. SHRI BEKAL UTSAHI: Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased to state:

(a) what are the names of non-scheduled bulk drugs, prices of which have been declared/revised during 1990-91, so far;

(b) what is the percentage increase and what are the basis of such increase;

(c) if so, what is the purpose and basis of monitoring done by his Ministry and how far it has helped in achieving the objective of providing medicines at reasonable prices?

THE MINISTER OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS AND PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (SHRI SATYA PRAKASH MALAVTYA): (a) and (b) To the extent available, the information regarding declaration /revision of non-scheduled bulk drugs during 1990-**91** has been given in the statement enclosed. *See* Appendix (CLVII Annex-ture No. 15) *Appendix I.* The in-prices are due to the explanation in • the cost of inputs and utilised,

(c) and (d) Yes, Sir. The monitor ing cell keeps a watch on non-scheduled formulations only. Whenever any unusual price icrease is noticed, Government intervenes. So far, prices in respect of 80 cases have been reduced on the intervention! of the Government.

**Decontrolling** the **products** of **M/s. Hoechst**

662. SHRI H. HANUMANTHAPPA;
SHRIMATI SATYA BAHIN:

Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased to state;

(a) whether it is a fact that M/s Hoechst has to pay Rs. 30 crores aa DPEA dues for the period after 1981

(b) when was the amount communr cated to the company;

(c) what is the reaction of this com, pany and what steps have been taken to recover the amount;

(d) whether it is a fact that his Ministry has decontrolled the prices of

Floot and Mouth Disease vaccine, Pro caine Hcl., Pentoxyfylline, Itemaccel and Glybenclamide which are produced by this company; and

(e) if so, what are the reasons therefor and what is the basis of price decontrol of these drugs?

THE MINISTER OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS AND PARLIA-MENTARY AFFAIRS (SHRI SATYA PRAKASH MALAVIYA: (a) The liability of M|s Hoechst for the period from January, 1984 onwards has been tentatively assessed at Rs. 52. 90 crores.

(b) The above-mentioned amount was communicated to the company in January 1991.

(c) The company had earlier filed Writ Petition in the Bombay High Court against the recoveries for the period upto 31. 12. 83. Recently, they have made a prayer to amend the Writ Petition so as to cover the liabilities for the period after 1984 also within the ambit of that Writ. The matter is, therefore, subjudice.

(d) and (e) Glybenclamide was de controlled based on the recommendations of the Malkar Committee. Other drugs were not recommended for price control by the Kelkar Committee.

Working out of the amounts **due** from drug; Companies

663. SHRI H. HANUMANTHAPPA:
SHRIMATI SATYA BAHIN.

Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that his Ministry has calculated the amount due from certain companies involved in Supreme Court cases after the 31st December, 1983;

(b) if so, what are the names of such companies and tentative amount calculated against each and upto what period;

*(c)* whether. it is a fact that supreme Court judgement directed the recovery of over-charged amount both on bulk drugs and formulations;

(d) if so, whether it is also a fact that special team worked out liabilities only on bulk drugs;

(e) if so, what basis scuh calcula tion was made;

(f) whether it is also a fact that certain companies have yet to provide data in respect to production, stocks, sales etc. for working out the liabilities; and

(g) if so, what are the names of those companies and what steps have been taken to obtain date (a)?

THE MINISTER OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS AND PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (SHRI SATYA PRAKASH MALAVIYA); (a) Yes. Sir.

(b) Tentative amounts from 1984 onwards have been assessed against two companies only, namely, M/s Hoechst and M/s Merind Ltd at Rs. 52. 90 crores and Rs. 15. 07 crores respectively.

(c) The Supreme Court judgement, *inter-alia* provided for recovery of the dues, in the prices of formulations, into the Drug Prices Equalisation Account.

(d) and (e) Special Team worked out the amounts due against the companies in respect of bulk drugs/formulations.

(f) & (g) M/s Cyanamid India Ltd., S. G. Pharma, Anil Starch, John Wyeth and Geoffery Manners,, French Indian and Tamilnadu Dadha have provided the details upto 1983 relating to to stock, production sales, etc. Other companies are yet to provide these details.

Verification of liabilities by Special **Team**

664. DR. RATNAKAR PANDEY: Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased to refer to the answer to Unstarred Question 1316 given in the Rajya Sabha on 7th January, 1991 and state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Special Team visited most of the companies whose liabilities were assessed to veri fy records ond collect required infor mation;

(b) if so, what are the names of those companies and number of visits made at each company by the team;

(c) what were the details verified and what information was collected from each;

(d) whether it is a fact that team was aware that set offs are not allowed but still the team allowed;

(e) if so, what is justification and on what basis they were allowed by team;

(f) whether it is also a fact that his Ministry also accepted the findings;

(g) if so, what are the reasons-

(h) whether it is a fact that the Special Team did not make any final assessment of liability in any case; and

(i) if so, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS AND PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (SHRI SATYA PRAKASH MALAVIYA); (a) Yes Sir.

(b) A Statement giving the details is attached.

(c) Special Team has *inter alia* stated that they collected the details relating to sales in the domestic market, institutional sales, export, samples, etc.

(d) to (g) The Special Team allow ed set offs to the companies while as sessing the liabilities. Since, how ever, a number of complaints were ceived against findings of the Special Team, it was decided to review the entire findings and the scrutiny is in progress.

(h) and (i) Final liabilities as assessed by the Special Team in certain cases have not been accepted by the Government.

**S; atement**

| Name of the company | Duration of visit |
|---|---|
| 1. M/s. Cyanamid Ltd., Bombay. | . 16-11-87 and 23-11-87 |
| 2. M/s. John Wyeth, Bombay | . 19-11-87 and 25-11-87 |
| 3- M/s. Hoechst Ltd., Bombay | . 17-11-87, 21-11-87 and 26-11-87 |
| 4, M/s. Franco India, Bombay | . 19-11-87 and 24-11-87 |
| 5. M/s. Grtffon Labs., Bombay | . 19-11-87 and 24-11-87 |
| 6. M/s. Ethnor Ltd., Bombay | . 23-11-87 and 25-11-87 |
| 7. M/s. Pfizer Ltd., Bombay | . 17-11-87, 20-11-87 & 27-11-87 |
| 8. M/s. Geoffery Manners, Bombay | . 19-11-87 and 26-11-87 |
| 9. M/s. Ambalal S-trabbai, Baroda | • 13-12-88 and 16-21-88 |
| 10. M/s. Anil Starch Ltd. Ahmedabad | . 15-12-88 |
| 11. M/s. Merind Ltd., Bombay | . 10-1-89 and 13-1-89 |
| 12. M/s. Tamil Nadu Dadha Pharmaceuticals Ltd., | . 22-1-89 to 24-1-89 |

**Marketing of Drugs Manufactured by Small** Scale Units

665. DR. RATNAKAR PANDEY: Will the Minister of **PETROLEUM** AND CHEMICALS be pleased **to refer** to the answer to Unstarred Question 1317 given in the Rajya Sabha on the 7th January, 1991 and state:

(a) whether it is a fact that small scale units are exempt from price control on Category-II drugs;

(b) whether it is also a fact that a number of organised sector units are marketing their products after getting them manufactured from small scale unitg without price approval or higher then the fixed prices;

(c) what is the policy of Government in this regard and what are the names of such products; and

(d) when were these cases brought to the notice of his Ministry and what action has been taken on each?

THE MINISTER OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS AND PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (SHRI SATYA PRAKASH MALAVIYA); (a) Yes, Sir. Small Scale Sector units are exempt from Price Control in respect, of Category II formulations subject to certain conditions contained in the order S. O. 719(E) dated 21. 7. 1988.

(to) to (d) Yes, Sir. Some such instances have come to the notice of Government on which investigations are at different stages. The requisite details to the extent available in this regard are given in the annexed statement.

Statement

| Sl, Nc | Name of the formulation | Month and Year when violation was noted | Action taken |
|---|---|---|---|
| !. | Cambism Tablets. | • August, *1988* | Based on the details provided by the company, the amount of unintended benefit was calculated and brought to the notice of the company with the advice to deposit the same with the Government. The company has, however, moved the Calcutta High Courti |
| 2. | Magatol Tablets | . Dscember, 1989 | The company has been asked to fur" nish details to enable the Govern" ment to work out the overcharged amount. This company was also given a personal hearing. |
| 3. | Proxivon Capsules | August, 1988 | Despite reminders/personal hearing, the company has not furnished the requisite details. They have been given final opportunity before Govt, takes action for penal proceedings against them. |
| 4. | Butaproxivon Capsules | | |
| 5. | Spasmo Prozyvon Capsules | J • | |
| 6i | Ibudex Capsules | | |
| 7. | Analflam Tablets | . 1990 | The company has been asked to give reasons for overcharging. " |
| 8. | Flagyl i. v. injuctions. | . December, 1989 | Certain clarification is awaited from the company. |
| 9. | Brustan Tablets | . 1990 | The company has been asked *to* fur-nished certain details for examining the case in detail. |

**Setting up of. Coast-Based Thermal Power Station at Nellore in Andhra Pradesh**

666. DR. NARREDDY THULASI REDDY: Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have taken any decision on the site for setting up of the coast-based 2x500 MW Thermal Power Station near Krishnapat-nam in Nellore District of Andhra Pradesh;

(b) if so, what are the details thereof; and

(c) if not, what are the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF ENERGY (SHRI BARANRAO DHAKNE): (a) to (c). The suitability of the proposed site for Krishnapatnam Thermal Power Sca-tion was considered by the Site Selec tion Committee. The Indian Meteorological Department (IMD) have opined that the site is located in the cyclone prone area. The Central Electricity Authority. have suggested to the APSEB to examine the compatibility of the site keeping in view the recommendations of the Site Selection Committee and the expenditure involved for the following amenities: —

(i) The safety measures proposed to be adopted to meet any eventuality in the event of cyclones.

(ii) Broad gauge railway siding of 25 Kms length.

(iii) Supply of sweet water from Kandaleru reservoir through 50 Kms long pipeline of suitable capacity with stand-by arrangements for boiler make-up etc.

(iv) Development of port which according to M/s. RITES would involve high initial development and further maintenance due to flatness of sea bed.

No feasibility report for setting up the coast based 2x 500 MW Theremal Power Station near Krishnapatnam in Nellore District of Andhra Pradesh is under consideration.

**Comments of Gujarat Government on Dr. Kelkar Committee's recommendations on Gas Pricing**

667. SHRI VITHALBHAI M. PATEL; Will the Minister of PETRO LEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government of Gujarat have submitted any comments to the Central Government on Dr. Kelkar Committee's recommendations regarding gas pricing; and

(b) if so, what is the latest position?

THE MINISTER OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS AND PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (SHRI SATYA PRAKASH MALAVIYA); (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) A final decision has not yet been taken on the recommendations of the Kelkar Committee on gas pricing.

**Duty-free Shops at Airports**

668. SHRI SURESH KALMADI: Will the Minister of CIVIL AVIATION be pleased to state;

(a) whether Government propose to float global tenders to invite companies to run duty-free shops at airports in India; and

(b) if so, what are the details there of ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF CIVIL AVIATION (SHRI HARMOHAN DHAWAN): (a) and (b) The International Airports Authority of India has plans to develop high quality duty free shopping arcades at Delhi and Bombay International Airports. The details are not yet finalised.

New Schedule of IA flights

669. SHRI SURESH KALMADI: Will the Minister of CIVIL AVIATION be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Indian Airlines have adopted a new schedule in respect of its flights with effect from the 21-2-1991; and

(b) if so, what are the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF CIVIL AVIATION (SHRI HARMOHAN DHAWAN): (a) and (b) While no new schedule has been introduced, Indian Airlines has restored, with effect from 21-2-1991, some of its services that had earlier been cur-talked or withdrawn in order to con-ser aviation turbine fuel in the wake of the Gulf War.

**Clearance of Two New Oilfield Projects of ONGC for the Western Offshore Region**

670. SHRI SURESH KALMADI: Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Government have cleared two new oilfield projects of the Oil and Natural Gas Commission located in the Western Offshore region; and

(b) if so, what is the estimated cost and production capacity of each project?

THE MINISTER OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS AND PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (SHRI SATYA PRAKASH MALAVIYA): (a) Yes Sir, Govt, has recently approved the following two projects of ONGC in Western Offshore region.

(i) Project for development of Neelam field in Western Offshore.

(ii) Project for development of Mukta field in Western Offshore.

(b) Estimated cost of the Neelam project is Rs. 2022. 20 crores and the project is expected to yield 63. 19 million tonnes of oil and 8. 558 billion cubic metres of gas over a period of 21 years. The Estimated cost of the Mukta project is Rs. 1319. 01 crores and the project is expected to yield 15. 041 million tonnes of oil and 3. 851 billion cubic metres of gas over **a** period of 21 years.

**Implementation of Agreements between Government and Municipal Doctors Association of Delhi**

671. MISS SAROJ KHAPARDE: Will the Miniter of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the agreements entered into between Government and the Municipal Doctors' Association of Delhi in 1P87 and 1989 in respect of cadre review have not so far been implemented; and

(b) if so, what are the reasons therefor?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE AND DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (SHRI DASAI CHOWDHARY): (a) and (b) The information is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the Sabha.

**Recommissioning of Maharashtra Gas Cracker Complex at Nagoftiane**

672. MISS SAROJ KHAPARDE: Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Maharashtra Gas Cracker Complex of Indian Petrochemicals Corporation Ltd. at Negothane in Raigarh District is expected to be recommissioned shortly; and -

(b) if so, what is the probable-date thereof and what will be its estimated production capacity?

THE MINISTER OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS AND PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (SHRI SATYA PRAKASH MALAVIYA. ): (a) and (b) All efforts are being made to re-commission the plant as quickly as possible but it is not possible to give a probable date.

The installed capacity of the plant is 3, 00, 000 TPA of Ethylene.

Increase in the prices of bulk drugs

673. MISS SAROJ KHAPARDE. Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Government have decided to revise upward the administered prices of bulk drugs whose cost structure is linked with the prices of petroleum products; and

(b) if so, what are the details of such drugs and the extent of increase in their prices?

THE MINISTER OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS AND PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (SHRI SATYA PRAKASH MALAVIYA): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) Details will be laid on the table of the House.

**Extension of Kamagundam Thermal Power Station**

674. DR. NARREDDY THULASI REDDY: Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state:

(a) whether techno-economic clearance has been given by the Central Electricity Authority to 2x210 MW Ramagundam Thermal Power Station Stage II extension and it has also been provided with coal linkage;

(b) if so, what are the details thereof; and

(c) if not, what are the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN MINISTRY OF ENERGY (SHRI BABANRAO DHAKNE): (a) No, Sir.

(b) and (c) The proposal could be teehno-economically appraised by the Central Electricity Authority after all the inputs such as coal linkage, water availability, etc. are tied up and necessary clearance including clearance from the environment angle are obtained by the State Authority.

The rational source of coal supply for the Ramagundam Thermal Power Station is Singareni coalfields. These coalfields are over-committed upto 2000 A. D.

**Techno-Economic Clearance to Gas-based power Station in Rajahmundry,** Andhra **Pradesh**

675. DR. NARREDDY THULASI REDDY: Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state:

(a) whether techno-economic clearance was given by the Central Electricity Authority to the.. Gas-based combined cycle Thermal Power Station near Rajahmundry in Andhra Pradesh of 4x100 MW capacity;

(b) if so, what are the details thereof; and

(c) if not, what are the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF ENERGY (SHRI BABANRAO DHAKNE): (a) to (c) The feasibility report of the installation of 400 MW Gas-based Thermal Power Station near Jegurupadu (Rajahmundry) in East Godavari District, Andhra Pradesh (at an estimated cost of Rs. 518. 42 crores) was received in the Central Electricity

Authority in October, 1990. The proposal could be techno-economically appraised by the Central Electricity Authority only after all the essential inputs, such as water availability, associated transmission system, etc. are tied up and necessary clearances, including clearance from the environmental angle are obtained by the State Authorities.

**राजस्थान में विद्युत परियोजनाएं**

676. **डा० अबरार अहमद** : क्या ऊर्जा मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) इस समय राजस्थान में ऊर्जा की कितनी खपत है और इसमें से कितनी ऊर्जा का उत्पादन वहीं पर हो रहा है ;

(ख) राजस्थान में शीघ्र ही प्रारम्भ किये जाने वाले विद्युत संयंत्रों के नाम क्या हैं; और

(ग) राजस्थान की उन विद्युत परियोजनाओं के नाम क्या-क्या हैं जो केन्द्र सरकार के विचाराधीन हैं और इन परियोजनाओं को कब तक स्वीकृति दिये जाने की सम्भावना है?

**ऊर्जा मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री बबनराव धाकने)** : (क) जनवरी, 1991 के दौरान राजस्थान में ऊर्जा की कुल आवश्यकता 12100 लाख यूनिट थी जबकि सभी स्रोतों से उपलब्धता 11329.02 लाख यूनिट थी जिसका ब्यौरा नीचे दिया गया है :—

(आंकड़े लाख यनिट में)

| | |
|---|---|
| (1) स्वयं का विद्युत उत्पादन | 2793.09 |
| (2) केन्द्रीय क्षेत्र/संयुक्त क्षेत्र की परियोजनाओं से प्राप्ति | 7882.00 |
| (3) अन्य राज्यों से प्राप्ति | 653.93 |
| **जोड़** | 11329.02 |

(ख) सूरतगढ़ (2×2 मे०वा०) और मंगरोल (3×2 मेगावाट) जल-विद्युत परियोजनाओं को चालू वर्ष के दौरान चालू किये जाने की सम्भावना है।

(ग) राज्य क्षेत्र की स्कीमों का ब्यौरा विरण में दिया गया है।

**विवरण**

| क्र०सं० | परियोजना का नाम | क्षमता (मेगावाट) | अनुमानित लागत (करोड़ रुपये) | वर्तमान स्थिति |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| **ताप विद्युत** | | | | |
| 1 | सूरतगढ़ चरण-I | 2×250=500 | 1253.3 | केन्द्रीय विद्युत प्राधिकरण द्वारा स्कीम तकनीकी-आर्थिक दृष्टि से ठीक पायी गयी है बशर्ते कि पर्यावरण एवं वन मंत्रालय, राज्य प्रदूषण नियंत्रण बोर्ड, नागर विमानन विभाग से स्वीकृतियां प्राप्त कर ली जाएं तथा केन्द्रीय विद्युत प्राधिकरण द्वारा सम्बद्ध संचरण प्रणाली की स्वीकृति दे दी जाए। |

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 2 | धौलपुर | 2×210=420 | 759.3 | राज्य सरकार द्वारा एक नये परियोजना स्थल का पता लगाया गया है जो पर्यावरणीय मानदंडों की आवश्यकताओं को पूरा कर सकता है। यदि यह स्थल पर्यावरणीय दृष्टि से उपयुक्त पाया गया तो इस स्कीम को 250 मेगा० यूनिट संरूपण के साथ संशोधित करने की आवश्यकता होगी। |
| 3. | चितौड़गढ़ मंडलबड़ | 2×210=420<br>3×210=630 | 451.8<br>554.7 | जल एवं अन्य निवेश सुनिश्चित करने के लिए राजस्थान राज्य बिजली बोड द्वारा (रा०रा०ब०बो०) और जांच कार्य किए जाने हैं। रा०रा० बि०बो० को जुलाई 1989 में चितौड़गढ़ एवं मंडलबड़ के बीच एक बड़ा ताप विद्युत केन्द्र अवस्थित किए जाने की व्यवहार्यता की जांच करने की भी सलाह दी गयी थी ताकि बेराय नदी से उपलब्ध जल का उपयोग किया जा सके। इन परियोजनाओं के लिए पर्यावरणीय दृष्टि से स्वीकृति भी रा०रा० बि० बो० द्वारा प्राप्त की जानी है। |
| जल विद्युत | | | | |
| 1 | रूपघाट | 4×40=160 | 415.0 | मध्य प्रदेश के साथ अंतराज्यीय पहलुओं का समाधान किए जाने के बाद रिपोर्ट पुनः प्रस्तुत करने हेतु फरवरी 1988 में परियोजना प्राधिकारियों को लौटा दी गई थी। जुलाई 1990 में संशोधित रिपोर्ट शीघ्र भेजने के लिए परियोजना प्राधिकारियों को याद दिलाया गया था। |
| 2 | जोखाम संशोधित | 1×3.5=3.5 | 8.00 | रिपोर्ट नवम्बर 1988 में परियोजना प्राधिकारियों को लौटा दी गयी थी। यूनिट के आकार, यूनिटों की संख्या, व्यस्ततमकालीन मांग एवं लागत अनुमानों आदि की समीक्षा करने के बाद संशोधित रिपोर्ट प्रस्तुत करने के लिए नवम्बर 1989 में परियोजना प्राधिकारियों से अनुरोध किया गया था। |

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 3 | जावई | 2×0.6 +2×0.6=2.4 | 6.00 | विद्युत संबंधी लाभों के मूल्यांकन के लिए सिंचाई विभाग द्वारा स्वीकृत किए अनुसार वास्तविक स्वीकृतियां प्रस्तुत करने के लिए राज्य प्राधिकारियों से कहा गया था । रिपोर्ट नवम्बर 1988 में लौटाई गई थी । |
| 4 | माउंट आबू बहुद्देशीय परियोजना | 2×5=10 | 16.00 | बहुद्देशीय परियोजना होने के कारण स्कीम के विद्युत संबंधी भाग पर के०वि०प्रा० द्वारा केवल तभी ही विचार किया जा सकता है जब कि परियोजना को तकनीकी सलाहकार समिति द्वारा स्वीकृत कर दिया जाय । पैनस्टाक एवं अन्य सिविल संरचनाओं की लंबाई कम करने के लिए वैकल्पिक विद्युत घर स्थल पर विचार करने की सलाह परियोजना प्राधिकारियों को दी गई थी । अप्रैल, 1990 में परियोजना प्राधिकारियों को संशोधित रिपोर्ट शीघ्र प्रस्तुत करने के लिए याद दिलाया गया था । |
| 5 | कोटा पम्पड स्टोरेज | 2×100=200 | 158.00 | आगे और जांच कार्यों एवं विकल्पों की जांच करने के बाद रिपोर्ट पुनः प्रस्तुत करने के लिए अक्तूबर 1989 में लौटा दी गई थी । रा०रा०बि० बोर्ड द्वारा स्कीम को छोड़ दिया बया है । |

Taking over of Vishwayatan yogashram

677. SHRI GURUDAS DAS GUPTA:

SHRI CHATURANAN MISHRA:

Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any proposal under Government's consideration for take over of Dhirendhra Brahma-chari's "Vishwayatan. Yogashram in Delhi; anil

(b) if so, what are the details thereof?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE AND DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (SHRI DASAI CHOW-DHARY): (a) and (b) A proposal for taking over the management of Vishwayatan Yogashram alongwith Central Research Institute for Yoga is receiving active consideration of the Government in the Ministry of Health & Family Welfare in consultation with other concerned Ministries.

**Issuance of** Gas **Control Order, 1988**

678. SHRI GURUDAS DAS GUPTA:
SHRI CHATURANAN MISHRA:

Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased to state: • •

(a) whether it is a fact that Government had issued Gas Control Order in 1988, to conduct raids for checking hoarding and blackmarket-ing in gas cyclinders;

(b) if so, what are the details of the Order and when it was implemented; and

(e) what are the details of the raids conducted so far and what arc the results thereof?

THE MINISTER OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS AND PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (SHRI SATYA PRAKASH MALAVIYA): (a) The Liquified Petroleum-Gas (Regulation of Supply and Distribution) Order, 1988 was promulgated by the Government of India in 1983.

' (b) This Order seeks to (i) control unauthorised possession and consumption of LPG, (ii) regulate storage and transportation of LPG, (iii) check the sale and distribution $_0$f LPG below the standard weight, (iv) control the unauthorised possession, supply or sale of LPG equipment, and (v) to invest in designated officers of the Cen-tral|State Governments and Oil Companies the power of entry, search and seizure with a view to ensuring compliance with the provisions of the Order. It has come into force with effect from April 21, 1988.

(c) The information is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the Sabha.

I Group Insurance Scheme **for the** teachers of **the Kendriya** Vidyalayas

679. SHRI N. E. BALARAM: Will the Minister of HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that different categories of teachers of Kendriya Vidyalayas are insured under Group Insurance Scheme for sums which are lower than those for which teachers of corresponding grades of Union Territories are insured;

(b) if so, what are the reasons therefor;

(c) whether All India Kendriya Vidyalaya Teachers' Association has been pressing for an increase in the sum of insurance; and

(d) if so, what is the reaction of the Sangathan thereto?

THE MINISTER OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT (SHRI RAJMANGAL PANDE): (a) and (b) The teachers of Kendriya Vidyalaya Sangathan, which is an autonomous body, are governed by a Group Saving Linked Insurance Scheme of the Life Insurance Corporation. Tha Life Insurance Corporation were not agreeable to cover the risk at par with that of Union Territories' teachers.

(c) Yes, Sir.

(d) The position has been reviewed by a Sub-committee in consultation with the Life Insurance Corporation of India for bringing the Group Insurance benefits at par with those available to other teachers of the Union Territories. The proposals are under examination.

**राजस्थान में उपभोक्ताओं को रसोई गैस सिलेण्डर प्राप्त करने में हो रही कठिनाईयां**

680. डा० अकरार अहमद : क्या पैट्रोलियम और रसायन मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या सरकार को इस बात की जानकारी है कि राजस्थान में उपभोक्ताओं

को अपने रसोई गैस सिलेण्डरों को प्राप्त करने में कठिनाइयों का सामना करना पड़ रहा है, यदि हां, तो उसके क्या कारण हैं और उनकी पर्याप्त सप्लाई को सुनिश्चित करने के लिए क्या कदम उठाए जा रहे हैं;

(ख) राजस्थान में रसोई गैस सिलेण्डरों की प्रतिमाह आवश्यकता कितनी है और उन स्थानों और संयंत्रों के नाम क्या हैं जहां से यह सप्लाई की जाती है; और

(ग) क्या इन गैस एजेंसियों के विरुद्ध कोई कार्यवाही की गई है जो गैस सिलेण्डरों की आपूर्ति हेतु एल.पी.जी. बाटलिंग प्लांट को समय पर बैंक ड्राफ्ट नहीं भेजते और जिसके कारण यहां पर सिलेण्डरों की कमी है?

पेट्रोलियम और रसायन मंत्री तथा संसदीय कार्य मंत्री (श्री सत्य प्रकाश मालवीय) : (क) थोक एल.पी.जी. की उपलब्धता, परिवहन समस्या तथा छुट-पुट कानून और व्यवस्था संबंधी समस्याओं की बाधाओं के कारण राजस्थान की कुछ लोकेशनों में एल.पी.जी. रिफ़िलों की आपूर्ति की अस्थायी कमी की रिपोर्ट मिली थी। उत्पादन बढ़ाने और आयात, भरण कार्य में वृद्धि करने, संचलन में शीघ्रता लाने और रिफ़िलों की शीघ्र सुपुर्दगी को बढ़ाकर एल.पी.जी. की उपलब्धता में वृद्धि करने की कार्रवाई की गई है। इन उपायों से आपूर्ति की स्थिति में अब सुधार हुआ है।

(ख) और (ग) सूचना एकत्र की जा रही है तथा इसे सदन के पटल पर रख दिया जाएगा।

681. [*Transferred ] to 12th March,* 1991]

**Attempts to hijack Boeing aircraft on** Calcutta **Agartala route**

682. SHRI SURESH PACHOURI: Will the Minister of CIVIL AVIATION be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that an alleged hijacking attempt of an Indian Airlines Boeing was foiled by its crew members with the help of a group of passengers on the Calcutta-Agartaa route on the 4th February, 1991;

(b) if so, what are the details thereof; and

(c) what preventive steps Government propose to take in the matter?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF CIVIL AVIATION (SHRI HARMOHAN DHA-WAN): (a) to (c) An unarmed passenger behaved in an abnormal manner on the said flight and asked for the flight to be taken back to Calcutta. He was, however, overpowered and handed over to the police on arrival of the flight at Agartala. Security measures are strictly enforced at the airports to prevent unlawful interference with aircraft.

**Aircrafts with Air India**

683. SHRI BEKAL UTSAHI: Will the Minister of CIVIL AVIATION be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the present fleet of aircrafts with Air India consume more fuel, that there is huge expenditure on their maintenance and repairs and that they do not offer competitive facilities; and

(b) if so, what remedial steps Gov - ernment propose to take in the matter?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF CIVIL AVIATION (SHRI HARMOHAN DHA-WAN): (a) and (b) Some of the Boeing 747-200 aircraft are 15 to 20 years old and they are less fuel efficient than the newer generation of aircraft. They also require higher level of expenditure on maintenance and repairs.

Air India has plans to modernise its fleet.

Treatment of AIDS patients

684. SHRI JAGADISH JANI • Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether some AIDS cases came to the All India Institute of Medical Sciences, New Delhi recently for treatment;

(b) in what manner those patients suffered from AIDS •,

(c) whether the disease is curable; and

(d) if so, what possible treatments are provided to these victims?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE AND DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (SHRI DASAI CHOW-DHARY): (a) Yes, 7 such patients have reported at All India Institute of Medical Sciences for advice and treatment. These patients were of two types (i) HIV positive patients but yet having AIDS not (ii) HIV positive patients with clinical disease diagnosed as AIDS.

(b) According to mode of transmis sion of HIV infection the above pat ients can be classified in following categories: —

(i) The patients of homophilia;

(ii) The patients who received repeated blood transfusions;

(iii) The patients who are sexually promiscuous and indulged in prostitution abroad or in India;

(iv) Foreign students, visitors having promiscuous sexual contacts in foreign countries.

(c) The HIV infection is incurable.

(d) The patients suffering from opportunistic Infections were given supportive and symptematic treatment.

Sharing of expenditure between Madhaya Pradesh and Central Government for Bhopal gas victims

•685. SHRI PRABHAKAR RAO KALVALA: Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased to refer tor the answer to Un-starred Question 1343 given in the Rajya Sabha on the 7th January, 1991 and state: -.

(a) whether the sharing of expenditure between the Government of Madhya Pradesh and the Central Government has been decided;

■ (b) if so, what, are the details thereof; and., ,".

(c) what is the total number of people who died and were affected in Bhopal Gas Tragedy?

THE MINISTER OF- PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS AND PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (SHRI SATYA PRAKASH MALAVIYA): (a) and (b) Yes, Sir. The sharing of expenditure between the Central Government and the Government of Madhya Pradesh will be in the ratio of. 75: 25.

(c) More than 3800 people have died and about 6 lakh persons have filled claim forms' for" compensation for injury sustained by the Gas leakage at Bhopal.

Setting up of Petrochemical Complex at Barauni Refinery

686. SHRI S. S, AHLUWALIA: Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that a public demand is continuously being raised by Members of Parliament from the State of Bihar for setting up a Petro-chemical Complex at Barauni Refinery in the State of Bihar; and

(b) if so, what action Government have taken in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS AND PARLIA MENTARY AFFAIRS (SHRI SATYA PRAKASH MALAVIYA): (a) and (b) Yes, Sir, Ms Bihar State Industrial Development Corporation Ltd. had applied in Sept. 84 for a letter of in tent for setting up an aromatic com plex at Barauni, Distt. Begusarai in the State of Bihar. This application was rejected by the Government on the grounds that the feed-stock re quired for this project has not been tied-up.. .

**Opening of TB Wards in Hospitals in the Capital**

687. SHRI S. S. AHLUWALIA: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Central Government hospitals in the Capital do not admit chronic TB patients who are also suffering from other chronic ailments like heart, liver and kidney related diseases as indoor' patients;

(b) if so, what are the reasons therefor;

(c) whether it is also a fact that TB hospitals treat only tuberculosis and not other ailments; and

(d) if so, whether Government will consider the proposal to open an exclusive ward in every Central Government hospital in the Capital for admitting TB patients suffering from other diseases also?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE AND DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (SHRI DASAI CHOWDHARY): (a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

'(c) Yes, Sir. Patients suffering from. other Chest ailments are also treated in Lala Ram Sarup Institute of T. T. B. and Allied Diseases, New Delhi.

(d) Does not arise in view of (a) above.

**Appointment of Specialists of other Disciplines in T. B. Hospitals**

688. SHRI S. S. AHLUWALIA: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELMARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that TB hospitals in the Capital do not have the additional services of cardiology, liver, ENT, Surgical, etc. and TB patients suffering from other ailments do not get proper treatment in these hospitals;

(b) whether it is also a fact that many TB patients die due to heart or kidney failure, liver malfunctioning, etc. in these TB hospitals;

(c) if so, what is the total number of such patients that died in these hospitals during the last three years and the details of the causes of their death being other than TB; and

(d) whether Government propose to appoint other Specialists also in the TB hospitals?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE AND DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (SHRI DASAI CHOWDHARY): (a) Yes, Sir. However, patients suffering from other ailments are referred to other hospitals in Delhi.

(b) No, Sir. The deaths in TB hospitals are due to overwhelming Tuberculosis.

(c) Does not arise.

(d) There is no such proposal.

**Blindness among Children**

689. SHRI KRISHNA KUMAR BIRLA: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government's attention has been drawn to a news-item captioned "80, 000 children turn blind every year' as reported in the *Hindus • tan Times* of the 12th January, 1991;

(b) whether it is a fact that thousands of children go blind every year due to deficiency of Vitamin A and improper diet; and

(c) if so, what steps Government propose to take in the matter?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE AND DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (SHRI DASAI CHOWDHARY): (a) to (c) Government is aware of the news-item. It is stated, however, that country-wide detailed study on the actual incidence of blindness due to Vitamin A deficiency has not been carried out so far to give exact number of children going blind every year.

There is a scheme of Prophylaxis against blindness due to Vitamin A deficiency under which Vitamin A solution is administered to children in the age group 1—5 years. About 30 million children are being covered every year. Further during the current year the first dose of Vitamin A will be given to all infants alongwith measles vaccine at 9—12 months.

Nutritional education about intake of Vitamin A rich food is being provided through multi-media activities. Supplementary nutrition under Integrated Child Development Scheme programme by the Ministry of Welfare, fortification of milk with Vitamin A by the Ministry of Food and Civil Supplies are other measures in the direction. With all these steps prevalence of nutritional blindness is gradually coming down.

**राजस्थान को जाने वाली और राजस्थान से आने वाली उड़ानों का रद्द किया जाना**

690. **डा० अबरार अहमद** : क्या **नागर विमानन** मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) राजस्थान को जाने वाली और राजस्थान से आने वाली उन उड़ानों का ब्यौरा क्या है, जिन्हें खाड़ी युद्ध के कारण रद्द कर दिया गया है;

(ख) क्या सरकार को इस बात की जानकारी है कि इन उड़ानों के रद्द किये जाने से राजस्थान से उद्योग और पर्यटन पर प्रतिकूल प्रभाव पड़ा है;

(ग) इन उड़ानों को पुनः कब से आरंभ कर दिए जाने की संभावना है ;

(घ) इन उड़ानों को रद्द किए जाने के कारण प्रतिदिन कितनी मात्रा में ईंधन की बचत हुई है ; और

(ङ) क्या उन्हें अपने उस वक्तव्य का स्मरण है जिसमें उन्होंने यह कहा था कि खाड़ी युद्ध के कारण घरेलू उड़ानों को रद्द नहीं किया जाएगा ?

**नागर विमानन मंत्रालय** के **राज्य मंत्री** (श्री हरमोहन धवन) : (क) खाड़ी युद्ध को देखते हुए इंडियन एयरलाइंस की निम्नलिखित उड़ानें 22.1.91 से कम कर दी गयी थी :-

**इंडियन एयर लाइंस**

(1) आईसी 491/492 (दिल्ली-जयपुर-उदयपुर औरंगाबाद-बम्बई और वापसी) उड़ान को प्रतिदिन के स्थान पर सप्ताह में चार बार कर दिया गया।

(2) आईसी 493/494 (दिल्ली जयपर-जोधपुर-उदयपुर बम्बई और वापसी) उड़ान को प्रतिदिन के स्थान पर सप्ताह में तीन बार कर दिया गया।

(3) आईसी 446/445 (बम्बई-जयपुर-बम्बई) उड़ान को, जो सप्ताह में चार बार परिचालित होती थी बन्द कर दिया गया था।

(ख) जी, नहीं। इस बात का कोई संकेत नहीं है कि छोटी अवधि की इस कटौती से राजस्थान में उद्योग और पर्यटन पर कोई गंभीर असर पड़ा है।

(ग) इन उड़ानों को 6.2.91 (आईसी 491/492) और 21.2.91 (आईसी 493/494 और आईसी 446/445) से पहले ही बहाल कर दिया गया है।

(घ) उड़ानों में इस प्रकार कटौती न केवल राजस्थान में वरन देश के अन्य भागों में भी की गई। 22.1.91 और 16.2.91 के बीच, इंडियन एयरलाइंस ने 8300 किलोलीटर से अधिक का विमानन टर्बाइन ईंधन बचाया जिसकी कीमत लगभग 7.88 करोड़ रुपये है।

(ङ) इंडियन एयरलाइंस की अंतर्राष्ट्रीय सेवाओं में कटौती को न्यूनतम रखा गया, जबकि इसकी अंतर्राष्ट्रीय सेवाओं में काफ़ी कटौती की गयी थी।

Review **of the findings of the Murthy Committee on Betamethasone**

601. SHRI G. G. SWELL: Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that review of the findings of the Murthy Committee in respect of Betamethasone and its formulation prices have been completed;

(b) if so, what is the final position in this regard;

(c) when the Murthy Committee was appointed arid what was its terms of reference and how n. much time has been taken to review the prices of Betamethasone and its salts;

(d) whether it is a fact that Murthy Committee has justified the increase in prices of this drug; and

(e) if so, on what grounds?

THE MINISTER OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS AND PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (SHRI SATYA PRAKASH MALAVIYA): (a) to (e) Decision on the price of Betamethsone and its salts is expected to be taken shortly. Murthy Committee was appointed on 9th May, 1988. Following prices were notified for Betamethasone and its salts based on the recommendations of the Murthy Committee:

(i) Betamethasone Alcohol—Rs. 144. 19/g

(ii) Betamethasone 17-Valorate— Rs. 136. 58/g

(iii) Betamethasone Di Sodium Phosphate—Rs. 144. 58/g

The task of Murthy Committee was to hear review applications of Companies involved in Court cases.

**Import of Penicillin-G**

692. CHOWDHARY HARI SINGH: SHRI MOHD. KHALEELUR REHMAN:

Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased to state:

(a) what are the names of companies as communicated by his Ministry of Commerce which did not lift or which have partially lifted Penicillin-G 1st crystals;

(b) whether it is a fact that import of Penicillin 1st Crystals was recommended by his Ministry only after changing the earlier policy which provided prior lifting of indigenous production before import;

fc) what are the reasons for changing the policy;

(d) whether it is also a fact that the import of the item benefitted the companies to the tune of Rs. 9 crores;

**and**

(e) whether his Ministry have taken any steps to investigate the matter?

THE MINISTER OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS AND PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (SHRI SATYA PRAKASH MALAVIYA): (a) The companies whose names were reported to the Ministry of Commerce are as under: —

1. M/s. Alembic
2. M/s. Wellchem
3. M/s. Lawande
4. M/s. Cepham Labs
5. M/s. Jagsonpal
6. M/s. Scanomax
7. M/s. Pharma Chem
8. M/s. Nirmal Drugs (has since completed the indigenous lifting).

(b) and (c) Yes, Sir. Since bulk of the requirements were being met through imports, facility of advance importer to regular users of Pencillin-G was allowed with the attention of ensuring its sustained availability for manufacture of down-stream products. The liability of lifting indigenous material as per prescribed ratio was maintained.

(d) and (e) Matter has been referred to the CCI&E for taking action against the defaulting companies for violating the conditions of import.

'Incentive Money' paid to Air India Crew in Foreign Exchange

693. DR. BAPU KALDATE:
SHRIMATI KAMLA SINHA: SHRI SURESH KALMADI:

Will the Minister of CIVIL AVIATION be pleased to state:

(a) what is the existing practice for paying 'incentive money' to the Air India crew;

(b) what is the annual payment forwards 'incentive money' to the Air India crew (in foreign exchange) during the last three years;

(c) what is the annual expenditure on payment of daily allowance (in US dollars) over and above their hotel accommodation, transport etc. during the above period;

(d) what are the -considerations for paying 'incentive money' in addition to the payment of daily allowance;

(e) whether in view of the foreign exchange crisis, Government have considered the desirability or other-, wise of the continuance of paying 'incentive money' in foreign exchange; and

(f) if so, what decision, if. any, has been taken by Government in the matter? . •.

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF CIVIL AVIATION. ■ (SHRI HARMOHAN DHAWAN): (a) Pilots|Flight Engineer of Air India, operating long haul direct flights are paid long haul allowance from 15 February, 1988 onwards. Payments are effected in U. S. Dollars after deducting 50 per cent Income Tax at source.

(b) and (c) Expenditure on long haul allowance and lay over allowance to cockpit crew during 1988-89 and 1989-90 is as under: —

| Long Haul Allowance (before deiuction of income tax) | Layover Allowance |
|---|---|
| 1988-90 US $ 5, 37, 370 | US $ 21, 48, 000 |
| 1989-90 US *$* 7, 61, 580 | US $ 22, 44, 000 |


| Long Haul Allowance (before deduction of income tax) | Layover Allowance |
|---|---|
| 1988-90 US $ 5, 37, 370 | US $ 21. 48, 000 |
| 1989-90 US $ 7, 61, 580 | US $ 22, 44, 000 |


(d) to (f) The payment of long haul allowance is an incentive for the Pilots/Flight Engineers for operating long haul flights and is part of the agreement with the flying crew.

**विदेशी विमानों को ईंधन भरने की सुविधा**

694. **श्री रणजीत सिंह :** क्या **पेट्रोलियम और रसायन** मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या यह सच है कि देश के विभिन्न हवाई अड्डों पर विदेशी विमानों के लिए ईंधन भरने की सुविधायें उपलब्ध है ; और

(ख) यदि हां, तो उनका ब्यौरा क्या है तथा चालू वित्तीय वर्ष के दौरान दिसम्बर, 1990 तक इससे कितनी धन-राशि एकत्र की गई ?

**पेट्रोलियम और रसायन मंत्री तथा संसदीय कार्य मंत्री (श्री सत्य प्रकाश मालवीय) :** (क) जी, हां ।

(ख) विदेशी जहाज आमतौर पर देश के निम्नलिखित हवाई अड्डों के माध्यम से उड़ान भरते हैं :--

| | |
|---|---|
| 1. बम्बई | 7. गोआ |
| 2. दिल्ली | 8. त्रिवेन्द्रम |
| 3. कलकत्ता | 9. अमृतसर |
| 4. मद्रास | 10. त्रिची |
| 5. हैदराबाद | 11. अहमदाबाद |
| 6. बंगलोर | 12. पटना |

विदेशी जहाजों को की गई विमानन टरबाइन ईंधन की बिक्री के जरिए चालू वित्तीय वर्ष के दौरान दिसम्बर, 1990 तक 318.25 करोड़ रुपए प्राप्त हुए हैं ।

**विदेशी संस्थानों के तकनीकी सहयोग से कोयला उत्पादन का बढ़ाया जाना**

695. **सरदार जगजीत सिंह अरोड़ा :**
**श्री बलराम सिंह यादव :**

क्या **ऊर्जा** मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या यह सच है कि देश में कोयला उत्पादन में वृद्धि करने के लिए कोल इंडिया लिमिटेड ने कतिपय विदेशी संस्थानों के साथ समझौते किए है ;

(ख) यदि हां, तो चालू वर्ष के दौरान जिन-जिन देशों के साथ इस संबंध में समझौते किए गए हैं, उनके नाम क्या-क्या हैं ;

(ग) इन समझौतों के लागू हो जाने के परिणामस्वरूप देश में कोयले के वार्षिक उत्पादन में कुल कितनी वृद्धि होगी ; और

(घ) इन समझौतों को लागू करने के लिए कितनी अतिरिक्त धनराशि की आवश्यकता होगी ?

**ऊर्जा मंत्री (श्री कल्याण सिंह कालवी) :** (क) से (घ) कोल इण्डिया लिमिटेड ने अपनी कोयला खनन परियोजनाओं को नियमित किए जाने के लिए सोवियत संघ, फ्रांस, जर्मनी, कनाडा, आस्ट्रेलिया, पोलैंड तथा यूनाइटेड किंगडम के साथ सहयोग करार किए है । इन परियोजनाओं के पूरा हो जाने के बाद इन से 35.05 मिलियन टन प्रतिवर्ष कोयले का उत्पादन प्राप्त होने की संभावना है । क्रियान्वयाधीन परियोजनाओं का ब्यौरा संलग्न विवरण में दिया गया है ।

चालू वित्तीय वर्ष के दौरान कोल इंडिया लि० ने निम्नलिखित के साथ करार किया--- ईस्टर्न कोलफील्ड्स लि० की झांझरा परियोजना में शाफ्ट सिंकिंग में तकनीकी सहायता प्राप्त करने, तथा ईस्टर्न कोलफील्ड्स लि० की लाचिट खानी खान में लोचदार रूफिंग तथा स्क्रेपरयुक्त चैम्बर प्रणाली की शुरूआत करने के लिए सोवियत संघ के साथ करार किया और नौर्दर्न कोलफील्ड्स लि० की बीना परियोजना में डिशेलिंग संयंत्र की स्थापना के लिए जर्मनी के साथ करार किया । इन करारों को क्रियान्वित किए जाने के लिए वार्षिक योजनाओं में तथा कंपनी के बजट में पर्याप्त वित्तीय व्यवस्था कर दी गई है ।

विवरण

कोल इंडिया लि० की विदेशी सहायता प्राप्त क्रियान्वयाधीन परियोजनाओं का ब्यौरा इस प्रकार है :—

| देश | परियोजनाएं | क्षमता (मि०टन० प्रतिवर्ष) |
|---|---|---|
| सोवियत संघ | झाझरा, भूमिगत परियोजना | 3·5 |
| | खाद्दिया, ओपेनकास्क परियोजना नार्दर्न कोल फील्ड्स लि० | 4.0 |
| | सिधाई ओपेनकास्टजपरियोजना नार्दर्न कोलफील्ड्स लि० | 4.2 |
| फ्रांस | ईस्ट कटरास सब-लेवल केविंग, भारत कोकिंग कोल लि० भूमिगत परियोजना | 0.90 |
| | कोटाडीह भूमिगत परियोजना ईस्टर्न कोल फील्ड्स लि० | 1.30 |
| एफ०आर०जी० | गोपालीचक हाइड्रो-माइनिंग भूमिगत परियोजना भारत कोकिंग कोल लि० | 0.15 |
| कनाडा | राजमहल, ओपेनकास्ट परियोजना ईस्टर्न कोलफील्ड्स लि० | 10.5 |
| आस्ट्रेलिया | पिपरवार ओपेनकास्ट परियोजन सेंट्रल कोलफील्ड्स लि० | 6.5 |
| यू०के० | अमलोरी, ओपेनकास्ट परियोजना नार्दर्न कोलफील्ड्स लि० | 4.0 |
| | जोड़ : | 35.05 |

Cooperation in the field of Aviation Industry between India and Soviet Union

696. SHRI VIREN J. SHAH:
SHRI PRAMOD MAHAJAN:

Will the Minister of CIVIL AVIATION be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that India and Soviet Union are committed to strengthen and broaden cooperation in the field of aviation industry as per terms in the MOU recenly signed by both Governments;

(b) if so, what are the terms of reference and what are the areas in which cooperation are envisaged; and

(c) what are the estimated benefits to the Indian economy through this collaboration arrangement

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF CIVIL AVIATION (SHRI HARMOHAN DHAWAN): (a) to (c) A protocol was signed recently by the Indo-Soviet Working Group in New Delhi to strengthen and broaden cooperation in the field of civil aviation. The protocol provides for cooperation and

exchange of information in the fields of air traffic control, training of aviation specialists, other scientific and technical matters and co-production of aircraft parts. The civil aviation sector of both USSR and India will benefit from the arrangement.

**Position of enquiry into Airbus A-320 deal**

697. SHRI M. A. BABY:
SHRI A. NALLASIVAN:

Will the Minister of CIVIL AVIATION be pleased to state:

(a) what are the details of the present position of the enquiry into the Airbus A-320 purchase deal;

(b) whether Government have decided to review the same; and

(c) if so, what are the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF CIVIL AVIATION (SHRI HARMOHAN DHA-WAN): (a) to (c) The investigation my the CBI is still in progress.

**मध्य प्रदेश को वायुदूत से जोड़ना**

698. **श्रीमती रत्न कुमारी** : क्या नागर विमानन मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:

(क) क्या सरकार मध्य देश के कतिपय बड़े बड़े शहरों को वायुदूत से जोड़ने तथा कुछ अन्य स्थानों को भोपाल या जबलपुर से जोड़ने की किसी योजना पर विचार कर रही है ; और

(ख) यदि हां, तो इस संबंध में ब्यौरा क्या है ?

**नागर विमानन मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री हरमोहन धवन)** : (क) जी, नहीं।

(ख) प्रश्न नहीं उठता।

**कोल इंडिया लिमिटेड में कोलडम्प होल्डरों की नियुक्ति**

699. **श्री राम अवधेश सिंह** : क्या ऊर्जा मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:

(क) क्या यह सच है कि कोल इंडिया लि. द्वारा सम्पूर्ण देश में अनेक कोलडम्प होल्डरों की नियुक्ति की गई है ;

(ख) क्या यह भी सच है कि कोल-डम्प होल्डरों की नियुक्ति में अनुसूचि जाति/अनुसूचित जनजाति के लिए आरक्षण नीति का अनुसरण नहीं किया गया है ; और

(ग) यदि हां, तो इस समय, ऐसे कोल डम्प होल्डरो की संख्या सहित ब्यौरा क्या है और इनमें से कितने अनुसूचित जाति/अनुसूचित जनजाति से संबंधित हैं ?

**ऊर्जा मंत्री (श्री कल्याण सिंह कालवी)** : (क) से (ग) कोल इंडिया लि. के स्टाकयार्ड/कोयले के डम्पों को विभागीय रूप से हैंडलिंग एजेंट्स के माध्यम से परिचालित किया जाता है, जोकि खुली निविदाओं को आमंत्रित करके नियुक्त किए जाते हैं। हैंडलिंग एजेंट्स कोयले के लदान तथा उतराई के कार्य का निरीक्षण किए जाने के लिए उत्तरदायी हैं जिसमें कोयले के परिवहन का कार्य, जहां भी इसे स्टाकयार्डों तक ले जाना अपेक्षित हो, भी शामिल है। ये एजेंट्स स्टाकयार्डों तक कोयले को सुरक्षित में पहुंचाने के लिए भी जिम्मेदार हैं। ऐसे हैंडलिंग एजेंट्स की नियुक्ति किए जाने के मामले में कोई तरजीह दिए जाने संबंधी प्रणाली अथवा आरक्षण नीति प्रचलन में नहीं है।

**Agreement with U. K. in Rnerfy Sector**

700. SHRI PRABHAKAR **RAO** KALVALA: Will the Minister **of** ENERGY be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact **that an** agreement has been signed for expanding cooperation in the energy **sector**

in between India and United Kingdom during the month of February, 1991;

(b) if so, what are the details of the agreement; and

(c) what are the names and the number of units in India in energy sector which are running with the assistance of United Kingdom?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF ENERGY (SHRI BABANRAO DHAKNE): (a) No, Sir.

. (b) Does not arise.

(c) Rihand Super Thermal Power Station consisting of two units of 500 MW each has been set up with the assistance of United Kingdom. The two units were commissioned in March, 1988 and July, 1989.

**देश में एलपीजी की मांग तथा उत्पादन**

**701. डा० जिनेंद्र कुमार जैन :**
**श्री रणजीत सिंह :**

क्या **पैट्रोलियम और रसायन** मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या यह सच है कि देश में एलपीजी की मांग इसके उत्पादन की अपेक्षा अधिक है ;

(ख) यदि हां, तो देश में एल०पी० जी. की कुल वार्षिक मांग कितनी है ;

(ग) देश में ही उत्पादित एल०पी० जी. की अनुमानित मात्रा कितनी है ;

(घ) क्या देश में एल०पी०जी० की मांग को पूरा करने के लिए इसका आयात किया जा रहा है ; और

(ङ) यदि हां, तो हर वर्ष आयात की जाने वाली एल० पी० जी० की अनुमानित मात्रा क्या है ?

**पैट्रोलियम और रसायन मंत्री तथा संसदीय कार्य मंत्री (श्री सत्य प्रकाश मालवीय)** : (क) जी, हां ।

(ख) और (ग) वर्ष 1990-91 के दौरान देश में एल० पी० जी० की अनुमानित मांग एवं संभावित देशी उत्पादन क्रमश: लगभग 2,423 हजार मीट्रिक टन और 2,135 हजार मीट्रिक टन है ।

(घ) जी, हां ।

(ङ) वर्ष 1990-91 के दौरान लगभग 330 हजार मीट्रिक टन एल०पी० जी० के आयात की सम्भावना है।

Grounding of Westland helicopters

702. DR. BAPU KALDATE:
SHRI M. S. GURUPADA-SWAMY:
SHRI KAPIL VERMA:
SHRIMATI VEEN A VERMA:
SHRI RAJUBHAI A. PARMAR:

Will the Minister of CIVIL AVIATION be pleased to refer to the answer to Unstarred Question 111 given in the Rajya Sabha on the 25th February, 1991 and state:

(a) what is the estimated loss likely to be suffered by Pawan Hans and Helicopter Corporation of India as a result of the grounding of Westland helicopters; and

(b) what is the manner in which Government proposed to dispose of these helicopters?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF CIVIL AVIATION (SHRI HAR-MOHAN DHAWAN)-: (b) The estimated loss to Pawan Hans Limited on account of the grounding of West-land helicopters would be of the order of Rs. 21. 85 crores in 1991-92, which includes Rs. 15. 45 crores on account of the grounding of Westland helicopters would be of the order of Rs. 21. 85 crores in 1991-92, which includes Rs. 15. 45 crores on account of depreciation and obsolecence reserve.

(b) No decision has been taken so far.

Steps to cure the consumption of Petroleum Products

703. CHOWDHRY HARI SINGH:

' SHRI KRISHNA KUMAR BIRLA:

Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Government have recently taken some steps to reduce the consumption of Petroleum products;

(b) if so, what are the details thereof; and

(c) the quantum of these products saved during 1990-91 till date as a result of these measures?

THE MINISTER OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS AND PARLIA MENTARY AFFAIRS (SHRI SATYA PRAKASH MALAVIYA): (a) and (b) Various measures have been taken to contain the demand of Petroleum products. Details are at tached,

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(c) As a result of various steps taken to contain the demand for petroleum produts, rate of growth in consumption of petroleum products has declined from 8. 3 per cent during April-December, 1989 to 2. 3 per cent during April-December, 1990. Against the projected free demand of 58. 87 million tonnes, the consumption ir now expected to be restricted to about 55. 25 milion tonnes in 1990-91.

Steps taken to curb the consumption of petroleum products:

The restrictions presently in force include:

1. Ban on release of new LPG connections and Double Bottle connections, except for release of LPG donnections to new LPG Dealerships.

2. Minimum time interval of 10 days for refill booking for domestic LPG cylinders.

3. 20 per cent in consumption of petrol and diesel in vehicles of Central Government Departments and Public Sector Undertakings over the consumption in 1989-90.

4. 10 per cent cut on supplies of MS and HSD to bulk consumers over the average consumption in last 3 years.

5. Releases of MS through Retail Outlets restricted to 4 per cent growth over the corresponding period of the previous year.

6. Releases of HSD through Retail Outlets restricted to 4 per cent growth over the corresponding period of the previous year.

6. Releases of HSD through Retail Outlets restricted to the same level as in the corresponding period of the previous year.

7. 10 per cent on supplies of HSD to State Road Transport Undertaking over consumption in the previous year. However, reqiurements of STUs for net fleet expansion to be met in full.

8. Ban on supply of HSD for new captive DG sets.

9. 10 per cent cut on average last 3 years offtakes for LDO supplies to direct consumers.

10. 10 per cent cut on LDO/HSD supplies for domestic shipping, including Inland Waterways.

tWritten Answers to Starred and Unstarred Questions set for the 28th February, 1991.

Investments by UTI/LIC etc. in Karnataka

*81. SHRI B. K. HARIPRASAD: Will the Minister of FINANCE bs pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Karnataka Governfent's proposal for adequate investments by UTI|LIC and

tThe sitting of the Rajya Sabha on Thursday, the 28th February was cancelled. Answers to the Questions put down in the lists for that day were laid on the Table of the HctSf on Monday, the 4th March, 199J

for Indira Vikas Patras and Kisan Vikas Patras in that State has been pending with the Central Government; and

(b) if so, by when a decision is likely to be taken in the matter?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI YASHWANT SINHA): (a) and (b) Government of Karnataka had requested *tor* investment by UTI in Karnataka in Indira Vikas Patra/ Kisan Vikas Patra of the same order as in 1989-90 and for issue of Indira Vikas Patra/Kisan Vikas Patra of Rs. 1 crore denomination for investment by LIC. These requests were considered but had not been agreed to.

Fake letters of Credit submitted by Germent Exporters

*82. SHRI KRISHAN LAL SHAR-MA: Will the Minister of TEXTILES be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are aware that some garment exporters recent ly submitted forged and fake letters of credit;

(b) if so, what are the details thereof;

(c) what action Government propose to take against the exporters concerned; and

(d) what steps Government propose to take to avoid such incidents in future?

THE MINISTER OF TEXTILES AND FOOD PROCESSING INDUSTRY (SHRI HUKAMDEO NARAYAN YADAV): (a) to (d) Over 100 cases of tampered/forged/invalid letters of credit attached to the applications fnr garment quotas under FCFS System for 1991 were detected by the Apparel Export Promotion Council (AEPC) while scrutinising these applications. The AEPC has taken appropriate disciplinary action against the concerned exporters in the matter in accordance with the provisions of Handbook of Procedure under the Import-Export Policy April, 1990—March, 1993.

The prompt action taken by AEPC in the matter is expected to curb recurrence of such acts in future.

t IMF Loan

*83. SHRI KRISHNA KUMAR BIRLA:

SHRI VITHALRAO MADHAV-RAO JADHAV:

Wil the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) what is the total amount of loan received recently from the IMF to tide over the difficult balance of payment position being faced by the country at present;

(b) what are the terms and conditions of the loan; and

(c) what are the priorities for which the loan is proposed to be utilised?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI YASHWANT SINHA): (a) The International Monetary Fund has sanctioned two credits to India on January 18, 1991, one under the compensatory and Contingency Financing Facility (CCFF) for SDR 716. 9 million and the other under a stand-by arrangement for SDR 551. 93 million These credits amount to about Rs. 3250 crores at the prevailing exchange rate.

(b) Both the credits from IMF are repayable in eight equal quarterly instalments starting 3 years and 3 months from the date of drawal and completed in the fifth year. Both credits are subject to a rate of interest which is determined from time to time depending on the prevailing SDR interest rate with certain adjustments. On January 23, 1991 the calculated rate was about 9 per cent. Currently, the rate is 8, 4 per cent.

(c) The credit would be utilised to meet the foreign exchange requirements of the country arising from' time to time.

Targets fixed for tax collection by **ITOs**

*84. SHR1 SANTOSH BAGRODIA: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether he has asked the Income Tax Officers to exceed the current year's collection targets, while addressing the Chief Commissioners and Directors General of Income Tax of Delhi in the last week of January;

(b) whether there is any target fixed for each Income Tax Officer; and

(c) if so, what are the details in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI YASHWANT SINHA): (a) Yes. Sir, the Income-tax Officers were asked to achieve the targets, if not exceed them.

(b) Yes, Sir.

(c) The targets for collection are fixed by the Central Board of Direct Taxes for different Chief Commissioners regions all over the country. The Chief Commissioners, in turn, allocate the Budget targets to different commissioner of Income-tax under them. Similarly, the Commissioners allot targets to the Deputy Commissioners who, in turn-allocate th? targets to Assistant Commissioners of Income-tax and Income-tax Officers. For Delhi Region, the targets fixed for the current financial year are Rs. 944 crores for corporation tax and Rs. 539 crores for income-tax, making a total of Rs. 1483 crores. For all-India, the budgeted targets are Rs. 11, 515 crores comprising Rs. 6, 089 crores of oorporation tax and Rs. 5, 426 crores of Income-tax.

Furnishing of monthly **production** return by M/s. **Pepsi Foods** Private **Limited**

*85. SHRI DIPEN GHOSH:
SHRIMATI JAYANTHI NATARAJAN:

Will the Minister of FOOD PRO-CESING INDUSTRIES be pleased to refer to the answer to Unstarred Question 1649 given in the Rajya Sabha on the 24th May, 1990 and state: ". "_.

(a) whether monthly production returns are being furnishing by M/s. Pepsi Food Private Limited;

(b) if so, whether the sale of soft drink is within the 25 per cent limit, and

(c) if not, what action Government propose to take in the matter?

THE MINISTER OF TEXTILES AND FOOD PROCESSING INDUSTRY (SHRI HUKAM DEO NARAY-AN YADAV): (a) No, sir. However, status reports on the activities of the project are being submitted by M|s. Pepsi Food Private Limited; from time to time.

'(b) and (c) Interim information has been furnished by M/s. Pesi Foods Pvt. Ltd. about turn over of soft drinks concentrate and of other pro ducts. The Team constituted to look into the functioning of Pepsi Project has since submitted its report which is being examined in the Minis try. -The matter whether they have fulfilled the condition of the sale, of soft drink drink concentrate within the limits of 25 per cent of their total turnover during the year is under examination and in case it is found that they have_ violated this condition, then suitable action against them under the law would be taken.

**Assembly elections in Punjab, Tamil Nadu and** Assam

*86. DR. G. VIJAYA MOHAN REDDY:
DR. RATNAKAR PANDEY:

Will the Minister of LAW AND JUSTICE be pleased to state by when Government propose to hold Assembly elections in Punjab, Tamil Nadu and Assam?

THE MINISTER OF COMMERCE WITH ADDITIONAL CHARGE OF THE MINISTRY OF LAW AND JUSTICE (DR. SUBRAMANIAN SWA-MY): The States of Punjab, Tamil Nadu and Assam are presently under President's rule. The decision for holding elections to the Legislative assemblies of these States will be taken at approapriate time, keeping in view the situation obtaining in the respective States. Election Commission has, in the meanwhile, taken necessary steps to be in a position to hold elections in these States at short notice.

Simplification **of** FERA **Regulations**

*37. SHRI BEKAL UTSAHI:
SHRI V. NARAYANSAMY:

Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are considering any proposal for the simplification of investment and tax laws and FERA regulations to attract NRI investment in the country;

(b) if so, what are the details thereof;

(c) whether Government have received any suggestions in this regard from some NRI organisations; and

(d) if so, what are the details thereof and Government's reaction thereto?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI YASHWANT SINHA): (a) and (b) NRI Investment Policy related tax laws, Foreign Exchange Regulation Act (FERA), 1973 and other related rules and procedures are continuously reviewed with a view to removing irritants and bottlenecks.

(c) Suggestions are received from time to time from NRI organisations and individuals.

(d) Constant effort is made to streamline procedures in the light of suggestions received from various quarters.

**Liberalisation of** Foreign **Investment** norms

*88. DR. Z. A. AHMAD:
SHRI N. E. BALARAM:

Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are considering a proposal for liberalising the 'foreign investment norms; and

(b) if so, what are the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI YASHWANT SINHA): (a) and (b) Foreign Investment is welcome in areas consistent with our national goals and perspective. Such investments will continue to be allowed within the framework of national priorities especially for purpose of modernisation, meeting critical gaps in technology and production, and for boosting exports.

**Foreign Exchange** loss **to India due to Gulf War**

*89. SHRI ATAL BIHARiI VAJPAYEE:
SHRI PRAMOD MAHAJAN:

Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) the estimated loss of foreign exchange to India by way of workers' remittances, royalties, service fees,

ourism, trade with Iraq, Kuwait and other Gulf countries as a result of Gulf war; and

(b) the steps being taken to make u*p* this loss and to check its impact on Indian economy?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI YASHWANT SINHA): (a. ) The Gulf war is estimated to result in a significantly adverse impact on foreign excahnge inflows in India from the Gulf countries. It is estimated that during 1988-89 remittances from Kuwait amounted to $200 million while from Iraq these were $ 5 million. Thus, about $ 200 million of remittances will no longer be forth-coming. Further, Gulf countries are the sources of about 66 per cent NRERA flows with about 18 per cent of these coming from Kuwait. Sueh flows have failed to maintain the buoyancy since August, 1990.

In terms of loss of trade, in 1989-90 West Asain countries accounted for about 6. 7 per cent of India's exports with Kuwait accounting for 0. 7 per cent and Iraq about 0. 5 per cent. The immediate impact of the Gulf Crisis could, thus, mean a loss of about $200-250 million if loss of ex-parts to Iraq and Kuwait is alone considered. Apart from this, annual deferred payments to the extent of Rs. 170 crores due from Iraq is also unlikely to be realised at least in short-term.

(b) To compensate for the estimated loss in foreign exchange inflows, the Government have initiated a number of measures to promote exports and curtail non-essential im-ports. Attempts are also being made to augment foreign exchange earnings through capital inflows including accelerated disbursement of external assistance. In addition, a number of measures for raising revenues and controlling expenditure have also been taken to moderate the fiscal impact on the Indian Economy.

**Enquiry into the functioning of M/s. Pepsi Foods Private Ltd.**

*90. SHRI SHANTI TYAGI:
SHRI RAM JETHMALANI:

Will **toe** Minister of FOOD PRO-CESSING INDUSTRIES be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Gov-ernment have set a Committeeat the administrative level to enquire into the functioning of M/s. Pepsi Foods Private **Ltd.;**

(b) whether it is also a fact that the said committee has since submitted its report to Government; and

(c) if so, what are the findings of the committee and what decision has so far been taken by Government thereon?

THE MINISTER OF TEXTILES AND FOOD PROCESSING INDUSTRY (SHRI HUKAMDEO NARAYAN YADAV): (a) Yes, Sir. A team consisting of three officers was deputed to make on the spot study of various units under the Pepsi Project.

(b) Yes, Sir.

(c) Since it involves other Departments like Finance, Commerce and Agriculture besides Food Processing Industries, it has been decided to form a Joint Committee consisting of above Departments to process the report in all aspects.

**लघु उद्योग क्षेत्र द्वारा निर्यातों में वृद्धि करने के लिए कदम**

***91. श्री राम जेठमलानी :**
**सरदार जगजीत सिंह अरोड़ा :**

क्या वाणिज्य मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या सरकार का ध्यान 14 जनवरी, 1991 को "दा हिन्दु" में "स्माल सेक्टर हैज गुड स्कोप टू बूस्ट एक्स-पोर्ट्स" शीर्षक के अन्तर्गत प्रकाशित समाचार की ओर दिलाया गया है ;

(ख) यदि हां, तो क्या सरकार देश के निर्यातों में वृद्धि करने के लिए लघु उद्योग क्षेत्र को और अधिक सुविधायें देने का विचार रखती है ; और

(ग) यदि नहीं, तो उसके क्या कारण हैं और क्या सरकार ने लघु उद्योग क्षेत्र द्वारा 1988-90 के वर्षों के दौरान निर्यातों में वृद्धि करने में दिए गए योगदान की प्रतिशतता का मूल्यांकन किया है ?

**वाणिज्य मंत्री साथ में विधि एवं न्याय मंत्रालय का अतिरिक्त भार (श्री सुब्रह्मण्यम स्वामी)** : (क) जी, हां ।

(ख) तथा (ग) लघु उद्योग क्षेत्र से होने वाले निर्यातों को बढ़ाने के लिए आठवीं पंचवर्षीय योजना में विभिन्न उपाय सोचे गये हैं जिन पर विचार किया जाना है और उन्हें स्वीकृति दी जानी है । निर्यात आंकड़े वस्तु समूहों के अनुसार सस्ते किए जाते हैं न कि लघु क्षेत्र अथवा बड़े क्षेत्र के आधार पर । कुल निर्यातों में लघु क्षेत्र के योगदान का अनुमान विकास आयुक्त, लघु उद्योग कार्यालय द्वारा लगाया जाता है, जो कि निर्यात संवर्धन परिषदों तथा वस्तु बोर्डों द्वारा संकलित आंकड़ों पर आधारित होता है । कुल निर्यातों में लघु क्षेत्र का योगदान वर्ष 1988-89 के दौरान, जिसके सम्बन्ध में अनुमान उपलब्ध हैं, 28.1% था ।

**Fall in tea production**

*92. MISS SAROJ KHAPARDE: Will the Minister of COMMERCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are aware that there has been considera ble fall in the production of Tea in. the country;

(b) if so, what are the reasons therefor; and

(c)- whether.. Government propose to import tea, to. meet the shortage in production?

THE MINISTER OF COMMERCE, LAW AND JUSTICE (DR. SUBRA-MANIAN SWAMY): fa) and (b) There is no fall in the production of tea in India. The table below gives the trend of the production during the last three years:

| Year | Production ( Mi lion Kgs. ) |
|---|---|
| 11987-88. | 677-85 |
| 1988-89. | . 682-67 |
| 1989-90. | . 702-81 |

| Year | Production (Milion Kgs. ) |
|---|---|
| 11987-88.... | 677-85 |
| 1988-89..... | 682-67 |
| 1989-90 ..... | 702-81 |

(c) Does not arise

Action Plan to improve Tax collection

*93. DR. ABRAR AHMED:
DR. RATNAKAR PANDEY:
Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Central Board of Direct Taxes has drawn up any action plan to reduce the tax arrears and improve tax collection;

(b) if so, what are the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI YASHWANT SINHA): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The main features of the Central Action Plan of the Income-tax Department for the year 1990-01 in respect of reduction of tax arrears are as follows:

*Targets for reduction of I. T. demand and entries*

(i) Reduce 60 per cent of the gross arrear demand brought forward on 1. 4, 90

(ii) Reduce 85 per cent of the gross current demand raised during the year 1990-91.

(iii) The above two targets are subject to the condition that the total Income-tax demand (arrear-current) to be carried forward as on 1. 4. 1991 should be 10 per cent less than the gross arrear demand brought forward as on 1. 4. 1990.

(iv) The total number of entries of income-tax demand (arrear and current)) to be carried forward as on 1. 4. 1991 should be 25 per cent less that such entires brought forward on 1. 4. 1990.

For collection of taxes, targets are fixed for different Chief Commissioners' regions after taking into account the budget estimates of direct taxes for the relevant financial year and the actual collection in the preceding financial year. For the current financial year, the budgeted target for collection is Rs. 6089 crores of corporation tax and Rs. 5426 crores of income-tax, making a total of Rs. 11, 515 crores.

**News item captioned "NCAER plea to remove export Bottlenecks**

*94. SHRI PRAMOD MAHAJAN:
SHRI HARVENDRA SINGH HANSPAL:

Will the Minister of COMMERCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government's attention has been drawn to the newsitem titled "NCAER plea to remove ex ■ port bottlenecks" which appeared in the Financial Express, New Delhi, dated January 30, 1991;

(b) whether the suggestion for introduction of super Replenishment (REP) to exporters, based on volume of exports is being considered by Government; and

(c) if so, what action is proposed to be taken to improve country's export **trade?**

THE MINISTER OF COMMERCE WITH ADDITIONAL CHARGE OF THE MINISTRY OF LAW AND JUSTICE (DR. SUBRAMANIAN SWAMY): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) and (c) A flexible Scheme for issue of Replenishment (REP) Licences has been introduced in current Import-Export Policy for 1990-93. A periodic review is undertaken in various provisions of Import-Export Policy, including REP Licences Scheme, in response to developments in trade situation.

The key elements of strategy for boosting exports consist of the following: —

(a) availability of raw material;, components and capital goods to exporters at near world prices;

(b) maintaining the export incentive schemes like CCS, duty drawback, IPRS and concessionary interest rates;

(c) Supportive exchange rate and demand management policies;

(d) improvement in infrastructu-ral facilities;

(e) decision making process to be expedited, especially involving inter-Ministerial problems.

Besides, Government have initiated intensive bilateral discussion to boost exports. A beginning of this process has been made with the visit of a high level delegation led by Commerce Minister to China.

**Effect of Gulf crisis on Imports and Exports**

' *95. SHRI J. P. JAVALI: Will the Minister of COMMERCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Gulf crisis would affect our expert-import trade; and ■-.-.-

(b) if so, what are the details of contingency plans chalked out by Government to ensure proper **trade** in

the event of closure of Suez Canal and banning of the flights over Gulf countries, through which India's major trade is conducted?

THE MINISTER OF COMMERCE WITH ADDITIONAL CHARGE OF THE MINISTRY OF LAW AND JUSTICE (DR. SUBRAMANIAN SWA-MY): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) Currently, shipments through Suez Canal are not affected thougli flights over some of - the Gulf countries have partially been affected by the war. Alternate routes are available for movement of cargo.

**Profit making units of NTC**

*96. SHRI TAIARI MANOHAR: Will the Minister of TEXTILES "be pleased to state;

(a) what are the details of the **NTC** mills that made profits during 1989-90 and 1990-91; and

(b) what are the details of the export orders received by the National Textile Corporation for the supply of cloth during the same period?

THE MINISTER OF TEXTILES AND FOOD PROCESSING INDUSTRY (SHRI HUKUMDEO NARA-YAN YADAV): (a) During the year 1989-90, 30 textile mills under National Textile Corporation made net profits. During the year 1990-91 (April-November, 1990), 34 mills have reported provisional net profits.

(b) NTC mills have received export orders, including the carry forward orders of previous year, to the extent of Rs. 37. 70 crores during 1989-90 and Rs. 50. 06 crores during 1990-91 (April—December, 1990).

**Revival of the closed sick textile mills**

*97. SHRI S. K. T. RAMA-CHANDRAN:
SHRI GHUFRAN AZAM;

Will the Minister of TEXTILES be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have taken any concerted measures for early revival of many closed sick textile mills in the country;

(b) if so, the details thereof;

(c) whether Government propose to constitute a team of experts to advise Government on ways and means to revive the sick textile mills; and

(d) if so, what other steps Government propose to take to revive such mills?

THE MINISTER OF TEXTILES AND FOOD PROCESSING INDUSTRY (SHRI HUKUMDEO NARAYAN YADAV); (a) to (d) Government have set up a Nodal Agency to evolve and implement packages for the re-habilitation of sick/closed textile mills. Government have also set up a Board for Industrial and Financial Reconstruction (BIFR) to determine and enforce preventive, ameliorative and remedial measures for the revival of sick industrial companies. Re-opening of 3 closed mill depends on its viability being established before Nodal Agency/BIFR.

There is no proposal to constitute any separate team of experts to advise Government on ways and means to revive the sick textile mills.

**Foreign exchange reserves**

*98. SHRI JAGESH DESAI:
SHRI RAJNI RANJAN SAHU:

Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) what is the amount of foreign exchange reserves as on the 31st January, 1991 excluding the recent loan received from International Monetary Fund in January, 1991;

(b) what efforts have been made by Government to augment its foreign exchange reserves; and

(c) what are the results achieved due to those efforts?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI YASHWANT SINHA): (a) Foreign exchange reserves as on 31st January, 1991 were Rs. 4719 crores. If the IMF loan of Rs. 3250 crores is deducted from the above, the figure would be Rs. 1469 crores.

(b) The Government have initiated a number of measures to promote exports and curtail non-essential imports. Attempts are also being made to augment foreign exchange earnings through capital inflow including accelerated disbursement of external assistance.

(c) While it is difficult to quantify the results of individual measures 'in the given time frame it can be inferred that the reserves could have been much lower in the absence of these measures.

**मूल्य वृद्धि पर अंकुश लगाने के लिए फिक्की के सुझाव**

*99. **श्री बलराम सिंह यादव :**
**डा० जिनेन्द्र कुमार जैन :**

क्या वित्त मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या सरकार का ध्यान 24 दिसम्बर, 1990 के फाइनेन्शियल एक्सप्रेस में "फिक्की स्टैप्स टू चेक प्राइस राइज" के अंतर्गत प्रकाशित समाचार की ओर दिलाया गया है ;

(ख) क्या भारतीय वाणिज्य तथा उद्योग मंडल संघ ने वर्तमान मूल्य वृद्धि पर अंकुश लगाने के लिए कुछ उपाय सुझाए हैं ;

(ग) यदि हां, तो उन सुझावों का ब्यौरा क्या है ;

(घ) क्या इस उद्देश्य के लिए कोई कार्य योजना तैयार की गई है, और

(ङ) यदि नहीं तो, उसके क्या कारण

**वित्त मंत्री (श्री यशवन्त सिन्हा) :**

(क) और (ख) : जी, हां ।

(ग) मूल्य वृद्धि पर अंकुश लगाने के लिए फिक्की ने निम्नलिखित सुझाव दिए हैं :--

(1) बजट घाटे को सकल घरेलू उत्पाद, का 1.5 प्रतिशत से नीचे रखा जाना चाहिए ;

(2) पेट्रोलियम उत्पादों पर लगाया गया 25 प्रतिशत का अधिभार, जो विनिर्मित उत्पादों की कीमतों में वृद्धि के लिए जिम्मेदार है, जैसे ही तेल की अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय कीमतें लगभग 30 डालर प्रति बैरल गिरती जांए इसे वापस ले लिया जाना चाहिए ;

(3) मुद्रा पूर्ति के प्रसार को कम किया जाना चाहिए ;

(4) मजदूरी में की जाने वाली वृद्धि को कीमतों में वृद्धि और जीवन यापन की लागत से न जोड़कर उत्पादकता से जोड़ा जाना चाहिए ;

(5) उत्पादन में वृद्धि करने के लिए आधारभूत सुविधाएं प्रदान करने के वास्ते सरकारी प्रयास किए जाने चाहिए ;

(6) दालों और तिलहनों की पूर्ति में सुधार करने के लिए इनका उत्पादन बढ़ाया जाना चाहिए ; और

(7) उद्योग को मजदूरों की छंटनी करने और लागतों तथा कीमतों में कमी करने की स्वतंत्रता दी जानी चाहिए।

(घ) से (ङ) मूल्य वृद्धि रोकने के लिए सरकार ने बहुअंगीय कार्यनीति अपनाई है। इसमें सरकारी व्यय को मॉनिटर करके सख्त राजकोषीय अनुशासन बरतना, अर्थव्यवस्था में नकदी प्रसार को रोकना, आवश्यक/संवेदी वस्तुओं की पूर्ति और मांग को और अधिक कारगर बनाना, प्रबन्ध करना और जमाखोरों तथा मुनाफाखोरों के विरुद्ध सख्त कार्रवाई करना शामिल है।

Floor price for rubber

♦100. SHRI V. GOPALSAMY: SHRI R. GANESAN *alias* MISA R-GANESAN;

Will the Minister of COMMERCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have recently announced floor (Minimum) wise for rubber; and

(b) if so, when it was announced and what is its' resent market price?

THE MINISTER OF COMMERCE WITH ADDITIONAL CHARGE OF THE MINISTRY OF. LAW AND JUS TICE (DR. SUBRAMANIAN SWA-MY): (a) Government does not an nounce any floor (minimum) price for natural rubber. However, as in the past, it has recently announced the benchmark price of Rs. 21, 450 per metric tonne for RMA-4 Grade natural rubber.

(b) The benchmark price was announced on 15th January, 1991. The present market prices- for RMA-4 and RMA-5 Grades of natural rubber are Rs. 21, 150 and 20, 3000 per metric tonne respectively.

Amount of various Construction companies blocked in Iraq and other Arabian countries

456. DR. RATNAKAR PANDEY: Will the Minister of COMMERCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that large sums of a number of Indian construc tion companies have been blocked in Iraq and other Arabian countries due to the outbreak of the Gulf War

(b) if so, what are the details in thi$_s$ regard; and

(c) what is the reaction, of Government thereto?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE (SHRI SHANTILAL PURUSHOTTAMDAS PATEL): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) In terms of the Deferred Payment Agreement signed in March, 1990 with the Government of Iraq, dues of the order of US$ 85 million were expected to be released during 1990-91through purchase of crude oil from Iraq. However, till August 1990 dues to the tune of US$ 21. 17 million only were realised. In view of the economic embarge imposed by the UN Security Council on 6th August, 1990 on trade with Iraq and Kuwait the balance amount could not be realised by purchase of crude oil from Iraq. Similarly, approximately US$ 1. 8 million due's are held up in Kuwait.

(c) Repatriation/Recovery of dues can be taken up only after the lifting of economic sanctions by UN Security Council on Iraq and Kuwait.

Manufacture of nareotics

457. SHRI KRISHAN LAL SHAR-MA: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have been urged to allow, the manufacture of narcotics used for anaesthetic pur poses as it would save a huge amount of foreign exchange; and

(b) if so, by when a final decision in this regard is likely to be taken?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI YASHWANT SINHA): (a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

Setting up Food Processing **Units** in Orissa

453. SHRI JAGADISH JANI: Will the Minister of FOOD PROCESSING INDUSTRIES be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have received any applications either from the private or the public sector to set up Food Processing Units in Orissa

(b) if so, the number of applications received in the financial year 1990-91;

(c) whether Government have cleared those applications; and

(d) if so, what are the details thereof?

THE MINISTER FOR TEXTILES AND FOOD PROCESSING INDUSTRY (SHRI HUKUMDEO NARAYAN YADAV); (a) The Ministry of Food processing Industries have to receive any such applications.

(b) to (d) The information is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the House.

**चीन और भारत के बीच व्यापार समझौता**

459. **चौधरी हरि सिंह :**
**श्री प्रभाकर राव कलवला :**
**डा० येलामनचिली शिवाजी :**

क्या **वाणिज्य मंत्री** यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या फरवरी 1991 माह के दौरान सरकार ने चीन के साथ कोई व्यापार समझौता किया है;

(ख) यदि हां तो उपर्युक्त समझौते के अधीन भारत और चीन के बीच किन-किन मदों का विनिमय किया जायेगा और धनराशि के रुप में इसका मूल्य कितना होगा ; और

(ग) यह समझौता कितनी अवधि के लिए होगा ?

**वाणिज्य मंत्रालय में उपमंत्री (श्री शांति लाल पुरुषोत्तमदास पटेल):** (क) से (ग) बीजिंग में आर्थिक सहयोग व्यापार और विज्ञान एवं प्रौद्योगिकी पर भारत-चीन मंत्री स्तरीय संयुक्त दल की दूसरी बैठक की समाप्ति पर दोनों पक्षों ने 8 फरवरी, 1991 से 7 फरवरी, 1992 तक की अवधि के लिए एक व्यापार संलेख पर हस्ताक्षर किए थे । भारत और चीन के बीच इस व्यापार समझौते पर अगस्त 1984 के प्रारम्भ में हस्ताक्षर किए गए थे ।

दोनों देशों के लिए हितकर निर्यात मदों की सूची जहां कहीं संभव हो मूल्य मात्रा दर्शाते हुए संलग्न है ।

**भारत के लिए हितकर निर्यात की गई मदों की सूची**

| | |
|---|---|
| **1. खनिज अयस्क** | |
| (1) सान्द्रण सहित लौह अयस्क | 750,000–1,200,000 |
| (2) क्रोम अयस्क | 85,000–100,000 मी०टन |
| **2. कृषि उत्पाद** | |
| (1) तम्बाकू | |
| (2) चमड़ा | |
| (3) चाय | अमरीकी डालर 0.5–1 मिलियन |
| (4) काफी-फलियां | |
| (5) मध्यम और छोटे रेशे की कपास | |
| (6) चावल (औसत गुणवत्ता वाले) | |
| (7) मसाले | |
| **3. रसायन** | |
| (1) बल्क औषध/औषध मध्यवर्ती पदार्थ तथा भेषज | |
| (2) तेल-क्षेत्र रसायन | |

(3) रंजक और रंजक मध्यवर्ती पदार्थ

(4) कीटनाशी सहित कृषि रसायन

(5) अकार्बनिक एवं कार्बनिक रसायन

(6) लीनियर अल्काइल बेन्जीन

(7) रासायनिक रेशा

**4. इंजीनियरी उत्पाद**

(1) बायलर सहित पावर-जेनेरेशन उपस्कर

(2) बायर रोप्स

(3) ट्रैक इक्विपमेन्ट मशीनरी

(4) रेलवे रोलिंग स्टाक के लिए सिगनल उपस्कर तथा अतिरिक्त पुर्जे

(5) तेल-क्षेत्र उपस्कर

(6) इलैक्ट्रानिक संघटक तथा कंप्यूटर साफ्टवेयर

(7) टैक्सटाइल मशीनरी

(8) व्यावसायिक वाहनों जैसी परिवहन प्रणालियां

(9) प्रक्रिया नियंत्रण उपकरणों सहित उपकरण

(10) दूर संचार उपस्कर

(11) भेषजीय मशीनरी, प्रदूषण नियंत्रण उपस्कर, आटोमोबाइल संघटकों, फोटोकापियर जैसे अन्य इंजीनियरी उत्पाद

5. यूरिया — 200,000–300,000 टन

6. प्लाईवुड

7. रत्न और संसाधित हीरे

8. संश्लिष्ट रेशा और यार्न

**चीन के लिए हितकर निर्यात मदों की सूची**

1. कच्चा रेशम और रेशम यार्न — 2,000–2,5000 टन

2. कृषि उत्पाद एवं देशज उपज
   (1) दालें — 10–12 मिलियन अमरीकी डालर
   (2) मसाले और देशज उपज
   (3) दाल — 5–6 मिलियन अमरीकी डालर

3. हल्के औद्योगिक उत्पाद एवं स्टेशनरी

| | |
|---|---|
| 4. धातु एवं खनिज | |
| (1) पारा एवं सुखा (एन्टीमोनी) | |
| (2) कोकिंग कोयला | 25,000–50,000 टन |
| (3) अन्य प्रकार के खनिज उत्पाद | |
| 5. रासायनिक एवं पेट्रोलियम उत्पाद | |
| (1) रासायनिक सामग्री | |
| (2) रंजक पदार्थ | |
| (3) पैट्रोलियम तथा पैट्रोरसायन उत्पाद | 4–5 मिलियन अमरीकी डालर |
| (4) टायर और ट्यूब | |
| 6. ताजे पानी से तैयार किए गए मोती | 4 मिलियन अमरीकी डालर |
| 7. इंजीनियरी उत्पाद | |
| (1) औजार | |
| (2) विद्युत केन्द्र उपस्कर | |
| (3) आयल ड्रिलिंग उपस्कर | |
| 8. भेषज | |
| 9. पिंड लोहा । | |

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**INDO-CHINA Trade**

460. SHRI VITHALRAO MADHAV-RAO JADHAV:
SHRI BHUVNESH CHATUR-VEDI:

Will the Minister of COMMERCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Indo-China. Trade was worth U. S. $ 271. 2 million in the year 1989, while in 1990 it came down to U. S. 265 million;

(b) if so, what are the reasons for such a decline; and

(c) what target has been fixed for the year 1991-92?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE (SHRI SHANTILAL PURUSHOTHAMDAS PATEL): (a) Yes, Sir. The statistics of the Chinese customs for trade with India reflect these figures.

(b) China's world trade, as per their statistics, observed a general decline in 1990 with their imports down by 15 per cent and their global trade falling by 1. 3 per cent. Seen in this context, the decrease in India-China bilateral trade is marginal;

(c) The Trade Protocol signed in Beijing on the conclusion of the second meeting of the India-China Ministerial Joint Group on Economic Cooperation, Trade and Science & Technology does not envisage over all monetary targets except in few areas such as ores, tea, urea, silk, coal and petroleum and petroleum products. With both sides recognising th$_e$ need to expand and diversify bila teral trade, two-way trade is likely to register an increase during 1991-92.

Trade Deficit

461. SHRI VITHALRAO MADHAV-RAO JADHAV:

SHRI BHUVNESH CHATUR-VEDL

Will the Minister of COMMERCE be pleased $t_0$ state the steps Government propose to take during 1991-92 to meet the trade deficit?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE (SHRI SHANTILAL PURUSHOTTAMDAS PATEL): Government has set up an Empowered Committee of Secretaries on Balance of Payments to monitor the performance on export front and to explore possibilities of providing additional exports with a small subsidy element, mainly in he fotrm of CCS. Intensive discussions are taking place with exporters in all the major sectors $t_0$ explore possibilities of creating additional exports. Special efforts $hav_e$ been made $t_0$ bolster agricultural exports by removing administrative bottlenecks and ensuring credit availability. Efforts have also been made to identify additional exports to take advantage of increases in domestic production in some areas. Export Promotion Councils have been requested to initiate steps to maintain the $temp_0$ of exports by exploring alternative market to those affected by Gulf crisis. Indian Missions in the Gulf region have been requested to identify items of export for which

demand would have increased as a result of outbreak of war. Given the uncertainties in the world trading environment, we have initiated intensive bilateral discussion to boost exports. A beginning of this process has been made with the visit of a high level delegation led by Commerce Minister to China. Simultaneously, efforts have also been $mad_e$ to curtail the non-essential and low priority imports.

Representations regarding ban on communal parties etc.

462. DR. BAPU KALDATE:
SHRI A. G. KULKARNI:
SHRI VISHWASRAO RAMRAO PATIL:

Will the Minister of LAW AND JUSTICE be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Election Commission has received representations regarding ban on communal parties for submission of false affidavits to get recognition for political parties and about deficiencies in Anti-defection Law; and

(b) if so, what is the number thereof and the action taken therecn?

THE MINISTER OF COMMERCE WITH ADDITIONAL CHARGE OF THE MINISTRY OF LAW AND JUS TICE (DR. SUBEAMANIAN SWAMY): (a) and (b) The Election Commission is stated to have received 26 representations during the period from 1st January, 1989 to 26th Feb ruary, 1991 regarding ban on Com munal parties, though the Commission is not empowered to ban any party on any ground. As per the Commis sion none of the representations is based on the ground that false affida vits have been submitted by political partiers for securing recognition. The Commission is also not competent to deal with the deficiencies in the anti-defection laws though it received one representation in that behalf.

Suspension of export items due to Gulf Crisis

463. SHRI KRISHNA KUMAR BIRLA: SHRI RAJNI RANJAN SAHU: SHRI SHIV PRATAP MISH-RA. SHRI S. K. T. RAMACKAND-RAN:

Will the Minister of COMMERCE be pleased to state:

(a) what are the major export $item_s$ which stand suspended following the Gulf crisis;

(b) what is the estimated loss in export earnings (in foreign exchange) as a result thereof;

(c) what is its verall impact on the exporters of these items; and

(d) in what manner Government propose to meet the situation?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OP COMMERCE (SHRI SHANTILAL PURUSHOTTAMDAS PATEL). (a) and (b) In view of the UN Securiy Council reolution imposing economic sanctions against Iraq and Kuwait, trade with these countries has been banned. Prior to the ban on trade, major items exported to these countries included enineering goods, rice, tea, spices, textiles, processed foods etc. Estimated loss on account of markets of Iraq and Kuwait $i_s$ about US $ 200 million for the year 1990-91.

(c) During 1989-90 exports to Iraq and Kuwait were only 1. 17 per cent of India's global exports. Impact on exporters as a direct result of loss of these markets is, therefore, not expected to be severe.

(d) $Som_e$ of the important measures, taken $ar_e$ the following: —

(i) An inter-Ministerial Empowered Cmmittee has been constituted to resolve the problems of exporters to the Gulf countries. This Committee took a number of decisions to facilitate continuance of exports to the Gulf region, outside Iraq and Kuwait.

(ii) Export Promotion Councils have been requested to initiate steps to maintain the tempo of exports by exploring alternative markets for their products.

:

(iii) Indian Embassies in the Gulf region were asked to identify the potential areas for stepping up exports in a big way. Feedback receive ed from our Missions was disseminated to the Export Promotion Council's/ Commodity Boards.

NRIS investments **in the country**

464. SHRI KRISHNA KUMAR BIRLA:
SHRI SANTOSH BAGRO-DIA: SHRI KRISHAN LAL SHARMA:

Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) what are the details of, Government's plan to attract maximum investments from NRIs for speedy development of the country;

(b) what are the areas offered to NRIs for direct investments in the country;

(c) what is the nature of the NRI proposals (with total investment) approved by Government during 1989-90 and 1990-91 till date;

(d) what are the areas|investment, schemes where NRI response has not been according to expectations;
and

(e) what steps Government propose to take in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI YASHWANT SINHA): (a) A large number of schemes facilities were announced in 1982 to attract NRI investments. Besides investing in Indian companies' share debentures under the portfolio investment scheme through recongnised stock exchanges, NRIs are also allowed to invest dir ectly in indurtries in India, either on repatriation basis under the 40 per cent, 74 per cent or 100 per cent schemes or on a no-repatriation basis provided Indian companies are not engaged in agricultural, plantation activities and also do not carry on real estate business for commercial purposes. .. ▮

(b) Following are the broad categories of the industries in which NRIs are allowed to invest:

(A) On repatriation basis:

(I) 100 per cent

(i) Investment in sick Industrial Units;

(ii) Hotels of 3 star category & above.

(iii) 100 per cent Export Oriented Units.

(II) 74 per cent Scheme

(i) Industries listed in appendix

I to the Industrial Licensing Policy, 1973;

(ii) Hotels of 3, 4 and 5 star category;

(iii) Hospitals and diagnostic centres.

(iv) Any other industry where a minimum of 60 per cent of its out-put is exported;

(v) Industry reserved for small scale sector where a minimum of 75 per cent of its output is exported.

(IRI) 40 per cent Scheme

(i) Companies engaged in industrial manufacturing activity;

(ii) Hospitals;

(iii) Hotels of 3 star category and above;

(iv) Diagnostic Centres;

(v) Shipping;

(vi) Development of computer software;

(vii) Oil exploration activity.

(B) On non-repatriation basis:

Any industry except those engaged

in agricultural'plantation real estate business;

(C) Non-resident Indians or persons of Indian origin and Overseas Corporate bodies owned by nonresidents of Indian nationality or origin $t_0$ the the extent of at least 60 per cent are permitted to invest in NRE]FCNR deposits directly.

(c) The position of NRI investment in India as on 31st December, 1990 was as under: —

| | Amount in Rupees (Crores) |
|---|---|
| I. Direct Investment in shares/ debentures of Indian companies on repatriation basis (App roval in principle) | |
| 40% scheme... 1. 526-. 13 | |
| 74% scheme... | 98 08 |
| *Non-repatriation basis*.. 315 16 | |
| II. Under portfolio investment scheme as on 30-9-1990 | |
| (i) Repatriation basis.. 75 5I | |
| (ii) Non-repatriation basis. | 4 57 |
| III Deposits with Indian companies as on 30-6-1990 | |
| (i) Repatriation basis . | 20 32 |
| (ii) Non-repatriation basis. | 9-30 |

*Balances held in NREIFCNR Account with Authorised Dealers as on last Friday of January,* 1991

| | Amount (Rupees in Crores) |
|---|---|
| *NRE..... | 6973 |
| FCNR.... | 3167 |

*NRE data is provisional.

(d) The response from NRIs has been encouraging;

(e) Constant efforts are made to streamline procedures with a view to removing irritants and bottlenecks for prospective NRI investors.

**Development Schemes of State Bank of India for developing Agriculture in Orissa**

465. SHRI JAGADISH JANI: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether the State Bank of India has launched a number of schemes for the benefit of farmers in the State of Orissa;

(b) if so, the details of the schemes; ana

(c) the brief outlines of the benefits given to the farmers during the last three years?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI YASHWANT SINHA): (a) to (c) The farmers all over the country, including Orissa, are provided loans by public sector banks, regional rural banks and cooperatives for the agricultural and allied activities undertaken by them on their own or through any scheme framed by Government in this regard. The financing of such activities by the credit institutions is a Part of their normal lending operations on a continued basis.

A number of steps have been taken with a view to increase flow of credit to farmers, partcularly small and marginal farmers. The important ones are:

1. The interest on crop loan up-to Rs. 7, 500]. is kept low at 10 per cent p. a.

2. The interest rate for any investment credit availed of by small and marginal farmers upto 7, 500!-is 10 per cent p. a. only.

3. In the case of crop loans availed of by small and marginal farmers the interest debited is not to exceed the principal amount.

4. In the case of crop failure, amount due should be rescheduled ] over a period of 3 to 5 years and fresh loans be given to farmers.

5. No third party guarantee or collateral security is to, be insisted upon for loans upto Rs. 10, 000-.

6. There should be no compounding of interests of current due:; in agriculture sector.

7. Delegation of appropriate sanctioning powers to the rural Branch Managers so that majority of loan applications are sanctioned at branch level itself.

So far as agriculture advances given by scheduled commercial banks in Orissa is concerned, the position of outstaning advances for the last three years as at the end of December, 1986, 1987 and 1988 (latest available) is as under: —

| Yea r | No. of accounts *(Rs.* in lakhs) | Balance outstand-ing. (Rs. in crores) |
|---|---|---|
| 1986 | . 817454 | 25870-84 |
| 1987 | . 950901 | 28696-87 |
| 1988 | . 976117 | 33050-16 |

Vacancies of Khitmatgar **in** Reserve **Bank** of **India, New Delhi**

466. SHRI DHULESHWAR MEE-NA: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that some reserved vacancies of Scheduled Castes in the category of 'KHITMATGAR' are lying vacant in the Reserve Bank of India, New Delhi;

(b) whether it is also a fact that candidates sponsored by the Employment Exchange have been awaiting their call from the Bank since long;

(c) if so, what are the reasons for which eligible candidates have not been interviewed by the Bank; and

(d) what action is contemplated in the matter?.

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI YASHWANT SINHA): (a) to (d) Reserve Bank of India has reported that there are four unfilled vacancies of KHITMATGAR in its New Delhi Office of which two are reserved for Scheduled Castes. It has further reported that letters have been issued to candidates sponsored by the Employment Exchange, calling for their applications in the prescribed form and interviews of eligible candidates are proposed to be held on 8th March 1991.

Corruption in Vijaya Bank

467. DR. YELAMANCHILI SIVA-JI: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to refer to answer to un-starred Question 1907 given in the Rajya Sabha on the 23rd August, 1930 and to state:

(a) what are the findings of the investigation made by the Reserve Bank of India in regard to corruption in Vijaya Bank; and

(b) what action has been taken by the Reserve Bank of India against the persons involved?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI YASHWANT SINHA): (a) On completion of the enquiry by the Reserve Bank of India, the then Chairman and Managing Director Vijaya Bank was found responsible for some irregularities relating to the financing of certain accounts.

(b) Chairman and Managing Director was releived of the post by the Government on 21. 9. 90. The Central Bureau of Investigation has been requested to enquire into the matter with regard to his accountability and criminal liability, if any.

Credit-Deposit ratio of State Bank of India in Andhra Pradesh and West Bengal

468. DR. YELAMANCHILI SIVA-JI: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) what is the credit-deposit ratio of the State Bank of India in Andhra Pradesh and West Bengal; and

(b) what are the over dues of the advances made to the industrial units in these two States, the number of units financed in these two Sates which are sick and what is the locked up capital?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI YASHWANT SINHA): (a) The credit-deposit (C: D) ratio of State Bank of India (SBI) in Andhra Pradesh and West Bengal were 109. 26 per cent and 65. 27 per cent as on December, 1990.

(b) The overdues of the advances of State Bank of India to all industrial units (large, meduim and small scale industries) in the above two States as on 30th Setember, 1990 was Rs. 549 crores. As on that date the credit outstanding of State Bank of India in sick units (large, meduim and SSI) in the above States was Rs. 699 crores in 4457 units.

Amounts collected and Claims paid by Insurance Companies towards Medical Insurance

469. DR YELAMANCHILI SIVA-JI: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state;

(a) what's the net amount collected by insurance companies during the last 3 years towards Medical Insurance together with the total claims paid so far during that period and which are the Nursing Homes identified for this purpose;

(b) whether claims are directly paid to the clients or are paid to the Nursing Homes; and

(c) how many Nursing Homes received such payments and what was the total amount paid to each Nursing Home on this account so far during the above period?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI YASHWANT SINHA): (a) and (c) A total premium of Rs. 43. 51 crores has been collected by the four subsidiaries of the General Insurance Corporation of India under the Individual Mediclaim Insurance Scheme during the period from November, 1986 to 31st March, 1990. Claims amounting to Rs. 13. 57 crores were paid by the insurance companies under the Scheme during the above period.

The information regarding the hospitals/nursing homes with whom the tie-up arrangements have been made by the insurance companies and the amounts of claims paid to each of them is as under: —

| SI, No | Tie-up arrangement concluded with | Amount paid (In Lakhs of Rupees) |
|---|---|---|
| 1. | B. M. Birfa Heart Research Centre, Calcutta | 3. 89 |
| 2. | Calcutta Medical Research Institute, Calcutra | 6 61 |
| 3. | Kothari Medical Centre, Alipr Calcutta. | Nil |
| 4. | SE13A Co-op. Health Soc. Ltd., Calcutta. | Nil |
| 5. | Salt Lake City Medical Centre & Research Institute, Calcutta | Nil |
| 6. | K. J. Hospitals, Madras | 6 66 |
| 7. | Trinity Acute Care Hospitals, Madras. | 15 46 |
| 8. | Jaya Diagnostic & Research Centre, Hyderabad | Nil |
| 9. | CDR Hospital, Hyderabad | 004 |
| 10. | Jagdamdal Nursing Home, Hyderabad. | Nil |
| 11. | Seven Seas Hospirals, Vizag. | Nil |
| 12. | P. D. Hinduja Hospital, Bombay. | 36- 55 |
| 13. | Jaslok Hospital & Medical Centre, Bombay | 92' 61 |
| 14. | Cumballa Hill Hospital & Heart Institute, Bombay | 0 20 |
| 15. | Bhatia General Hospital, Bombay. | Nil |
| 16. | Tata Memorial Hospital, Bombay | 167 |
| 17. | Mehta Hospital, Ahmedabad | 0-46 |
| 18. | K. E. M. Hospiral, Pune | 013 |
| 19. | Wanless Hospital, Miraj. | Nil |
| 20. | Ruby Hall Clinic, Pune | 1-47 |
| 21. | Intake & Budharani Hospital, Pune | 0 50 |
| 22. | Joshi Hospital, Pune | **o. o5** |
| 23. | Nagji Hospital, Nasik | 016 |
| 24. | Cho thran Hospital & Research Centre, Indore | 0 04 |
| 25. | Gokuldas Hospiral & Research Centre, Indore | 0 53 |
| 26. | Noble Hospital, Indore | 0 04 |
| 27. | Geeta Hospital, Indore | Nil |
| 28. | UNI Diamond Hospital, indore | 004 |
| 29. | Batra Hospital, New Delhi | 5- 38 |
| 30. | Laxmi Devi Kishan Chand Memorial Hospital, Kanpur | Nil |
| 31. | Birla Inst-tute of Medical Research, Gwalior... ■ | Nil |
| 32. | Mallige Medical Centre, Bangalore | Nil |
| 33. | Nalliguri Nursing Home, Ongole | Nil |

(b) Normally claims are reimbursed directly to the insured persons. In case of Hospitals/Nursing Homes who have entered into voluntary Tie-up arrangements with Insurance Companies, admissible claims are paid directly to the concerned Hospital/ Nursing Home.

**Smuggling of Silver through sea ■ coast of Andhra Pradesh**

470. DR. YELAMANCHILI SIVA-JI: Will the Minister of FINANCE be leased to state;

(a) whether it is a fact that of late smuggling of silver in huge quantities through sea coast of Andhra Pradesh has increased;

(b) whether it is also a fact that recently a big haul of. silver was made by the Coast Guard authorities near Nasapur;

(e) what are the results of the enquiry so far made regarding the silver seized by the Excise Collector, Guntur while it was being taken in trucks on National Highway No. 5; and

(d) what is the present position of the case?

THE MINISER OF FINANCE (SHRI YASHWANT SINHA): (a) to (d) Available reports and seizures made indicate an upward trend in the smuggling of silver through the East Coast of India including that of Andhra Pradesh.

Acting on information on 12/13-7-90, the Coast Guards based at Visa-khapatanam intercepted a craft loaded with 240 bars of silver weighing over 7. 5 tonnes and valued at Rs. 5. 6 crores approximately, near Narsapur in Andhra Pradesh.

In the other case, the officers of Guntur Excise Collectorate to seized 464 silver ingots on 29-8-89 from two trucks in Ongole. The silver weighed approximately 14. 99 tonnes and was worth Rs. 10 crores approximately. 17 persons were arrested and subsequently 10 of them were detained under the provisions of Conservation of Foreign Exchange and Prevention of Smuggling Activities Act, 1974. The case is pending adjudication at present.

Promotion **of Clerical** Staff **in Indias** Overseas **Bank**

471. SHRI CHOWDHRY HARI SINGH: Will the Minister of FIN ANCE be pleased to state;

(a) whether Indian Overseas Bank held any examination for promotion in the Officer's cadre from its own clerical staff in $th_e$ month of Nov ember, 1990;

(b) if so, how many candidates took the above examination; and

(c) whether Hindi language was allowed as a medium of the above examination?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI YASHWANT SINHA). (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) Indian Overseas Bank has re ported that 7806 candidates took the examination.

(c) No, Sir.

472. *[Transferred to 5th March* 1991].

Missing **Licences from the Calcutta Office of Joint Chief Controller of Imports and Exports**

473. SHRI KRISHNA KUMAR BIR-LA: Will the Minister of COMMERCE be pleased to state-

(a) whether it is a fact that a number of licences issued to the exporting companies were recently found missing from the Calcutta office of the Joint Chief Controller of Imports and Exports;

(b) if so, what are the details thereof; and

(c) what action has been taken by Government in the matter?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN **THE** MINISTRY OF COMMERCE (SHRI SHANTI LAL PURUSHOTTAMDAS PATEL): (a) and (b) Yes, Sir. A cas$_e$ involving unauthorised removal of licences, before despatch to the concerned parties, in the Office of Joint Chief Controller of Imports and Exports, Calcutta has come to notice.

(c) The matter is under investiga-ion. The suspect official has been placed under suspension pending departmental enquiry.

**Decline in the value of Rupee in International Market**

474. SHRI TINDTVANAM! G. VEN-KATRAMAN; Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are aware of the decline in the value, of rupee in the international market; and

(b) if so, what steps Government propose to take in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI YASHWANT SINHA): (a) Yes. Sir.

(b) Exchange value of the rupee is determined with reference to the daily exchange rate movements of selected currencies constituting the basket of currencies of our major trading partners with pound sterling as the intervention currency. Developments in the exchange rate movements of major currencies influence the market value of the rupee. The Government will continue to follow a flexible approach for determining the exchange rate with a view to maintain and improve the competitiveness of our exports.

**Problems faced by Public Sector Financial Inrtitutions in raising loans in International Market**

475. SHRI AJIT P. K. JOGI: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state;

(a) whether the Oil and Natural Gas Commission and public sector financial institutions are facing problems to raise syndicated loans as the international bans and financial agencies have reportedly formed cartels to bargain for increased rates of interest and better terms;

(b) if so, what are the details thereof; and

(c) what is Government's reaction thereto?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI YASHWANT SINHA): (a) No, Sir.

*(ft)* and (c) Do not arise.

**Income-Tax Raids on Petrol Pumps in Delhi**

476. DR. BAPU KALDATE: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether income-tax raids were recently conducted on petrol pumps" in and around Delhi;

(b) if so, what is the outcome of these raids; and

(c) what action has been taken by Government in the matter?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI YASHWANT SINHA); (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) During the course of these searches, besides incriminating books and documents, assets valued at Rs. 41. 37 lakhs were seized.

(c) Scrutiny of documents seized and the follow-up action as called for under the Income Tax Act have been taken up.

**Amount collected by way of Income-Tax, Corporation Tax and Gift Tax**

477. SHRI JAGESH DESAI:
SHRI RAJNI RANJAN SAHU:

Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state;

(a) what are the amounts collected by way of Income-tax, corporation tax and gift tax during the current financial year as On 31st January, 1991 as against the estimates;

(b) if the collected amounts are less than the targets, what ar$_e$ **the** reasons for shortfall; and

(c) what were the collections of the said three taxes during the last financial year on 31st January 1990?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI YASHWANT SINHA): (a) The net collection figures of income-tax, corporation tax and gift tax as on 31st January, 1991 and the budget estimates for these three taxes are as under:

(Rs. in crores)

| Name of the tax | Budget Esti mates | Collec-tion upto January, 1991 |
|---|---|---|
| Corpoation tax | 6089. 00 | 2593-25 |
| Income-tax | . 542600 | 3402-14 |
| Gift-tax. | 9. 00 | 119 |

(b) The mam. reasons for low net collection of corporation and income-tax are issue of more refunds, nil payment of advance tax by Oil and Natural Gas Commission, disturbed conditions in several parts of the country and less than expected buoyancy in gross collections from companies. For gift-tax, a likely reason for low collection appears to be the uncertainty prevailing on account of delay in enactment of the provisions of the Gift Tax Bill, 1990.

(c) The collection figures of corporation-tax, income-tax and gift-tax up to 31-1-1990 are as under:

| Name of the (ax | (Rs. in crores) Collection upto January, 1990 |
|---|---|
| Corporation tax | 2542-89 |
| Income-tax. | 3370-94 |
| Gift-tax. | 6 48 |

**Request by Indian Project Exporters in Iraq for clearing project dues**.

478. DR. RATNAKAR PANDEY: SHRI BEKAL UTSAHI;

Will the Minister of COMMERCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Indian project expor ters working in Iraq have asked Gov ernment to evolve an urgent mecha nism for clearing project dues for 1990;

(b) if so, what are the details thereof; and

(c) what i$_s$ Government's reaction thereto?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE (SHRI SHANTILAL PURUSHOTTAMDAS PATEL): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) and (c) In terms of the Deferred Payment Agreement signed in March, 1990 with the Government of Iraq, dues of the order of US $85 million were expected to be realised during 1990-91 through purchase of crude oil from Iraq. However, till August 1990 dues to the tune of US? 21. 17 million only were realised. In view o'f the economic embargo imposed by

the UN Security Council on 6th August, 1990 on trade with Iraq, the balance amount could not be realised by purchase of crude oil from Iraq.

A proposal for financial assistance linked with additional export obligation on the project exporters concerned, is. under examination for the unrealised portion of the amount due in 1990-91.

Export **of** dried seafood

479. SHRI S. MADHAVAN: Will the Minister of COMMERCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are aware that export of dried seafood has been adversely affected because of the high prices for seafood at home;

(b) whether the exporters of dried seafood have submitted a memorandum to Government seeking a ban on consignments of dried seafood sent a;. part of passenger luggage; and

(c) what action is proposed to be taken to help the export of dried seafood?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE (SHRI SHANTILAL PURUSHOTTAMDAS **PATEL):** (a) No, Sir. Export of dried fish was not affected due to high prices for seafood at home as the items exported are low priced having low domestic demand.

(b) and (c) Yes, Sir. Some of the exporter Association have given a memorandum to the Government that dried seafoods such of sharkfins/ tails, fish maws, beche-de-mers, etc. are exported illegally to Singapore as personal baggages by air passengers from Bombay, Madras, Calcutta and Trivandrum.

This Ministry has already brought this matter to the notice of Central Board of Excise & Customs (CBEC), Ministry of Finance. CBEC has reported that no such instances of export of commercial quantities of dried sharkfins/tails, fish maws and other dried marine products in baggage have been noticed.

Belief provided under debt waiving scheme

480. SHRI RAJNI RANJAN SAHU
SHRI SHIV PRATAP MISHRA:
SHRI S. K. T. RAMA-CHANDRAN:

Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) what is the number of farmers and artisans who have been provided relief under debt waiver scheme as on 15th February, 1991; and

(b) what is the amount involved?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI YASHWANT SINHA): (a) and (b) Under the Agricultural and Rural Debt Relief (ARDR) Scheme, debt relief is provided to farmers, artisans and weavers in rural areas. The data reporting system does not generate the information for various categories of beneficiaries separately. However, as on 25th February, 1991, 2. 62 crores beneficiaries have already been provided debt relief to the extent of Rs. 6651 crores by public sector banks, regional rural banks and cooperative banks.

New Saving Scheme **for** retiring employees of Public Sector Undertakings

481. SHRI R. GANESAN alias MISA R, GANESAN:
SHRI V. GOPALSAMY:

Will the Minister of. FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have announced a new savings scheme for retiring employees of Public Sector Undertakings; and

(b) if so, what are its salient features of the said scheme?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE i (SHRI YASHWANT SINHA): (a) &

(b) Deposit Scheme for Retiring Employees of Public Sector Companies.. 1991 has been introduced from 1st January 1991. The scheme is operated through selected branches of the public sector banks. The salient features of the scheme are as follows: —

(i) The scheme is open for investment by retired/retiring employees of Public Sector Companies as established by or under any Central/ State Act or a Government Company as defined in the Companies Act 1956.

(ii) Investments may be made upto the maximum of total of the retirement benefits received by such employees.

(iii) A depositor may open only one account under this scheme minimum deposit being Rs. 10001-

(iv) A depositor may at his option withdraw the entire balance or part thereof after the expiry of 3 years from the date of deposit.

(v) Deposits carry interest @ 9 per cent per annum. The interest earned on the deposit is exempt from income-tax.

(vi) Premature withdrawal is allowed after expiry of one year from the date of deposit, subject to conditions indicated in the scheme.

(vii) The whole of amount of deposits under this scheme is exempt from wealth tax.

**Austerity measures taken by Government**

482. SHRI G. S. SWELL:
SHRI S. S. AHLUWALIA: SHRI RAJNI RAN JAN SAHU. SHRI SURESH KALMADI: SHRI SHIV PRATAP MISHRA:

Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) what is the amount of money saved so far through various austerity measures imposed by Government on account of financial crunch that the country is passing through; and

(b) what 'further steps Government propose to take in this direction?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE, (SHRI YASHWANT SINHA): (a) and (b) The question of effecting economy in Government expenditure Is under constant review of Government. With this end in view, instructions ere issued from time to time to all the Ministries/Departments of Government to reduce expenditure on various items. As expenditure on such items is not compiled centrally, it is difficult to quantify the amount 0f saving effected through these measures.

**News-item captioned 'Pepsi** fails **in its commitment'**

483. SHRI PRABHAKAR RAO KALVALA:
DR. RATNAKAR PANDEY:
SHRI RANJIT SINGH:

Will the Minister of FOOD PROCESSING INDUSTRIES be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government's attention has been drawn to the news-item appeared in "The Hindustan Times" of 7th February, 1991 captioned "Pepsi fails in its commitment";

(b) if so, what are the details in this regard; and

(c) what is Government's reaction thereof?

THE MINISTER FOR TEXTILE'S AND FOOD PROCESSING INDUS TRY (SHRI HUKUMDEO NARAYAN YADAV): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) and (c) A team consisting of three officers was deputed to visit establishments of M/s. Pepsi Foods

Private Limited to make on the spot study on the present status of the project. The team has since submitted its report which is under the consideration of the Government.

**Brings Overseas Branches of Nationalised Bank under one Corporation**

484. SHRI MURLIDHAR CHAND-RAKANT BHANDARE: SHRI MAHENDRA PRASAD: SHRI DHULESHWAR MEENA:

Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to refer to the answer to Starred Question 20 given in the Raj-ya Sabha on the 27th December, 1990 and state what is the present position of the proposal to establish a separate bank to look after the branches of Indian banks abroad?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI YASHWANT SINHA): The proposal to establish a separate bank to look after the branches of Indian banks abroad is still under consideration of the Government.

Tea cultivation in Orissa

485. SHRI JAGADISH JANI: Will the Minister of COMMERCE be pleas ■ ed to state:

(a) what are the various areas in Orissa brought under tea cultivation;

(b) whether the local tribals at many places in the State are opposing tea plantation in their localities; ?nd

(c) if so, what are reasons therefor and what is Cenral Governments-reaction thereto?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE (SHRI SHANTILAL PURUSHOTAMDAS PATEL): (a) Out of 400 hectares earmarked for tea cultivation, an area of 210 hectares has been brought under tea cultivation in Tarmakanta in Keonjhar District of Orissa.

(b) & (c) Government is not aware of any opposition by the local tribal: to tea cultivation. Nearly 600 tribals have been provided employment in tea plantation areas in Orissa.

**Impact of Gulf War on Indian Economy**

486. SHRI SARADA MOHANTY: DR. BAPU KALDATE:
SHRI M. S. GURUPADA-SWAMY:
CHOWDHURY HARI SINGH:

Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) what is the impact of Gulf War on Indian economy, particularly in the field of investments, production and planning and also on prices of various commodities and to what ex tent it has added to inflation; and

(b) what measures Government have taken or propose to take in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI YASHWANT SINHA): (a) It is very difficult to fully assess the impact of Gulf war on the Indian economy at this stage. However, it may be stated that the Gulf crisis war has led to an acute strain on the balance of payments, deterioration in the fiscal situation, accentuation of inflationary pressures and an adverse impact on industrial and agricultural production.

(b) The measures taken/proposed to be taken by the Central Government Departments to deal with problems caused by the Gulf crisis|war include both direct and indirect tax measures to mobilise additional resources; economy measures to curb public expenditure; restrain growth in consumption of petroleum products; measures to boost exports and contain inessential imports; efforts to obtain crude oil and petroleum products from non-Gulf sources; mobilisation of additional foreign exchange resources from non-resident Indians, bilateral and multilateral sources, in eluding the IMF, and preparation of action plans on the basis of different scenarios regarding th$_e$ supply of POL.

**Seizure of** Gold **and Silver**

487. SHRI PRABHAKAR RAO KALVALA: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether gold worth Rs. 9. 5 lakh was seized at Delhi Airport from a passenger on a flight from Singapore on the 1st February, 1991 and gold worth Rs. 1. 5 crores and 344 silver bars worth Rs. 9 crores were seized near Indore on the 16th January, 1991;

(b) if so, what are the details thereof; and

(c) what action has been taken by Government in each case?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI YASHWANT SINHA): (a) to (c) The Customs officers of Indira Gandhi International Airport, New Delhi intercepted a passenger, named Jagdish Chander, who had arrived from Hongkong on 1st February, 1991. Search of his person resulted in the recovery and seizure of 22 gold bars of foreign origin collectively weighing 2468 grams of 24 carat purity valued at approximately Rs. 9. 38 lakhs. The gold was concealed in a black coloured pouch tied around bis waist Shri Jagdish Chancier was arrested and a complaint has been fiiled in the jurisdictional court under the provisions of the Customs Act, 1962.

In the other case, the officers of the Directorate of Revenue Intelligence have seized 40 gold bars weighing approximately 1 kg. each valued at Rs. 1. 49 crores (approx. ) in Delhi on 16th January, 1991. A mini bus valued at Rs. 1. 5 lakhs and foreign currency worth Rs. 74, 320]- have also been seized. Two persons have been arrested and subsequently detained under the provisions of the Conservation of Foreign Exchange and Prevention of Smuggling Activities Act, **1974.**

In so far as, the seizure near Indore is concerned, the reference is presumably to a seizure of 344 bars of silver weighing 10. 7 tonnes approximately valued at Rs. 8 crores seized from two trucks which were intercepted near the border of the States of Madhya Pradesh and Orissa on 14th January, 1991 by the officers of the Directorate of Revenue Intelligence. Both the trucks and a Maruti van, collectively valued at Rs. 5 lakhs were also seized. 8 persons have been arrested and subsequently detained under the provisions of Conservation of Foreign Exchange and Prevention of Smuggling Activities Act, 1974.

Computerisation **in Nationalised Banks**

488. SHRI PRABHAKAR RAO KALVALA: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government's attention has been drawn to the news-item Which appeared in the Hindi daily; 'The Hindustan' on the 7th February, 1991 captioned 'BANKO MAIN COMPUTERISATION KI SIFARISH

(b) if so, the estimated expenditure likely to be incured on computerisation of nationalised banks; and

(c) by when all these banks are likely to be computerised?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI YASHWANT SINHA): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) According to Reserve Bank of India, broad estimates on tentative basis indicate that the total expenditure on computerisation in banks is likely to be in the range of Rs. **500** to 600 crores.

(c) Computerisation in banks is being introduced in a phased manner and is an ongoing process.

**Import of Palmolein**

489. SHRI SURESH PACHOURI: Will the Minister of COMMERCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether the State Trading Corporation has entered into a contract for import of more Palmolein to meet the edible oil crisis;

(b) if so, what are the details thereof; and

(c) the extent to which it will help in improving the edible oil position?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE (SHRI SHANTILAL PURUSHOTTAMDAS PATEL): (a) to (c) In the current Oil Year beginning 1-11-90, STC has so far contracted to import 60, 000 tons of Palmolein. It has been the endeavour of the Government to bridge the gap between demand and supply to the maximum posible extent subject to the overall availability of foreign exchange and other factors related with import of edible oil.

**Agreement between IDBI and EXIM! Bank of Japan**

490. SHRI PASUMPON THA. KIRUTTINAN: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Industrial Development Bank of India (IDBI) has entered into an agreement with Export and Import Bank (EXIM) of Japan;

(b) if so, the details thereof;

(c) the total amount of loan involved in this agreement; and

(d) the total amount so far received by the IDBI from the EXIM Bank of Japan?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI YASHWANT SINHA): (a) Yes, Sir. IDBI has recently entered into a Loan Agreement with EXIM Bank of Japan for an amount of US $ 100 million.

(b) and (c) The loan carries LIBOR related floating interest rate and has a maturity of about 13 years. The loan is guaranteed by the Govt, of India.

(d) No drawdown has been made from the above loan so far.

**Decline In the Deposits of Nationalised Banks**

491. SHRI PASUMPON THA. KIRUTTINAN: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether bank deposits in the recent past are showing a declining trend or remaining stagnant;

(b) if so, what are the details of such trend in different nationalised banks for the past three years, bank-wise;

(c) what are the main reasons for such state of affairs; and

(d) What action, if any, has been taken | proposed to be taken to improve the situation?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI YASHWANT SINHA): (a) to (d) The rate of growth of banks deposits varies from year to year and $i_s$ influenced by various factors which are broadly the rate of growth of the economy, inflation rate, rate of interest and the relative attractiveness of other instruments of savings. The variations in aggregate deposits of

scheduled commercial banks for the past few years was as under: —

| April-March | Absolute variations (Rs. crores) | Percentage variation (% per annum) |
|---|---|---|
| 1987-88. | | *+ 14. 9* |
| 1988-89 | | + 18-7 |
| 1989-90 | | + 19-1 |
| 1990-91 | | + 11. 7 |
| (upto Jan. 25, 1991) | | |

The Reserve Bank of India (RBI) takes steps from time to time to enable the banks to augment mobilisation of deposits. In a step towards this direction, Reserve Bank of India has recently introduced a new category of deposits of three years and above which will attract a rate of interest of 11 per cent per annum. Also the schem$_e$ of Certificates of Deposit (CDs) has been liberalised and the limits for issue of such deposits by the banks have been increased from 2 per cent of the fortnightly average outstanding aggregate deposits in 1989-90, 3 per cent.

**Fulfilment of Export Commitments**

492. SHRIMATI JAYANTHI NATARAJAN: Will the Minister of COMMERCE be pleased to state:

(a) what steps are proposed to be taken to ensure that all export commitments are honoured on a year to year basis;

(b) what steps Government propose to take to keep Parliament posted with the information regarding their compliances;

(c) Whether Government propose to consider stringent punishments for not fulfilling export commitments and if so, what are the details thereof?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE (SHRI SHANTILAL PURUSHOTTAMDAS PATEL): (a) The exporters are required to furnish periodical returns on year to year basis to the Chief Controller of Imports and Exports indicating their export performance in a specific format, for the purpose of monitoring.

(b) There is no proposal of this kind.

(c) The following penalties are liable to be imposed in respect of companies failing to fulfil their export obligations: —

(i) Handing over goods produced by the firm to MMTC STC PEG or any other agency nominated by Government for export.

(ii) Recovery of liquidated damages @ 5 per cent of annual export obligation subject to maximum of Rs. 5 lakhs.

(iii) In the case of Capital Goods and raw material imports, action for debarment and imposition of penalty against the firm can be initiated in terms of Import-Export (Control) Act, 1947 and Orders issued thereunder.

**Pepsi Project**

493. SHRI DIPEN GHOSH: Will the Minister of FOOD PROCESSING INDUSTRY be pleased to refer to the answer to Starred Question 15

given in the Rajya Sabha on the 27th December, 1990 and state:

(a) what is the change in focus and how that has led to the increase in cost of the Pepsi project;

(b) what is the capacity installed for each part of the project and the reasons for which it is lower than what is stated in the industrial licence and the application, and also the reasons for which the cost has gone up; and

(c) whether the cost escalation of Rs. 18 crores in miscellaneous assets, as per the Company's report of December, 1990 is due to foreign exchange rate difference and if so, how much?

THE MINISTER FOR TEXTILES AND FOOD PROCESSING INDUSTRY (SHRI HUKHAMDEO NAEAYAN YADAV): (a) There has been no change in the terms and conditions stipulated in the Letter of Intent issued to M|s Pepsi Foods Private Ltd. According to the information furnished by Industrial Finance Corporation of India (IFCI), the estimated project cost as envisaged in the original application was about Rs. 22 crores. Over the years, during the course of scrutiny of the project at various levels and in compliance with the various stipulations imposed by the Government the company had to increase capacities of various equipments and the infrastructural facilities and other back up appurtenances. In view of export commitment the company was also required to adhere to the international standards of quality of its products and packaging etc. There has also been an upward revision of dollar to rupee exchange parity over the last four years in addition to general inflation. As per the application received by IFCI for financial assistance in November 1989, the company had estimated the project cost at Rs. 62. 50 crores. However, during the course of detailed appraisal the cost of the project was finally arrived at Rs. 68. 30 crores.

(b) According to the information furnished by IFCI the position with regard to licensed and installed capacities is as under: —

(Capacities)

| | Licensed | Installed |
|---|---|---|
| A. Processed potato/grain foods | . . . 8000 MT | 8986 MT |
| B, Soft drink concentrates.. | . 20000 units | 20000 units |
| C. Processed fruit/vegetable products | . 12000 MT | 12507 MT |

(c) As indicated above, there has been an upward revision to dollar to rupee exchange parity over the last four years before the company approached the financial institution for financial assistance for its project. According to the information furnished by IFCI, after the company approached the financial institution for financial assistance, the estimates under the misc. fixed assets had been revised downward from Rs. 1749 lakhs to Rs. 1720 lakhs during the course of appraisal.

**Export Obligations of M/s. Pepsi Foods Private Limited**

494. SHRI DIPEN GHOSH:
SHRIMATI SATYA BAHIN:

Will the Minister of COMMERCE j be pleased to refer to the answer to Unstarred Question 98 given in the Rajya Sabha on the 27th December, j 1990 and state:

(a) what has been the total pro-; duction of snack foods by Ms. Pepsi j Foods (Pvt. ) Ltd., since January, 1990 and what has been the export of snackfoods: and

(b) what is the system of monitoring such export obligations and what action has been taken for not meeting export obligations by the company?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE (SHRI SHANTILAL PURUSHOTTAMDAS PATEL): (a)

| Details | fry. MT | Value (Rs. facs) |
|---|---|---|
| Snack Food Productions during the period f o b . . Mar. 1990 | 75 | 44 00 |
| Exporr for the period jan, Dec. 1990 ..... | | 2S4 06 |
| Export for Apt. *Dec.* 1990..... (based *on* the informations sent by M/s. Pepsi Foods (P) EM) | | 203 00 |

(b) Exporters are required to furnish periodical returns on year to year basis to the Chief Controller of Imports & Exports indicating their export performance in a specific format.

**Sale of Petroleum Products by China**

495. SHRIMATI VEENA VERMA:
SHRI KAPIL VERMA: SHRIMATI KAILASHPATI: SHRI CIREN J. SHAH; SHRI PRAMOD MAHAJAN:

Will the Minister of COMMERCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether People's Republic of China showed interest in selling petroleum products, crude, aviation fuel, coking coal to India during the talks with the Commerce Minister recently in Beizing; if so, what are the proposals discussed and the outcome thereof;

(b) whether any follow up action has been taken; if so, what are the details in this regard;

(c) what items of trade are being taken up to start with under the protocol signed with China for resumption of trade and whether any joint ventures arc proposed to be started; and

(d) what are the details of goods to be sent to China through transit point at Garhayang on U. P. Tibet border?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE (SHRI SHANTILAL PURUSHOTTAMDAS PATEL): (a)- to (d) During the second meeting of the India-China Ministerial Joint Group on Economic Co-ooeration, Trade and Science & Technology (February 6—8, 1991) in Beijing, the two sides recognised potential for development of trade, economic and technological cooperation

and discussed measures needed to be adopted to realise this. The meeting concluded with the signing of Agreed Minutes and Trade Protocol covering the period February, 1991 to February, 1992.

The Protocol lists items of export interest to either country. The items of export interest to China include petroleum and petroleum products and coking coal. The concerned Ministries, trading agencies, etc. have been requested to apropriately pursue these matters. Both sides have agreed to, *inter-alia,* further explore the possibilities of cooperation in establishing joint ventures in either country in areas such as metallurgy, chemical, energy, water conservancy, etc.

Both sides have agreed in principle to resume border trade. Actual resumption can take place only after details are mutually finalised between the two countries.

Memorandum of Understanding with Japan for Export of Iron Ore

496. SHRIMATI VEEN A VERMA: SHRI KAPIL VERMA: SHRI SURESH PACHOURI: SHRIMATI KAILASHPATI;

Will the Minister of COMMERCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether a Memorandum of Understanding has been signed with Japan for export of high quality iron ore; if so, what is the quantity proposed to be exported and for how many years and at what price; and

(b) whether export of this item is likely to affect domestic consumers, particularly the Vizag Steel Plant as well as producers of sponge and pig iron; if so, the reasons for over looking these considerations?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE (SHRI SHANTILAL PURUSHOTTAMDAS PATEL): (a) A Memorandum of Agreement has been signed jointly by MMTC, National Mineral Development Corporation and Kudremukh Iron Ore Company Limited with Japanese Steel Mills for export of iron ore for a period of five years from 1991-92 which provides for export of 11. 53 to 13. 75 million tonnes of iron ore per annum including iron ore from Bailadila. The exact quantity within this range and prices are to be determined at the time of price negotiations each year.

(b) With the proposed development of new mines by National Mineral Development Corporation as well ; as expansion of their existing mines, the requirements of domestic consumers, including Vizag Steel Plant are kept in view, while finalising annual contracts as per the provisions of Memorandum of Agreement.

**Increase in the Price, of Bread**

497. SHRI JAGDISH PRASAD MATHUR: SHRI R. GANESAN anas MISA R. GANESAN: SHRI V. GOPALSAMY;

SHRi CHATURAN AN MISHRA:

Will the Minister of FOOD PROCESSING INDUSTRY be pleased tostate:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Delhi Administration has decided to raise the price of bread from Rs: 3. 80 to Rs. 4. 20 for a bread of 800 grams and from Rs. 1. 90 to Rs. 2. 10 for a bread of 400 grams;

(b) if so, what are the reasons therefor;

(c) whether. Government are aware that traders are charging Rs. 4. 50 for 800 grams bread and Rs. 2. 25 for a 400 grams bread; and.

(d) if so what steps are being ta ken to stop such overcharging?

THE MINISTER FOR TEXTILES AND FOOD PROCESSING INDUSTRY (SHRI HUKMADEO NARA-YAN YADAV): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The price of bread has been increased on the recommendation of Delhi Administration in view of increase in prices of inputs.

(c) and (d) Some instances of charging higher prices of breads have been reported. Department of Food Supplies Delhi Administration has conducted **a** number of checkings/ raids and necessary action against the offenders have already been initiated. Department of Food Supplies of Delhi Administration is continuing to conduct checkings/raids to ensure supply of breads at the approved rates.

**Interest being Shown by Depositors of Gulf Countries to Invest in Indian Banks**

498. **SHRI** V. NARAYANASAMY: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that big depositors in the Gulf countries are showing keen interest in investing money in the Indian banks due to Gulf War; and

(b) if so, what are the details in this regard and what is Government's reaction thereto?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI YASHWANT SINHA): (a) No, Sir. There is no information that big depositors from the Gulf countries are showing keen interest in investing money in Indian banks due to Gulf war.

(b) Does not arise.

**भारतीय औद्योगिक विकास बैंक की ब्याज दर में वृद्धि**

499. **श्री राम जेठमलानी :**
**डा० जिनेंद्र कुमार जैन :**

क्या वित्त मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या यह सच है भारतीय औद्योगिक विकास बैंक द्वारा हाल ही में अपनी ब्याज दर में वृद्धि करने का निर्णय लिया गया है ;

(ख) यदि हां, तो तत्संबंधी ब्यौरा क्या है ;

(ग) क्या सरकार ने ब्याज दर में की गई इस वृद्धि के कारण नई औद्योगिक इकाइयों पर पड़ने वाले प्रभाव पर विचार किया है ; और

(घ) यदि हां, तो ब्याज दर में वृद्धि करने का क्या औचित्य है ?

**वित्त मंत्री (श्री यशवंत सिन्हा) :** (क) जी, हां। भारतीय औद्योगिक विकास बैंक ने अब एक अगस्त, 1990 से औद्योगिक परियोजनाओं के ऋण के लिए दो स्तरीय ब्याज दर ढांचे की घोषणा की है।

(ख) प्रथम स्तर प्रारम्भिक दो वर्षों पर औद्योगिक परियोजना के निर्माण की अवधि, इनमें से जो भी कम हो, के संबंध में है और जिसकी ब्याज दर पहली दर अर्थात् 14 प्रतिशत पर अपरिवर्तित है द्वितीय स्तर इसके बाद की अवधि पर लागू होता है जब यह आशा की जाती है कि परियोजनाओं में वाणिज्यिक उत्पादन प्रारम्भ हो जाएगा और इसके लिए सामान्य ब्याज दर 15 प्रतिशत है।

(ग) ब्याज दर संरचना, जिसमें 1981 से कोई परिवर्तन नहीं किया गया था, में संशोधन करते समय इस पहलू को भी ध्यान में रखा गया था। दो स्तरीय ब्याज दर संरचना वाली संशोधित व्यवस्था इसलिए अपनाई गई थी ताकि औद्योगिक इकाइयों के विकास पर प्रतिकूल प्रभाव न पड़े क्योंकि निर्माण की अवधि की ब्याज दर अपरिवर्तित रखी गयी है, और इसके बाद की अवधि के लिए ली जाने वाली ब्याज दर में एक प्रतिशत की वृद्धि के बावजूद यह दर बाजार की ब्याज दर से उदाहरण के लिए वाणिज्यिक बैंकों द्वारा लिए जाने वाले ब्याज की दर से कम है।

(घ) उधार की दरों में वृद्धि कई कारणों से आवश्यक हो गयी थी जिसमें

रियायती ब्याज दरों पर सहायता प्रदान करने की कई विशेष योजनाओं का प्रचलन संस्थानों द्वारा जारी बाण्डों पर कूपन दरों वृद्धि, भारतीय रिजर्व बैंक द्वारा औद्योगिक विकास बैंक को दिए जाने वाले उधारों को राष्ट्रीय औद्योगिक ऋण (दीर्घ अधिक प्रचालन) निधि से आवंटित किए जाने के कारण लिए जाने वाले ब्याज की दरों वृद्धि शामिल है। इसके परिणाम स्वरूप निधि की समग्र लागत में वृद्धि हो रही है । नए उत्पादों और नई तकनीकों वाले नए उद्योगों द्वारा संचालित परियोजनाओं को सहायता प्रदान किए जाने के कारण, उधार का जोखिम भी बढ़ रहा है।

**World Bank Report on Impact of Gulf , War on Indian Economy,, -**

500. SHRI SURESH PACHOURI: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether according to the World Bank experts. Gulf War crisis has added to the economic slow down in America, Europe and in some other parts of the World, including India;

(b) whether the demand for some goods particularly metals and minerals from India is weakening; and

(c) if so, what steps Government propose to take in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI YASHWANT SINHA): (a) The World Bank have estimated slower GDP Growth rates for industrial countries. For several oil importing developing countries like India it has identified slow down factors like rise in oil import cost, loss of worker remittances, loss of export markets and other country specific factors.

(b) There has been a slow down in export growth of certain commodities during the first eight months of the current financial year including some metals and minerals like iron-ore and bauxite..

(c) Efforts are under way to increase exports, particularly to surplus countries such as Japan ther oil exporting countries and unaffected markets through Export Promotion Councils, Commodity Boards and India's Missions abroad. An Inter-Ministerial Empowered Committee has been constituted to resolve the problems of exporters to the Gulf countries and a Working Group in Ministry of Commerce is looking into the prospects of project exports with emphasis on reconstruction activities.

Permission to NRIs to Import Gold

501. SHRI SURESH PACHOURI:
SHRI PRAMOD MAHAJAN:

Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to refer to the answer to Starred Question 47 given in the Rajya Sabha on the 9th August, 1990 and state:

(a) whether Government have since taken a decision for allowing NRIs to bring gold upto a certain limit while they visit India; and

(b) if so, what are the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI YASHWANT SINHA): (a) and (b) At present Government is not considering any proposal to allow NDIs to bring gold i[n]to the co-untry.

Cotton Advisory Board Decision of Export of Cotton

502. SHRI SURESH PACHOURI: Will the Minister of TEXTILES be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Cotton Advisory Board met in October last and decided to increase export of cotton; if so, what action has been taken in this regard;

(b) whether Government have already released the quantity of cotton to be exported during the current season; and

if so, what are the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF TEXTILES AND FOOD PROCESSING INDUSTRY (SHRI HUKMADEO NARAYAN YADAV): (a) No meeting of the Cotton Advisory Board was held in the month of October, 1990.

(b) and (c) During the 1990-91 . cotton season quotas for export of 11, 55 lakh bales of cotton have so far been released.

Effect of Single European Market *on* Indian Trade

503. SHRI AJIT P. K. JOGI: Will the Minister of COMMERCE be plea sed to state:

(a) whether Government have ass essed the effect of single European market on India trade; and

(b) if so, what are the details thereof?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE (SHRI SHANTILAL PURUSHOTTAMDAS PATEL): (a) and (b) Yes, Sir. Government have been monitoring the steps being taken by the E. E. C towards the creation of a Single European market. A Committee of Five Ambassadors under the Chairmanship of Ambassador of India to EEC was set up in 1988 and, its report submitted in 1989 was examined by an Inter-Ministerial Committee and necessary follow up initiated. This Committee has since been revived into **a** Standing Committee which will periodically report on the developing situation in Europe.

**Share** Capital **for** Karnataka State **Handicrafts Development Corporation**

504. SHRI B. K. HARI PRASAD: Will the Minister of TEXTILES be the Minister of COMMERCE be pleas ed to state. -

(a) whether the Central Government have received a proposal from the Karnataka Government for releasing Rs 30. 00 lakhs as share capital for the Karnataka State Handicrafts Development Corporation: **and**

(b) If so, what action has been taken thereon

THE MINISTER OF TEXTILES AND FOOD PROCESSING INDUSTRY (SHRI HUKMADEO NARAYAN YADAV); (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) Action has been initiated to process the proposal of Karnataka State Handicrafts Development Corporation alongwith proposals from the other States Corporations Appex Co-operative Societies for allocation of amount within the approved budget for the current financial year 1990-91.

Prospects of Projects Exports

505. SHRI S. MADHAVAN: Will the Minister of COMMERCE be pleased $t_0$ state:

(a) whether Government have considered the prospects of project exports;

(b) whether it is a fact that India having expertise in various fields | can bag orders for executing projects / in developed and in developing coun tries;

(c) if so, what steps Government propose to take to encourage project exports in the construction sector; and t

(d) whether Gvernment are aware of the recommendations of FTICCl to give various fiscal incentives to pro ject exporters and to bring changes in the FERA regulations and if so, what is • Government's reaction there - ' to? »j

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE (SHRI SHANTILAL PURUSHOTTAMDAS PATEL); *(a)* Yes, Sir.

(b) and (c) The Indian firms have acquired requisite expertise in various fields for executing projects both in developed and developing countries. The Government have also an-

nounced, from time to time, several policy measures for encouraging • export of projects including the construction sector. These *inter alia* include grant of 10 per cent project as sistance, reimbursement of 50 per cent of cost of preparation and submission of bids income tax relief upto 50 per cent on profits and gains from projects export and concessional import duty on import into India of project-used machinaries and equipment.

(d) Yes, Sir. The Government is cware of the recommendation of the PICCI. As mentioned above in reply to part (c) of the Question, Government is giving some fiscal incentives to project exporters. As regards suggestion for amending the Foreign Exchange Regulation Act 1973, it is not considered necessary to amend the Act at present.

Expert of DUAL Purpose Chemicals

506. SHRI S. MADHAVAN: Will the Minister, of COMMERCE be pleased to State:

(a) whether Government have decided to put into operation a system of control on the export of dual purpose chemicals which can be used for the manufacture of chemical weapons;

(b) if so, what are the details thereof, and

(c) whether a list of chemicals the export of which require prior clearance of Government has been finalised and if so, what are the details thereof?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE (SHRI SHANTILAL PURUSHOTTAMDAS PATEL); (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) and (c) The Government have decided to allow export of Phosphorous Oxqcloride Phoshorous Trichloride and Thiony Cholrid$_e$ under OGL No. 3 subject $t_0$ production of No Objection Certificate from Ministry of Petroleum and Chemicals (Department of Chemicals and Petrochemicals) New Delhi.

Setting up of a Project Its Manufacture of Pig Iron

507. SHRI S. MADHAVAN: Will the Minister of STEEL AND MINES b$_e$ pleased $t_0$ state:

(a) whether Government are camming the feasibility of setting of pig project for the manufacture of pig iron by using lignite char in a mini furnace;

(b) if so, what are the details of such a project;

(c) whether there is an$_y$ proposal to instal a plant to produce lignite char and if so, what are the details thereof; and

(d) what steps are being taken to meet the demand for pig iron?

THE MINISTER OF STEEL AND MINES (SHRI ASHOKE KUMAR SEN): (a) to (c) A suggestion has Been made by Confederation of Engineering Industry (W. R. ) for the setting up of pig iron units using lignite char in a min-furnace. As the technology for this route has not yet Deen established, studies regarding its viability would be necessary.

(d) The manufacture of pig iron nave been delicensed and the second any sector is being encouraged to set up such units. They ar$_e$ being provided assistance in various areas to facilitate early implementation of the project.

**Potential of Indian Projects in Power .. Generation in South East Asian** Countries

508. SHRI S. MADHAVAN: Will the Minister of COMMERCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have received any report from the Confederation of Engineering Industry about

the potential of the Indian projects in power generation, railways and civil Engineering projects in the South East Asia$_n$ Countries;

(b) whether it has suggested that India can bid for projects funded by the World Bank and the Asian Development Bank in those countries; and

(e) if so, what action Government have taken on the suggestions?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE (SHRI SHANTILAL FURUSHOTTAMDAS PATEL); (a) No, Sir. The Government has not received any report from the Confederation of Engineering Industry about the potential of Indian projects in power generation in South East Asian countries.

(b) and (c) Do not arise.

Palekar Formula for fixing the Prices of B. Twill Bags

509. SHRI SANTOSH BAGROD1A: Will the Minister of TEXTILES be pleased to state:

(a) what are the details of the Palekar Formula for fixing the prices of B. Twill bags for supply by the j jut$_e$ mills to the DGS&D; and

(b) whether Government propose to procure B. Twill bags through out the year instead of during four months only to avoid unnecessary price fluctuations?

THE MINISTER OF TEXTILES AND FOOD PROCESSING INDUSTRY (SHRI HUKAMDEO NARAYAN YADAV); (a) The Palekar Formula for fixing prices of B. Twill bags for supply to DGS&D takes into account: (i) cost of raw jute based on its average market prices for the prece-eding three months; (ii) cost of Wages based on 51. 42 man-days per tonne; (ii) cost of inputs on their actual prices; (iv) cost of working capital on raw jute stock of two months, finished goods stock of one month and consumables stock of three months; (v) interest on prevailing bank rate; (vi) depreciation; (vii) bonus; (viii) impact of power cuts; & (ix) reasonable returns etc.

(b) B. Twill bags are already being supplied in a phased and planned manner to various Government indenting agencies to curb fluctuations in their market prices and for ensuring timely supply.

**Supply of Jute Bags to Saudi Arabia**

SHRI MOHAMMED AMIN:
SHRI RANJIT SINGH;
SHRI DHULESHWAR MEENA:
SHRI GURUDAS DAS GUPTA:
SHRI CHATURANAM MISHRA;

Will the Minister of TEXTILES be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have re ceived any order from Soudi Arab Government for the supply of jute bags;

(b) if so, what are the details thereof;

(c) what is the total amount of foreign exchange likely to be earned by India out of this order.

THE MINISTER OF TEXTILES AND FOOD PROCESSING INDUSTRY (SHRI HUKAMDEO NARAYAN YADAV): (a) to (c) Several enquiries have been received from prospective importers in Saudia Arabia for supply of jute bags. These enquiries have been forwarded to jute manufactures and merchant exporters for appropriate action under the terms of the existing Export Policy.

**न्यायालयों के लिए कम्प्यूटर की सुविधायें**

511. **कुमारी आलिया :**
**श्री अजीत जोगी :**

क्या **विधि और न्याय** मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या न्यायालयों में अत्याधुनिक कम्प्यूटर सुविधायें प्रदान किए जाने संबंधी कोई प्रस्ताव विचाराधीन है ; और

(ख) यदि हां, तो इस संबंध में ब्यौरा क्या है ?

**वाणिज्य मंत्री, साथ में विधि और न्याय मंत्रालय का अतिरिक्त प्रभार (डा० सुब्रह्मण्यम स्वामी)** : (क) और (ख) राज्य सरकारों से अनुरोध किया गया है कि वे उच्च न्यायालयों के परामर्श से मामलों का शीघ्र निपटारा सुकर बनाने के लिए, न्यायालयों में कंम्प्यूटरों और अन्य आधुनिक इलैक्ट्रानिक उपस्कर लगाने की साध्यता की संवीक्षा करे मूलतः इस बाबत विनिश्चिय राज्य सरकारों और उच्च न्यायालयों को करना है ।

भारत सरकार उच्चतम न्यायालय में कंप्यूटर तकनीक आरंभ करने के लिए सैद्धांतिक रूप से सहमत हो गई है । उच्चतम न्यायालय में नेशनल इन्फार्मेटिक सैन्टर ने तीन सुपर ए. टी 386 कंप्यूटर प्रणाली उपलब्ध कर दी है । उच्चतम न्यायालय में और कंप्यूटरीकरण किए जाने के संबंध में विनिश्चिय उच्चतम न्यायालय को स्वयं करना है ।

Guidelines from CBDT to the Assessing Officers

512. SHRI SANTOSH BAGRO-DIA: Will, the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state what are. the guidelines from the CBDT to the assessing officers to avoid misuse of Section 143(1) (a) of Income Tax Act which causes unnecessary harassment $t_0$ the tax payers in view of the fact that demarcation between *prima facie* inadmissible and 'Inadmissible' items is very minute?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI YASHWANT SINHA): The Central Board of Direct Taxes had issued Instruction No. 1814 on 4th April 1989, clarifying certain points relating to prima-facie adjustments 1989 to be made us 143 (1) (a) of the Income-tax Act. The word *"Prima facie"* were defined and the officials wer$_e$ told that only patent, obvious and apparent items should be adjusted u[s 143(1) (a). This definition was given in order to avoid causing harassment to tax payers.

2. It ma$_y$ also be mentioned that the Directorate of Organisation and Management Services working under the C. B. D. T. had brought out a booklet illustrating certain points to be covered while making *prima facie* adjustments u]s 143(1) (a) of the Income-tax Act.

3. Besides, an assessee aggrieved by an adjustment under the provisions of section 143(1) (a) of the Act is entitled to make an application for rectification u]s 154 of the Act.

Steps to deal with corrupt judges

513. DR. BAPU KALDATE: Will the Minister of LAW AND JUSTICE be pleased to refer to the answer to Unstarred Question 443 given in the Rajya Sabha on the 9th August, 1990 and state what decisions were taken at the Conference of Chief Justices of High Courts held in August]September 1990 to deal with the corruption cases against judges?

THE MINISTER OF COMMERCE WITH ADDITIONAL CHARGE OF THE MINISTRY OF LAW AND JUSTICE; (DR. SUBRAMANIAN SWAMY- In the Joint Conference of the Judges of the Supreme Court and the Chief Justices of the High Courts presided by the Chief Justice of India held on 31st August and 1st and 2nd September, 1990, the following procedure was agreed upon in

the matter of complaints against judges: —

"The Chief Justice of the High Court has the competence to receive complaints against the conduct of the Judges of his court and when he receives any, he would look into it for finding out if it deserves to be closely looked into. Where he is satisfied that the matter requires to be examined, he shall have facts ascertained in such manner as he considers appropriate keeping the nature of allegations in view and if he is of the opinion that the matter is such that it should be reported to the Chief Justice of India he shall do so.

The Chief Justice of India shall act in a similar manner in regard to complaints relating to conduct of Judges of the Supreme Court and in regard to conduct of Chief Justices of the High Courts.

On the basis of the facts ascertained the Chief Justice of High Court or the Supreme Court, *as* the case may be shall take such appropriate action as may be considered proper keeping the in-' terests of the judiciary as the paramount consideration.

**RBI** Study on Tea Industry

514. SHRI VIREN J. SHAH:
SHRI PRAMOD MAHAJAN:

Will the Minister of COMMERCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are aware that according to a study conducted by the Reserve Bank of India, India will have to import tea for domestic consumption if tea production does not pick up;

(b) if so, what steps are being taken to increase tea production; and

(c) what specific steps NABARD propose to take on a longterm basis for tea plantation in non-traditional areas

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE (SHRI SHANTILAL PURUSHOTTAMDAS PATEL): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) Government is fully conscious of the situation that there is a need to increase tea production so as to meet the rising domestic consumption as well as to generate adequate exportable surplus for earning valuable foreign exchange for the conn-try. For increasing tea production and processing capacities, Tea Board ■ is providing financial assistance to the tea industry through its various development Schemes. Tea Board also provides financial assistance for ex-pansion of tea cultivation in non-traditional areas such as Orissa, Arunachal Pradesh, Nagaland; Mani-pur Meghalaya and Mizoram. In order to improve the productivity of small tea gardens various special schemes have been launched by the Tea Board.

(c) The details regarding the NABARD's proposal are being ascertained.

**नेशनल टैक्सटाइल कारपोरेशन द्वारा कपड़े का वार्षिक उत्पादन**

515. **श्री रणजीत सिंह** : क्या वस्त्र मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या यह सच है कि नेशनल टैक्सटाइल कारपोरेशन कंट्रोल के कपड़े का भी उत्पादन करता है ;

(ख) यदि हां, तो पिछले तीन वर्षों के दौरान, वर्षवार, ऐसे कपड़े का कुल कितना वार्षिक उत्पादन हुआ था ;

(ग) क्या सरकार द्वारा ऐसा कपड़ा केवल आर्थिक रूप से कमजोर वर्ग के लोगों को बेचने का कोई प्रस्ताव है ; और

(घ) यदि हां, तो उसका ब्यौरा क्या है, और यह कपड़ा कमजोर वर्गों के लोगों को सप्लाई करने के लिए वर्तमान में क्या प्रबंध किए गए हैं ?

वस्त्र तथा खाद्य प्रसंस्करण उद्योग मंत्री (श्री हुकुमदेव नारायण यादव) : (क) जी, हां।

(ख) वर्ष 1987-88 से 1989-90 के दौरान राष्ट्रीय वस्त्र निगम की मिलों द्वारा कन्ट्रोल के कपड़े के उत्पादन के ब्यौरे निम्नोक्त प्रकार हैं :--

| वर्ष | उत्पादन (मिलियन वर्ग मीटर में) |
|---|---|
| 1987-88 | 131.31 |
| 1988-89 | 149.09 |
| 1989-90 | 113.69 |

(ग) तथा (घ) : कन्ट्रोल के कपड़े का उत्पादन केवल समाज के कमजोर वर्गों के लिए किया जाता है और इसे निम्नोक्त के माध्यम से वितरित किया जा रहा है :--

1. राष्ट्रीय सहकारी उपभोक्ता परिसंघ एन.सी.सी.एफ.) ;

2. राज्य सहकारी परिसंघ ;

3. राज्य नागरिक आपूर्ति निगम ;

4. राष्ट्रीय वस्त्र निगम के सहायक निगमों द्वारा नियुक्त प्राधिकृत व्यापारी ; और

5. सहायक निगमों द्वारा चलाए जा रहे एन टी सी के शोरूम ।

**Branches of Public Sector Banks** in Andhra Pradesh

516. SHRI TALARI MANOHAR: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) what steps have been taken to increase the number of branches of banks in Andhra Pradesh during the Seventh Plan period;

(b) what is the number of branch es of different banks in rural and urban areas in Andhra Pradesh as on December 31, 1990;

(c) whether Government have a proposal to set up some new branches of different public, sector banks in Andhra Pradesh in 1991-92; and

(d) if so, what would be their nam ber and locations?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI YASHWANT SINHA): (a) Under the previous branch licensing policy, which was coterminus with the Seventh Five Year Plan period and which expired on 31st March, 1990, a total number of 491 centres were allotted to commercial banks for opening branches in Andhra Pradesh.

(b) As at the end of 30. 6. 90 (latest available), 4557 branches of commercial banks were functioning in Andhra Pradesh of which 2666 were in rural areas, 9'31 in semi-urban areas and 960 in urban and metropolitan areas.

(c) and (d) The guidelines for future branch licensing policy was issued to banks by Reserve Bank of India (RBI) in September, 1990. The question of opening of additional bank branches in the State of Andhra Pradesh in rural areas will be considered by RBI as per those guidelines, in receipt of applications from banks in a consolidated manner through the Lead Banks and State Governments. As such, it is not possible to indicate the number of bank branches and their locations, to be opened during 1991-92 at this stage.

External aid for developing programmes in Andhra Pradesh

517. SHRI- TALARI MANOHAR: Will. the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state •

(a) whether Andhra Pradesh Gov. eminent had sought any external aid

for implementing development programmes in the state during the last three years; and

(b) if so, what are the details in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI YASHWANT SINHA): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) During the last three years, 16 projects have been tied up with various external donor agencies for imple - menting development programmes in Andhra Pradesh. In addition, 5 projects are at various stage of processing for possible external assistance. Details of projects under implementation are given in the Annexure [See Appendix CLVII, Annexure No. 16]. and those under processing are given in the attached Statement.

Statement

*Project proposals from Andhra Pradesh under consideration for external assistance*

1. Drinking Water Supply in Nalgonda District

2. Drinking Water Supply in Anantapur District

3. A. P. Rural Water Supply in Cuddapah District

4. A. P. Rural Water Supply in Kanigiri area in Prakasam District.

5. Drinking Water Supply in Uddanam Area in Sri Kakulam District.

Export of minerals obtained from Andhra Pradesh

518. SHRI TALARI MANOHAR: Will the Minister of COMMERCE be pleased to state;

(a) what are the names of the minerals obtained from Andhra Pradesh which are exported at present; and

(b) what is the estimated amount of foreign exchange earned thereby annually?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE (SHRI SHANTILAL PURUSHOTTAMDAS PATEL); (a) $Th_e$ main minerals being produced in Andhra Pradesh which are at present exported are granite, barytes, manganese ore and mica.

(b) State-wise statistics of exports are not being maintained.

Requirement of Pig Iron

519. SHRI TALARI MANOHAR: Will the Minister of STEEL AND MINES be pleased to state:

(a) what is the requirement of the pig iron in the country at present; and

(b) to what extent it is being met indigenously and what is the extent of shortfall?

THE MINISTER OF STEEL AND MINES (SHRI ASHOKE KUMAR SEN). (a) The assessed demand of foundry grade pig iron for 1990-91 is 18. 30 lakh tonnes.

(b) Production of pig iron during 1990-91 is currently estimated at around 15. 3 lakh tonnes, indicating a shortfall of three lakh tonnes over assessed demand. ■

डालमिया फर्मोंधी समूह विरुद्ध आर्थिक अपराधों के मामले

520. डा० अबरार अहमद : क्या वित्त मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या सरकार का ध्यान 11 सितम्बर, 1990 के "नवभारत टाइम्स" में "डालमिया समूह की चोरी पकडी गयी" शीर्षक के अंतर्गत प्रकाशित समाचार की ओर दिलाया गया है ;

(ख) यदि हां, तो इस संबंध में ब्यौरा क्या है और कितने आयकर की चोरी पकड़ी गयी और इस संबंध में गिरफ्तार किए गए व्यक्तियों का ब्यौरा क्या है ;

(ग) क्या उत्पादन शुल्क की चोरी और "फेरा" का उल्लंघन किए जाने के मामले भी इस कंपनी के विरुद्ध पहले से चरल रहे हैं, यदि हां, तो उनका ब्यौरा क्या है ; और

(घ) क्या इस कंपनी को अब कभी नए औद्योगिक लाइसेंस दिए जा रहे हैं ; यदि हां, तो उनका ब्यौरा क्या है और उसके क्या कारण हैं ?

**वित्त मंत्री (श्री यशवंत सिन्हा)** : (क) और (ख) जी हां ।

आयकर विभाग द्वारा श्री संजय डालुमिया के विभिन्न परिसरों और उससे संबंधित संस्थानों और व्यक्तियों पर तलाशियां ली गई और सर्वेक्षण किया गया था । इन तलाशियों के दौरान अभिसंसी पुस्तकों और दस्तावेजों के अतिरिक्त प्रथम दृष्टया बेहिसाब परिसंपत्तियां जिसमें नकदी रत्नाभूषण शेयर-पत्र तथा 9.58 करोड़ रुपए राशि की अन्य बहुमूल्य परिसंपत्तियों जब्त की गई । आयकर अधिनियम के अंतर्गत इन मामलों पर कार्रवाई की जा रही है जिसके अंतर्गत आयकर अधिनियम की धारा-148 के अंतर्गत सिक्किम में निगमित कुछ कम्पनियों को निर्धारण से बची आय पर कर लगाने के लिए नोटस जारी किए गए हैं । सिक्किम उच्च न्यायालय ने आय-कर अधिनियम की धारा-148 के अंतर्गत इन कार्यवाहियों को स्थगित कर दिया है ।

(ग) और (घ) सूचना एकत्रित की जा रही है और सदन-पटल पर रख दी जाएगी ।

**Hike in gold price**

521. SHRI GHUFRAN AZAM: Will the Minister of FINANCE foe pleased to state;

(a) whether it is a fact that gold price has touched an all time high due to Gulf war; and

(b) if so, what steps Government have taken to contain the price rise?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI YASHWANT SINHA): (a) The price of standard gold recorded a peak of Rs. 3850/- per 10 gms. in the Bombay market on 17-1-91 of the first day of Gulf War. In the Madras market it recorded a peak of Rs. 4000 on 13. 1. 91. But subsequently the price declined gradually and is currently prevailing at the level of Rs. 3553 per 10 gms. in the Bombay market on 25. 2. 91.

(b) Since gold is not ex essential commodity Government do not regulate its price.

**Tea export to the United Kingdom**

522. SHRI S. K. T. RAMACHAN-0RAN: Will the Minister of COMMERCE be pleased to state the steps being taken by Government to promote tea exports to the United Kingdom which is showing declining trend?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE (SHRI SHANTILAL FURUSHOTTAMDAS PATEL): For the promotion of Indian tea exports to the UK, the following steps are being taken: —

(1) Darjeeling Logo and Assam Logo have been launched as distinct marks for speciality teas from India.

(2) For popularising these Logos, advertising | promotion campaigns are conducted.

(3) Store Demonstration/Sampl-ling being conducted from time to time through prestigious retail outlets.

(4) For value added teas, demonstration/sampling is being done by-Mail Order operation through local importers.

(5) Promotional tie-up with the UK based multi-product companies is being conducted for value added tea expo; its, particularly tea bags.

Policy of Government tor Financing 100 percent EOU manufacturing cotton yarn

523. SHRI SANTOSH BAGRODIA: Will the Minister of COMMERCE be pleased to state;

(a) what is Government's policy for financing 100 per cent export oriented units manufacturing cotton yam;

(b) whether they will be allowed to impert, equipments and also take foreign exchange loans; and

(c) whether the industry has to pay bask such, foreign exchange loans after a few years at the exchange rate pre-vailing at the time of repayment?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OP COMMERCE (SHRI SHANTILAL PURUSHOTTAMDAS PATEL); (a) 100 per cent EOUs, in-eluding those manufacturing cotton yarn, have to make their own arrangements for financing their projects mainly through banks and financial istitutions

(b) Commercial borrowings from abroad are allowed to 100 per cent EOUs for meeting their Capital Goods mport requirement.

(c) The loan is repayable by the borrower at the exchange rates pre-•ailing at the time of repayment, un-less through a special provision in the Loan Agreement, the lender agrees to bear the exchange fluctuation.

**Scheme to help tamers**

524. MISS. SAROJ KHAPARDE: Will ihe Minister of TEXTILES be pleased to state;

(a) whether Government have formulated any scheme to help the jute farmers in marketing the fibre; and

(b) if so, what are the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF TEXTILES AND FOOD PROCESSING INDUSTRY (SHRI HUKAMDEO NARAYAN YADAV); (a) and (b) The Jute Cor-poration of India is required to undertake procurement of raw jute at minimum support prices in order to protect the interests of jute growers. JCI also undertakes commercial purchases of raw jute at ruling market rates to meet the requirement of National Jute Manufactures Corporation and other private mills of the basis of firm indents and for supply for manufacture of B. Twill bags for DGS&D etc

**दूतावासों/उच्चायोगों की लेखापरीक्षा**

525. **श्रीमती सरोज खापर्डे** : क्या वित्त मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) विदेशों में स्थित दूतावासों/उच्चायोगों की लेखापरीक्षा के लिए गत दो वर्षों के दौरान लेखापरीक्षा निदेशक, केंद्रीय राजस्व, नई दिल्ली द्वारा कितने लेखा परीक्षा दल भेजे गए और वे किन-किन स्थानों पर भेजे गए तथा उनके वहां ठहरने की अवधि कितनी थी ;

(ख) इन दलों में भेजे गए वरिष्ठ लेखा परीक्षकों के नाम क्या-क्या हैं तथा वे किन-किन स्थानों पर भेजे गए ; और

(ग) क्या इन दलों में निदेशकों-मुख्य निदेशकों को भी सम्मिलित किया गया था; यदि हां, तो उसका ब्यौरा क्या है और उनके नाम क्या-क्या है ?

**वित्त** मंत्री (**श्री यशवंत** सिन्हा : (क) विदेशों में स्थित दूतावासों/उच्चायोगों की लेखा परीक्षा के लिए 1-4-89 से अब तक की अवधि के दौरान 13 लेखा परीक्षा दलों को विदेशों में भेजा गया था । अन्य ब्यौरे विवरण I में दिए गए हैं ।

(ख) इन दलों के साथ कोई भी वरिष्ठ लेखा परीक्षक नहीं भेजा गया था ।

(ग) प्रधान निदेशक के स्तर के अधिकारियों द्वारा केवल दो दलों का पर्यवेक्षण किया गया था । ब्यौरे विवरण II में दिए गए हैं ।

विवरण I

**पिछले दो वर्षों अर्थात् । अप्रैल, 1989 से अब तक (फरवरी, 1991) के दौरान की गई लेखा परीक्षा**

| लेखा परीक्षा दल संख्या | क्रमांक | लेखा परीक्षा किए गए दूतावासो तथा कार्यालयों के नाम | लेखा परीक्षा की तारीख |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1. | 1 | भारतीय दूतावास मस्कट | 21-5-89 से 27-5-89 |
| | 2 | एयर इंडिया मस्कट | 28-5-89- से 1-6-89 |
| | 3 | भारतीय दूतावास साना | 2-5-89 से 9-5-89 |
| | 4 | भारतीय दूतावास अदन | 11-5-89 से 18-5-89 |
| 2. | 1 | भारतीय दूतावास बहरीन | 21-5-89 से 25-5-89 |
| | 2 | एयर इंडिया बहरीन | 13-5-89 से 18-5-89 |
| | 3 | भारतीय दूतावास डोहा | 28-5-89 से 1-6-89 |
| | 4 | एयर इंडिया डोहा | 4-5-89 से 11-6-89 |
| 3. | 1 | भारतीय दूतावास अबूधाबी | 13-5-89 से 18-5-89 |
| | 2 | एयर इंडिया अबूधाबी | 20-5-89 से 25-5-89 |
| | 3 | भारत का महा वाणिज्यक दूतावास दुबई | 1-6-89 से 7-6-89 |
| | 4 | एयर इंडिया दुबई | 27-5-89 से 31-5-89 |
| 4. | 1 | भारतीय उच्च आयोग नाइजीरिया | 4-9-89 से 12-9-89 |
| | 2 | भारतीय दूतावास जेरे | 13-9-89 से 20-9-89 |
| | 3. | भारतीय उच्च आयोग जिम्बाबे | 22-9-89 से 28-9-89 |
| 5. | 1,. | भारतीय उच्च आयोग जाम्बिया | 12-9-89 से 18-9-89 |
| | 2. | भारतीय दूतावास माचुतो | 23-8-89 से 1-9-89 |
| | 3. | भारतीय उच्च आयोग लिलोंग्बे | 4-9-89 से 8-9-89 |
| | 4. | एयर इंडिया लुसाका | 19-9-89 से 20-9-89 |
| 6. | 1. | भारतीय दूतावास इस्लामाबाद | 19-12-89 से 28-12-89 |
| | 2. | भारत का महा वाणिज्यक दूतावास कराची | 5-12-89 से 11-12-89 |
| | 3. | आई० ए० सी० कराची | 12-12-89 से 18-12-89 |
| | 4. | इंडियन एयरलाइन्स लाहोर | 30-12-89 से 7-1-90 |

| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
|---|---|---|---|
| 7. | 1. | भारतीय दूतावास फ्रानांत पेना | 5-2-90 से 9-2-90 |
| | 2. | भारतीय दूतावास बैंकांक | 22/1, 1/2, 2/2, 13/2, 14-2-90 |
| | 3. | भारत का महा वाणिज्यक दूतावास चियागमयी | 23-1-90 से 30-1-90 |
| | 4. | एयर इंडिया बैंकांक | 15-1-90 से 19-1-90 |
| 8. | 1. | भारत का महा वाणिज्यक दूतावास सिडनी | 19-3-90 से 23-3-90 |
| | 2. | एयर इंडिया सिडनी | 17-4-90 से 19-4-90 |
| | 3. | भारत का उच्च आयोग कैनबरा | 26-3-90 से 30-3-90 |
| | 4. | भारतीय उच्चायोग विलिंग्टन | 2-4-90 से 6-4-90 |
| | 6. | भारतीय उच्चायोग सुवा | 9-4-90 से 12-4-90 |
| | 6. | टी० बोर्ड सिडनी | 20-4-90 से 23, 24, 26-4-90 |
| 9. | 1 | भारतीय दूतावास बियोग यांग | 5-4-90 से 13-4-90 |
| | 2. | भारतीय दूतावास सियोल | 20-3-90 से 3-4-90 |
| | 3. | भारतीय दूतावास हांगकांग | 16-4-90 से 20-4-90 |
| 10. | 1. | भारत का महा वाणिज्यक दूतावास कोंबे | 21-5-90 से 25-5-90 |
| | 2. | भारतीय दूतावास उल्लान बटोरे | 5-6-90 से 9-6-90 |
| | 3 | भारतीय दूतावास टोकियो | 7-5-90 से 16-5-90 |
| | 4. | पर्यटन कार्यालय टोकियो | 17-5-90 से 18-5-90 |
| | 5. | भारतीय दूतावास बर्जिग | 28-5-90 से 1-6-90 |
| 11. | 1. | निदेशक चाय विकास केरो | 5-6-90 से 7-6-90 |
| | 2. | निदेशक चाय विकास कुवैत | 24-6-90 से 26-9-90 |
| | 3. | एयर इंडिया कुवैत | 28-6-90 से 2-7-90 |
| | 4. | भारतीय दूतावास केरो | 27-5-90 से 4-6-90 |
| | 5. | भारतीय महा वाणिज्यक दूतावास पोर्ट सैड | 9-6-90 से 13-6-90 |
| | 6. | भारतीय दूतावास कुवैत | 16-6-90 से 23-6-90 |
| 12. | 1. | भारतीय दूतावास अंकारा | 25-5-90 से 29-5-90 |
| | 2. | भारतीय दूतावास दमिस्क | 31-5-90 से 10-6-90 |
| | 3. | भारतीय दूतावास अमन | 12-6-90 से 19-6-90 |
| 13. | 1. | भारतीय दूतावास टूनिश | 3-4-90 से 9-4-90 |
| | 2. | भारतीय दूतावास त्रिपोली | 11-4-90 से 19-4-90 |
| | 3. | भारतीय दूतावास रबात | 23-4-90 से 30-4-90 |

**विवरण-II**

| लेखा परीक्षा किए गए संगठन | लेखा परीक्षा की तारीख | लेखा परीक्षा दल का नेता |
|---|---|---|
| 1. भारत का महा वाणिज्य दूतावास कराची | 5-12-89 से 11-12-89 | श्री ए० एच० जंग, प्रधान निदेशक |
| 2. आई.ए.सी. कराची | 12-12-89 से 18-12-89 | |
| 3. भारतीय दूतावास इस्लामाबाद | 19-12-89 से 29-12-89 | |
| 4. इंडियन एयरलाइन्स लाहौर | 30-12-89 से 7-1-90 | |
| 1. भारतीय दूतावास टोकियो | 7-5-90 से 16-5-90 | श्रीमती ए० पी० आहलूवालिया, प्रधान निदेशक |
| 2. पर्यटन कार्यालय कराची | 17-5-90 से 18-5-90 | |
| 3. भारत का महा वाणिज्यक दूतावास कोबे | 21-5-90 से 25-5-90 | |
| 4. भारतीय दूतावास बीजिंग | 28-5-90 से 1-6-90 | |
| 5. भारतीय दूतावास उलान बतोरे | 5-6-90 से 9-6-90 | |

Examination for senior auditors

526. SMT. SATYA BAHIN; Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state;

(a) whether any incentive examination was conducted in the month of April, last year for Seniar Auditors in the office of Director of Audit, Central Revenue, New Delhi; and

(b) if so, what is the number of auditors belonging to the scheduled castes and scheduled tribes who appeared in it and how many of them had passed the examination?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI YASHWANT SINHA); (a) Yes, Sir. An incentive examination for senior auditors belonging to the Offices of the Principal Directors of Audit, Central Revenues I & II and the Comptroller and Auditor General of India was conducted in April, 1990.

(b) 27 candidates belonging to the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes appeared in the examination, out of which 12 passed.

Books of accounts of Industrial Houses over seen by Tax Department

527. SHRI JAGESH DESAI: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) the number of big industrial, houses whose books of accounts have been overseen by the Income-Tax Department during the current year upto 31st January, 1991; and

(b) what is the amount of concealed income defecated by overseeing their accounts?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI YASHWANT SINHA): (a) The Directorate of Income-tax (Special Investigation) has overseen the assessments of a few selected cases belonging to 14 industrial houses during the current year upto 31-1-1991. However, the books of accounts of these industrial houses are not overseen by the Directorate.

(b) The amount of concealed income detected in the cases overseen by the Directorate of Income-tax (Special Investigation) cannot be

quantified as the investigations are still going on and the actual amount can be determined only after the assessment orders have been passed.

**New format for preparing Bank Accounts**

528. SHRI GURUDAS DAS GUPTA:
SHRI CHATURANAN MISHRA. Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Department of Banking has issued a new format for preparing bank accounts from April this year; and

(b) if so, what are the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI YASHWANT SINHA): (a) Government have issued a notification on 18th January, 1991 giving notice of its intention to modify the formats of Balance Sheet and Profit & Loss Account of commercial banks after expiry of three months from the date of the publication of the notification.

(b) The proposed formats would have *inter-alia* the following features:

(i) They will give a true picture of both income and expenditure;

(ii) They will ensure uniformity in the classification of various items of assets and liabilities as well as income and expenditure; and

(iii) They will include statements on accounting policies to facilitate easy understanding.

**Fraud cases in Nationalised Banks**

529. SHRI GURUDAS DAS GUPTA: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the number of-cases of frauds in nationalised banks has increased of. late; and

(b) if so, what action is being taken to check the same?

■ THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI YASHWANT SINHA): (a) Information in respect of number of cases of bank frauds in India as reported to Reserve Bank of India by 28 publis setor banks during the last four years, irrespective of the date of occurrence of such frauds (given below) indicates that the number of cases have not increased,. •

| Year | No. of frauds |
|---|---|
| 1987 | 1902 |
| 1988., '.. | 1837 |
| 1989 | 1586 |
| 1990 | 7630 |

(Dara provisional)

(b) Reserve Bank of India and Government have been monitoring the siuation on a regular basis. In order to make the vigilance machinery more effective, it has been decided to appoint Chief Vigilance Officers from outside the particular bank. Preventive and detective vigilance work have been emphasised in the meetings of Chief Vigilance Officers. Banks have books of instructions indicating precautions/checks which their staff should observe to prevent occurrence| recurrence of frauds. Banks are taking steps to strengthen the control mechanisms including the internal audit/inspection machinery and to make them effective so as to eliminate the scope for frauds and malpractices. Banks have been taking a serious view of the irregularities committed by their employees and initiate action to inflict punishment befitting the seriousness of irregularities on the delinquent employees. They have j been taking steps to ensure quicker disposal of departmental enquiries. Banks have reviewed and revamped

the vigilance machinery, taken steps to tone up control and supervision, strengthen management information system, follow-up and inspection/ audit arrangements and for clearing the arreas in balancing of books and reconciliation of inter-branch and other accounts on -*a* continuous basis so as to prevent frauds in these areas.

**Implementation of 'rehabilitation packages for sick industrial units**

530. SHRI SYED SIBTEY RAZI: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Reserve Bank of India has issued warning to the pub lic sector banks to the effect that dis honouring of their commitments to implement the rehabilitation packages for the sick industrial units will be viewed seriously; and

(b) if so, what are the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI YASHWANT SINHA): (a) Reserve Bank of India (RBI) has issued detailed guidelines to Commercial Banks, reiterating the need for speedy implementation of agreed re-habilitation packages.

(b) Under these guidelines, Banks have been,. tnter-alia., advised that under no condition should they go back on their commitments earlier given and must implement their part of the package promptly. The RBI would take a serious view of banks which failed to honour their commitments without any satisfactory reasons.

**12. 00 NOON Alleged Surveillance on Congress President Shri Rajiv Gandhi**..

**श्री सुरेन्द्रजीत सिंह अहलूवालिया** : (बिहार) : सभापति महोदय,... **(व्यवधान)**...

**डा० रत्नाकर पाण्डेय** (उत्तर प्रदेश) : माननीय सभापति जी, ... **(व्यवधान)**..

सभापति महोदय, राजीव गांधी के घर पर... **(व्यवधान)** ... नहीं तो सदन की कार्यवाई नहीं चलने दी जाएगी । ... **(व्यवधान** ...

**[उपसभापति महोदया पीठासीन हुईं]**

**श्री सुरेन्द्रजीत सिंह अहलूवालिया** : महोदया, राजीव गांधी जी के घर पर इस सरकार के जासूसी करते हुए दो जासूस पकड़े गए हैं, जो राजीव गांधी के घर पर में बैठकर जासुसी करते थे और हर तरह के कार्यकलाप और हर तरह के मंतव्य की ... **(व्यवधान)**...

**श्री सुरेश पचौरी** (मध्य प्रदेश) : महोदया, यह सरकार जिसके सहयोग पर टिकी हुई है.... **(व्यवधान)** ...

SHRIMATI JAYANTHI NATA-RAJAN (Tamil Nadu): We want to know why they are spying on Congress President Rajiv Gandhi's house. Why is this Government spying on th$_e$ Congress President?

**श्री सुरेन्द्रजीत सिंह अहलूवालिया** : उपसभापति महोदया, प्रधान मंत्री आएं और वक्तव्य दें । ... **(व्यवधान)**... हमें सरकार का स्टेटमेंट चाहिए ...**(व्यवधान)**...

**डा० रत्नाकर पाण्डेय** : सदन की कोई कार्रवाई नहीं चलेगी । प्रधान मंत्री ... **(व्यवधान)** ... पुलिसकर्मियों को भेजकर हमारे नेता राजीव गांधी के घर पर... **(व्यवधान)** ...

THE DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: Go back to your seat. Whatever you want to say, you can speak from your seat. Please go back. (Interryptions),

**श्री सुरेश पचौरी** : यह कोई साधारण बात नहीं है, यह भूतपूर्व प्रधान मंत्री की जासुसी का मामला है, जिसके सहयोग

से यह सरकार टिकी हुई हैं । यह सरकार स्पष्टीकरण दे कि किसके निर्देश पर और कब से राजीव गांधी की जासूसी की जा रही थी ? उन जासूसों ने यह स्वीकारा है कि उन्हें यह इंस्ट्रक्शन्स दिए गए थे । वे यह बतायें कि . . . (व्यवधान) . . .

THE DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: Please go back to your seat. I will allow. I suggest the Members to go back to their seat. I will ask the Government. *(Interruptions).*

**श्री सुरेश पचौरी** : यह बहुत गंभीर मामला है । . . . (**व्यवधान**) . . . यह केवल राजीव गांधी की जासूसी नहीं है . . . (**व्यवधान**) . . .

SHRI PARVATHANENI UPEND-RA (Andhra Pradesh): I want to say something. *(Interruptions).*

THE DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: Just a minute. *(Interruptions).* Why do you want to add fuel to the fire?

**श्री सुरेश पचौरी** : यह भूतपूर्व प्रधान मंत्री की जासूसी का मामला है । हम यह जानना चाहेंगे कि कब से और किनके निर्देश पर से ये राजीव गांधी की जासूसी कर रहे थे ? प्रधान मंत्री जब तक नहीं आयेंगे और स्पष्टीकरण नहीं देंगे, तब तक हम इस हाउस को नहीं चलने देंगे । यह कोई साधारण मामला नहीं है । . . . (**व्यवधान**) . . .

**उपसभापति** : मालवीय जी बोलने जा रहे हैं, उन्हें बोलने दीजिए ।

**श्री मोहनलाल फोतेदार** (उत्तर प्रदेश) पहले शिव शंकर जी बोलेंगे, उसके बाद मालवीय जी बोलेंगे . . . (**व्यवधान**) . . .

THE DEPUTY CHAIRMAN; So much noise i=s there. Let me keep the House in order. *(Interruptions)...*

SHRI P. SHIV SHANKER (Gujarat): Madam, this is a serious matter. "We are agitated because of its seriousness. -:: (Interruptions)...

THE DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: I understand it is a serious matter, everybody is agitated. I will ask them to keep quiet. If they go back to their seats, I will allow you... (Interruptions)... Let Mr. Shiv Shanker speak.

आप लोग

*.. (Interruptions)*

SHRI P. SHIV SHANKER: There is no order in the House... *(Interruptions)...*

THE DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: Nothing will go on record... *(Interruptions)... Please,* I request the Members to go back to their seats. ... *(Interruptions)...* Let me find out from the Government what the problem is... *(Interruptions)...* If the Members will not go back to their seats, I will adjourn the House. I am requesting the Members: Please go back to your seats. If they do not go back to their seats, I will adojurn the House... *(Interruptions)...* Please go back... (Interruptions)... 1 request Members, please go back. Otherwise I am going to adjourn the House. I will adjourn the House, I am warning again... *(Interruptions)...* Please go back to your seats. This is not a proper way to discuss a serious matter. Go back to your seats and I will allow a discussion... *(Interruptions)..* आप प्रधान मंत्री जी की जगह से बोल रहे हैं ... *(Interruptions)...* ■

Let them go back and I will allow... *(Interruptions)...* Mr. Fotedar, let these people go back, let them go back. I understand the seriousness, why you are agitated. I request you... (Interruptions')... Two minutes... *(Interruptions).., Order* please. Please go back to your seats. Let your leader speak... *(Interruptions).,.* Please go back. *(Interruptions).* Please keep quiet now. Order in the House. I will allow Mr. Shiv Shanker to say what he wants to say. *(Interruptions)*

SHRI P. SHIV SHANKER: I have been permitted to speak.

SHRI S. JAIPAL REDDY (Andh-ra Pradesh): I would like to be heard On this.

THE DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: get us hear the agitated people first.

Thank you very much for listening to the Chair and going back to your seats. If the matter is serious, as you say, I will definitely ask the Government to look into it. But I must know what it is because I could not hear it.

श्री राम नरेश यादव (उत्तर प्रदेश) : महोदया, प्रधान मंत्री को बुलवाइए ।

SHRI SURENDRA SINGH (Har-yana); When Mr. Shiv Shanker speaks, we should also be given an opportunity to speak.

उपसभापति : आप बोल रहे हैं प्राइम-मिनिस्टर की जगह से, अभी जाइए बैठिए ।

SHRI P. SHIV SHANKER: Madam, thi$_s$ i$_s$ an extremely serious matter. If all of us are agitated, we are not agitated without any meaning. This is an agitation on which I am sure even the friends sitting on the other side would support us for the simple reason that there is a surveillance. constant surveillance which is being maintained at the House...

SHRI CHATURANAN MISHRA (Bihar): By whom?

SHRI P. SHIV SHANKER Please listen.

उपसभापति : मिश्रा जी, उनका जुमला तोपूरा होने दीजिए ... (व्यवधान) आप पहले से ही उनको क्यों टोक देते हैं ?

SHRI P. SHIV SHANKER; H$_e$ is in the habit of interrupting every time. He wants to provoke. Please don't provoke. *(Interruptions)*

THE DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: He is speaking to the Chair, not to you alone. Let the Chair first hear him. *(Interruptions).*

Please don't argue on serious matters. Please *let* him say what he wants to say. If anybody else wants to speak, I won't mind.

SHRI GURUDAS DAS GUPTA (West Bengal): You should hear us also.

THE DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: I would not object anybody. But *let* him in peace say something.

SHRI P. SHIV SHANKER: Madam, I was making a submission that a constant surveillance is being maintained at the house of the Congress President at 10, Janpath. This type of surveillance, in my submission, is contrary to all norms of democratic functioning. It is not a question of the Congress President, whoever may be the leader. That is why I am saying that it cuts cross oil the parties. If we believe in democratic functioning and if we are really pursuing the democrtic path, which in this country we should like to nourish and cherish... *(Interruptions)*... if. this be our aim and if this be the, intent of the Constitution, then, any surveillance that is being maintained on public persons is despicable and reprehensible. It is against this surveillance that we are agitated today, and we would like that the Government immediately comes forth with a statement because this is a serious matter. Any matter like this cannot brook delay. *(Interruptions)*

SHRI PARVATHANENI UPEND-RA: Madam, you have allowed me to speak.

THE DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: You won't be heard in this noise *(Interruptions)* If you can be heard and if you want so speak, you speak. *(Interruptions).*

THE DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: When the Members are in the well, I cannot permit anybody to Vpeak, because he would not be heard. If you want to speak, you won't be heard. Let me ask them to go back to their seats. *(Interruptions)* Please go back. *(Interruptions)* I am saying I will adjourn the House. *(Interruptions)* The House is adjourned for 15 minutes.

The House then adjourned for fifteen minutes at sixteen minutes past twelve of the clock.

The House re-assembled at thirty-one minutes past twelve of the clock. **The Deputy Chairman** in the Chair.

THE DEPUTY-CHAIRMAN: It is a nice union... *(Interruptions)...*

SHRI V. GOPALSAMY (Tamil Nadu): It is done at the back door.... *(Interruptions)...*

SHRI PARVATHANENI UPENDRA: Madam, I want to say something

DR. BAPU KALDATE. (Maharashtra): Madam, there is no Minister here. There is nobody from the Government side. Are they out of power?

SHRI PARVATHANENI UPENDRA: They have run away... *(Interruptions)...*

THE DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: Just listen to me... (Interruptions)... I have asked the Government to come back and report to the House. The. Prime Minister should come to the House and give a statement. Then, I will allow one Member from each party to speak on it... *(Interruptions)... I* cannot produce anybody here by magic... *(Interruptions)...* Now I will adjourn the House till 2. 30 **P. M.**

The House then adjourned at thirty-three minutes past twelve of the clock.

The House re-assembled after lunch at thirty-one minutes past two of the clock, The Deputy Chairman in the Chair.

SHRI GURUDAS DAS GUPTA: Madam, I have a point. *(Interruptions).*

SHRI PARVATHANENI UPENDRA: I have a submission. *(Interruptions)*

डा० रत्नाकर पाण्डेय : प्रधान मंत्री को यहां आना चाहिए था ... (व्यवधान) ।

उपसभापति : रत्नाकर जी, आप स्थान ग्रहण कीजिए । प्रधान मंत्री जी आए थे, प्रधान मंत्री ने यह कहा ... (व्यवधान) ।

SHRI PARVATHANENI UPENDRA; You promised in the morning that I would be given an opportunity. *(Interruptions).*

THE DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: Please sit down. Allow me to speak. *(Interruptions).*

SHRIMATl JAYANTHI NATARAJAN; Call the Prime Minister, Madam.

THE DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: **i** will tell you whether 'the Prime Minister is coming. *(Interruptions).* Please sit down. Will you please listen to the Chair? Or don't you want to listen to me? If you listen to what I have to tell you, then you can say something. Without my saying anything, how can you comment on it? *(Interruptions).* I will listen to you. The question is, who is to be listened 'to first and it will be difficult to decide. *(Interruptions).* What I am saying is, the Prime Minister came to the Chamber and he said that he did not know... *(Interruptions).* Just a minute. • Mr. Jaipal Reddy, Let me riot reprimand you this way. I do not like it. Please let me say something because I have to explain what. I know. You can say what you know. He came when the House was adjourned at 2. 30 P. M. He came to the Chamber. And he said he **did** not know he Was to come immediately and... *(Interruptions).* Then he said

that he has already made a statement in the Lok Sabha and he has a very-urgent meeting in Gujarat and if everybody agrees, he will come tomorrow soon after the Question Hour and give a statement in the House. If there is anybody who wants to speak on the subject, with the permission of the Chair, he can speak. This is what I have to announce. (Interruptions).

SHRI PARVATHANENI UPENDRA: Madam, I have a submission. *(Interruptions).*

THE DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: Let me restore order in the House. *(Interruptions)*. I cannot produce the Prime Minister by magic. If he is in Gujarat, he cannot be here at the same time. So please don't ask me to do something which I cannot do. *(Interruptions).* Please sit down. Mr. Jacob, please sit down.

DR. RATNAKAR PANDEY: We want the Prime Minister here physically to react on this issue.

श्री सुरेन्द्रजीत सिंह अहलुवालिया : लोक सभा में स्टेटमेंट और एसुरेन्स दी गई है, लेकिन राज्य सभा को इससे वंचित रखा गया हैं । इस प्रकार से प्रधान मंत्री ने इस सदन की अवहेलना की है । ... (व्यवधान) ।

डा० रत्नाकर पाण्डेय : यह इस सदन की अवहेलना है ।

उपसभापति : कोई अवहेलना नहीं हुई है । आप अपनी जगह पर बैठ जाइए ।

श्री सुरेन्द्रजीत सिंह अहलुवालिया : महोदया, मैं कहना चाहता हूं कि ... .... (व्यवधान) ।

डा० रत्नाकर पाण्डेय : लोक सभा में स्टेटमेंट हुआ है, इसलिए यहां भी होना चाहिए ।

THE DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: Please go back to your seats. He came and he spoke to the Members. And the Members of the Congress party were present there. And he talked to everybody. (Interruptions). There were people. You were also there. *(Interruptions).*

There was some difficulty.... Interruptions)... O. K. Let me hear others also... *(Interruptions)*... Let me hear others also. Let me listen to what they want to say... *(Interrup ■ tions)*... Please sit down... (Interruptions). Go back. Yes, what do you want to say, Mr. Upendra?... *(Interruptions).* Go back. Please, go back. This is not proper. This is not proper at all. Please go back to your seats... (Interruptions) Go back Please go back... *(Interruptions)*

SHRI S. S. AHLUWALIA: This is an insult to the House.

THE DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: On this subject nobody will speak today. Tomorrow everybody will be allowed to speak.

(Interruptions)

Let him lay the interim Budget...

SHRI PARVATHANENI UPENDRA: No, no; this is not fair. You promised to listen to us. This is not fair. This is not fair, Madam.

*(Interruptions)* THE DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: Please go back to your seats. You see the Prime Minister has requested; tomorrow he will come and then I will permit everybody to speak.

SHRI PARVATHANENI UPENDRA: No, no; please listen to us. Please listen to what we have to say.

SOME HON. MEMBERS: Please listen to us. You promised to listen to us.

*(Interruptions)*

* 6EHE DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: How can you be heard when there is so much noise?... *(Interruptions)*... What do you want to say... *(Interruptions)*... I cannot stop them.. It is

Impossible... *(Interruptions)*... I can't stop them; I am asking them and they are not ready to listen to the Chair... *(Interruptions)*... I request the Members not to behave like this; otherwise, i will adjourn the House... *(Interruptions)*... 1 am not interested in bringing the House to disorder. I am adjourning the House for half-an-hour.

The House then adjourned at thirty eight minutes past two of the clock.

The House reassembled at nine minutes past three of the clock, **The Deputy Chairman** in the Chair.

**THE INTERIM! GENERAL BUDGET, 1991-92**

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI YASHWANT SINHA): Madam, I beg to lay on the Table a statement (in English and Hindi) of the estimated receipts and expenditure of the Government of India for the year 1991-92.

*(Interruptions)*

THE DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: The Prime Minister will come tomorrow. Mr. Dinesh. Goswami, you wanted to make some point...

SHRI PARVATHANENl UPEND-RA: What about Our points of order? *(Interruptions)*

THE DEPUTY CHAIRMAN; The Prime Minister cannot come today.

Mr. Dinesh Goswami, please speak...

(Interruptions)

SHRI DINESH GOSWAMI: How can I speak in this noise?

THE DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: What can I do? I cannot help it.

SHRI DINESH GOSWAMI; please stop them. How can I speak? *(Interruptions)*

THE DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: Mr. Dinesh Goswami.

*(Interruptions)*

SHRI DINESH GOSWAMI: How can I speak in this noise? Please stop them.

THE DEPUTY CHAIRMAN; What can I do? I request all of you to go back to your seats. *(Interruptions)*

SHRI DINESH GOSWAMI: This This is not fair. I cannot speak like this.

THE DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: I am asking you to... (Interruptions) Go back *(Interruptions)*

मेरी टेबल पर हाथ मत लगाओ

*(Interruptions)*

I adjourn the House under protest on the misconduct of the Members. *(Interruptions)*

The House then adjourned at twelve minutes past three of the clock till eleven of the clock on Tuesday, the 5th March, 1991.